

THE FROST & WOOD CO. Limited.
New Implement Warehouses,
William St., Next Presbyterian
Church.
J. P. RYLEY, Agent.

THE WEEKLY POST.

OUR FIFTY-SEVENTH YEAR—NO. 56.

LINDSAY, ONT., FRIDAY, MARCH 7, 1902.

All our machines are up-to-date—
made of the best material, by Canadian
workmen—exactly suitable for Cana-
dian farmers.
FROST & WOOD CO. WAREHOUSES,
William Street.

TERMS—\$1.00 PER YEAR
PAYABLE IN ADVANCE

FOR SALE—A good young thoroughbred Durham Bull Calf for sale, April to J. N. TAYLOR, Lot 10, Con. 6, Opa, Verulam, Bobcaygeon P.O.—w.t.

FOR SALE—A 150 acre farm for sale three miles from Lindsay, on the Omemee road. The buildings on the premises are fairly good. Terms reasonable. Apply to David Walker, Lindsay P.O.—w.t.

BREEDING STOCK FOR SALE.—Bulls for sale some pedigree Durham Bulls and some good Grade Cattle, also registered Tamworth hogs and sows fit for use. For further particulars see W. J. MOORE.—w.t.

PIGS FOR SALE.—The undersigned has a number of young pigs for sale. Will ship and pay freight for customers to nearest railway point; terms arrival assured. Write for prices. J. J. HADLEY, Hadlington Stock Farm, Hadlington P.O.—w.t.

D. R. G. S. RYERSON,
60 COLLEGE ST., TORONTO.
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat Specialist
At Benson House, Lindsay, Saturday
March 15th for consultation.

DR. T. POPHAM McCULLOUGH
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT
Will visit Lindsay Every 1st and
3rd Wednesday at the Simpson House.
Hours, 2 p.m. to 6 p.m. Consultations,
eye, ear, nose and throat—w.t.

FARM FOR SALE OR RENT—Being
East half Lot 24, Con. 9, Brock, one
mile north of Manilla, 90 acres cleared, soil
dark clay loam. On the farm is a good
stone house, fair outbuilding, orchard, two
good wells, and a never failing spring creek.
Fall ploughing well advanced. Apply to
GEO. JOHNSON, Box 53, Cannington, or
on Lot 2, Con. 13, Mariposa.—w.t.

HOUSES FOR SALE

Property of Mrs. Kemp, large Brick House
on Ridout-st, for sale or to rent, lately
occupied by Dr. Blanchard.

Brick house on corner Ridout and Mill-sts.

Brick house on Victoria Avenue.

Also several other buildings and farms for
sale. Apply to

ELIAS BOWES, Real Estate
Agent—w.t.

LINDSAY, ONT.

AUCTION SALE OF—
CHEESE AND BUTTER FACTORY
In the Township of Eldon, in the
County of Victoria.

Under and by virtue of the power of sale
contained in a certain mortgage which will
be produced at time of sale, there will be
offered for sale by Public Auction at Mc-
Kinnon's Hotel, Lorneville, on SATUR-
DAY, MARCH 8th, 1902, at 2 p.m.
the following property, namely:

Part of Lot 5 in the 2nd Con. of Eldon,
County of Victoria, containing about one-
fifth of an acre, on which is situated the
factory known as "The Lorneville Cheese
and Butter Factory." The factory is newly
built, of large size, and is furnished with
cold storage compartments and other neces-
sary appointments and accommodation for
the manufacture of cheese and butter. The
whole building stands on stone foundation.
It is fully equipped with all necessary plant
and machinery therefor, nearly new and in
good order. There is also on the premises
a good engine and boiler, a mill for crushing
grain and a good well. The factory is
situated at Lorneville Junction in a good
section of country and well adapted for
dairying purposes.

Terms—10 per cent. at time of sale, suf-
ficient therewith to make up 30 per cent.
within 30 days, and balance, if desired,
may remain on mortgage at 6 per cent.
Property will be sold subject to a reserved
bid. For further particulars apply to

A. M. CAVERLEY,
Woodville.

Or to C. E. WEEKS, Vendor's Solicitor,
Woodville.—w.t.

AUCTION SALE OF TOWN AND FARM PROPERTY.

We are instructed to offer for sale by
public auction at the Simpson House in the
Town of Lindsay, County of Victoria, on
Saturday, the 22nd day of March, at 2 p.m., the following town and farm
property, namely:

PART 1.—In the Town of Lindsay,
being composed of Town lot Number 24, on
the South Side of King Street and East of
St. David Street. There is a small dwell-
ing house on this property.

PART 2.—In the Township of Verulam,
being composed of the North-West Quarter
of Lot Number 4, in the 9th Con-
cession, and all of Lot Number 5, in the
9th Concession, and containing 250 acres
more or less. Upon this property is a sub-
stantial dwelling house, barns, etc. The
land is in a good state of cultivation.

PART 3.—In the Township of Gal-
way, being composed of Lot Number 30, in
the 17th Concession, containing 100 acres
more or less. This is an improved farm.
There are about 40 acres cleared and the
rest is a good frame dwelling house and
farm property.

PART 4.—In the Township of Somer-
ville, being composed of all that part of the
South Half of Lot Number 21, in the 1st
Concession, situated on the north side of
Burnt River, and containing 69 1/2 acres
more or less, and all that part of said Lot
Number 21 situated on the south side of
Burnt River, containing 11-1/2 acres
more or less, and all that part of Lot Num-
ber 22, in the said 1st Concession, situated
on the south side of Burnt River, excepting
acres at the south-west corner, sold to Wil-
liam L. Latimer, the balance containing
103 acres more or less, and the whole
farm containing 241 acres more or less.

TERMS.—10% of the purchase money at
the time of sale and the balance in one
month thereafter with interest. At the
option of the purchaser one-half of the pur-
chase money may be secured by first mort-
gage on the property with interest at 5%
for a term of years.

Further particulars and conditions of sale
can be had on application to the undersigned
and will be amply set forth at time of sale.

Dated 25th day of February, A. D. 1902.
DENNISTOUN, PECK & STEVENSON,
Peterborough, Ont. Vendor's Solicitors.

J. J. LUNDY, Vendor.—w.t.

FOR SALE—50 acres, partly cleared,
South-east quarter Lot 8, Con. 6, Opa,
Clayton. No buildings. For particulars
apply to WM. HOGAN, Lindsay P.O.—w.t.

A young man about 20 years of age would
like to work on a farm with a view of
getting experience. Will work cheap.
Apply to Box 170, Lindsay P.O.—w.t.

THOROUGHBRED CATTLE FOR
SALE—One Thoroughbred Durham
Bull Calf, 1 year old, also one Thorough-
bred Heifer Calf, 5 months old. The above
are very fine animals of good milking strain.
If sold at once will be disposed of at a
bargain. BENJ. BURCHELL, Cobden.—w.t.

FARM LOANS
MONEY TO LOAN on Mortgage
for any term from 5 to 10 Years
at Lowest Current Rate of Interest
with privilege of repayment in instal-
ments when required,
Expenses kept down to the lowest
notch.

All business of this nature kept strictly
private and confidential.

Come and see me if you want money
and get my terms.

J. H. SOOTHERAN
Land Agent, 91 Kent-st. Lindsay

The No Discs
Sharples Suspended
Cream Low Supply
Separator Can
Simple and It Skims Clean
Easily to Clean
AGENTS :

P. J. Wilkinson, Geo. Hunter,
Cambray. Lindsay.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY
Special Colonist
Excursion Fares....

LINDSAY TO—
Billings, Montana.....\$35.25
Colorado Springs, Denver,
Helena, Butte, Pueblo,
Ogden and Salt Lake City.....\$40.25
Spokane, Wash.....\$40.75
North Pacific Coast and
Kootenay Points.....\$43.75

Proportionate rates to and from other
points, limited to continuous passage, and
will be on sale daily from March 1st to April
30th 1902. Full particulars and information
from Agents Grand Trunk Railway
System.

M. C. DICKSON,
District Passenger Agent

A Business
Education....

Is needed if the young man or
woman would succeed in the
business world to-day. Such an education is received in
this most up-to-date and best
equipped college.

BRITISH AMERICAN BUSINESS
COLLEGE...

V.M.C.A. Building, Toronto, Ontario

DAVID HOSKINS,
C.A. Principal

GREGORY'S
SUPERIOR
EMULSION OF
COD LIVER OIL

is the cream of Cod Liver Oil combined
with Hypophosphites, which is in the very best
medicinal to take at this time of year to help
shake off that cough which has stayed with
you all winter.

This cough, if not gotten rid of at once, it
will eventually lead to CONSUMPTION.

It has a marked effect upon nutrition,
appetite to return, patient digests and assimilates
food more perfectly and gains in weight.

It may be used for children and those
having delicate stomachs.

GREGORY'S EMULSION is being
used in preference to all others.

E. GREGORY'S,
Corner Drug Store, Lindsay.

SUTCLIFFE'S MARCH 8th SATURDAY and MONDAY SALE.

This opportunity will be noteworthy for its offerings
in New Spring Materials.

PRINTS—per yard 80.

5 pieces, fast color dress or blouse pattern prints, full 36 inches wide, regular special price 10c per yard, SATURDAY and MONDAY 8c

CASHMERE HOSE 35c and 50c Value. 25c

5 doz. only, Ladies' All-Wool Ribbed Black Worsted and Cashmere Hoses, some with double knee, regular value 35c to 50c pair, SATURDAY and MONDAY 25c

APRON and DRESS GINCHAM the Yd. 5c

27 inch Gingham in red and white, also black and White colorings, special per yard.....5c

CUPS and SAUCERS.

Of English China, full tea cup size, colored decorations and gold bands, regular price 10c each, SATURDAY and MONDAY 4 for 25c

LADIES' CROWNS, 79c.

Ladies' Gowns made of fine English cambric, trimmed with embroidery, insertion and feather stitched seams, regular price 75c each, SATURDAY and MONDAY 55c

CORSET COVERS, 69c Values 48c

Ladies' Extra Fine Cambric Corset Covers, yoke and arm holes trimmed with three inch deep lace, feather stitch braid, trimming on seams, regular price 60c, SATURDAY and MONDAY 48c

LADIES' CROWNS, 79c.

Ladies' Gowns made of fine English cambric, trimmed with embroidery, insertion and feather stitched seams, regular price \$1.00 and \$1.25, SATURDAY and MONDAY 79c

WHITWEAR BARGAINS

for Saturday and Monday.

Exceptional Happening—the offering of Choice New Whitewear
at such low prices—just in their wearing season.

CHILDREN'S WHITE LAWN DRESSES.

Fit ages 1 to 4 years, trimmed with embroidery, insertion and feather stitched seams, regular price 75c each, SATURDAY and MONDAY 55c

GOING WEST?

See Bills for more complete list of Special offerings.

J. SUTCLIFFE & SONS,

CASH. LINDSAY. ONE PRICE.

Mr. Anderson and Others Think the Issue Should be Faced at Once

Principal Broderick will Introduce Stereopticon Views in the Teaching of Geography and in the Meantime Will Visit Other Schools at the Town's Expense—Libraries in the Public Schools the Next Innovation—Sir Wilfrid to be Invited to Lecture.

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AN HUMBLE HERO

BY THOMAS P. MONTFORT

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(Continued from last week.)
Without another word Hicks led the way to the cellar, and there, sure enough, they found Ebenezer, the brave and the bold, buried under a mass of potatoes which had rolled down over him when he had attempted to secure himself by burrowing into them.

He looked sheepish and cheap when he was hauled out, and when the men laughed at him he was in half a mind to get angry, but he thought better of it and grinned instead.

"Your woman 'lowed you war gwine to jine the war," Pap Sampson said, with a smile, "but we uns reckoned you warn't burthin' so bad all that to whup no battles, an' it looks like we uns war right."

"I did start to jine the war," Ebenezer stammered, "but how could I git to go any fudder when I done got kocked under them derned taters?"

"Did you 'low the war had done retched clean to Hicks' cellar," Pap Sampson asked, "an' war you down than lookin' round 'mong them taters for a battle to whup?"

Ebenezer grinned, but made no reply. His wife, however, who had come up just in time to hear Pap's question, said:

"I reckon, Pap Sampson, you all thinks you uns a powerful smart. My land, didn't none of you uns never start nowhar an' git lost on the way? Humph! Like as if Ebenezer couldn't 'a' fell into that cellar or got sort of rattled an' run into it by mistake! Reckon the next thing you all 'll be tryin' to make out that Ebenezer are a coward."

"Lord, Mis'us Sparks, we don't need to do nary sich a thing as that," Pap Sampson replied promptly. "Ebenezer has done made that all out as plain as the nose on your face himself. Yes, sirree."

"Guess Ebenezer an' Slim Banks has done showed jest how brave they are," Jason Roberts observed, with a laugh. "One of 'em a-hidin' in a cellar an' the other'n tearin' down the road lippety-clippety, an' all on account of a drove of old cows. Say, I bet the ward's soon be fit if they uns had a whack at it."

"Lord! Wouldn't it, though?" Pap said, with a chuckle. "Why, it'd jest be whupped all to frazzles in no time."

Then everybody laughed—everybody except Sparks and Banks and their wives. The two first hung their heads in shame, Mrs. Sparks bristled up in her husband's defense, while Mrs. Banks gave her husband a look full of disgust and coolly turned her back on him.

Mrs. Mann noticed the conduct of Mrs. Banks and promptly called attention to it by saying:

"Lord, Loueesy, you ain't nigh so quick to stand up for your husband as Betty Sparks is for her'n. You acts for all the world jest like you is plumb ashamed of Sim."

"I am," Mrs. Banks replied flatly. "Who could help being ashamed of a coward, I'd like to know?"

Sim looked up at his wife, a pained expression in his eyes and his face very red.

"Loueesy," he gasped, "you dast to talk that a-way about me an' we uns jest been married a year!"

"I dare to speak the truth," Mrs. Banks replied cuttingly, her lips curling with scorn. "I'm plumb ashamed of you!"

"Then you don't love me none," Sim whimpered broken heartedly. "A wife what loves her old man ain't goin' to run him down afore other folks. Loueesy, you don't love me; you don't love me!"

"Mrs. Banks, instead of being touched, gave her husband one scornful glance and turned and walked away.

With her utter want of tact Mrs. Mann said:

"I guess, Sim Banks, Loueesy's been a-contrastin' you with that Mr. Melvin, an' I reckon she thinks you ain't much shakes compared with him."

Sim's eyes flashed fire in an instant, and trembling with anger, he cried:

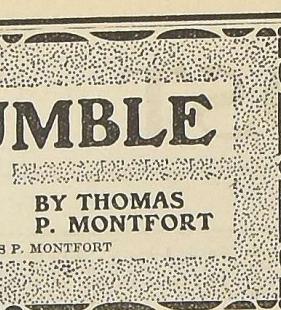
"You are a-lyin', Mrs. Mann, when you say any sich a thing as that, an' if you was a man I'd whip you till your hide wouldn't hold shucks. Hain't nobody got no call to speak nary a word ag'in Loueesy, an' I ain't goin' to stand still an' let no sich a word be spoke. That's jest what I got to say, an' I mean it!"

Mrs. Mann sniffed contemptuously. "Sim Banks," she said, "you kin jest stand up for Loueesy all you pleases, but I mind she didn't stand up for you none, an' my notion is she hain't goin' to stand up for you, no matter what anybody says. I've got eyes, an' what I see I see. Loueesy was plumb struck with that man, an' you mark my words, Sim Banks, if she ever gets to know him she'll learn to love his little finger better than she'll ever love your whole body. You jest bear them words in mind, Sim Banks, an' if you live you will find that they are the gospel truth!"

Mrs. Mann, though actuated by a selfish interest and influenced by that feeling of bitter enmity which a woman has for a successful rival in the affections of the man she loves, spoke nearer the truth than any of her hearers dreamed—nearer even than she herself supposed.

CHAPTER III.
SEEING INFORMATION.

James Melvin was in no very pleasant humor to begin with.



couple of acres or ground with you?"

"No. But why?"

"Then what you mean by comin' a-foolin' around me this a-way? Think I'm a durned fool an' don't know nothing? Reckon I don't know it's a nice day? Reckon I don't know it's a rough country? Reckon it's anybody's business whether I'm deaf or not?"

Melvin was so surprised at the old man's words and manner that it was a full minute before he recovered sufficiently to make a reply. At last, however, he said:

"I am sorry if I have offended you, and I beg your pardon. I meant no harm, I assure you. I—I have lost the road."

"Waal, s'pose you have. I ain't found it."

"I thought you might be able and willing to direct me so that I can find it."

"Did I cause you to lose it?"

"Certainly not."

"Am I anywise responsible for your losin' it?"

"No."

"Then it hain't none of my duty to help you to find it, I reckon."

"Don't you ever do anything to accommodate people?"

"I tend to my own business."

"And you won't even so much as direct me to the road?"

The old man was silent for a moment. Then, straightening himself up, he said:

"I see jest how it are, stranger. You are gwine to keep on a-foolin' around here an' chawin' on the rag till my dand'r'll begin to rise, an' then I'll jest naturally liggin' on you an' give you the all-fired west lickin' ever anybody got in all this world."

Melvin drew back from the old man and eyed him curiously. He didn't know what to make of such strange conduct, and he thought the man must be crazy. Had his situation been less desperate he would have passed on without waiting to exchange another word, but under the circumstances he felt that he must gain some information from the old man if possible, even at the risk of getting a fight on his hands. So he made one more effort.

"Say," he began, "darkness is coming on, and I can't think of spending the night here in this wood."

"Can't you?" the other said. "Waal, in that case why don't you git out of it, then?"

"I would if you'd direct me."

The native remained silent. Melvin waited a moment, then added:

"I say, won't you open your heart just a little and tell me where I can find a house?"

"Find it anywhere you blame please for all of me. Fust I known any house had been lost."

"You know what I mean."

"Reckon you mean what you say."

"I mean can't you direct me to a house where I can spend the night?"

"Mebby I could."

"Well, why don't you?"

"Don't have to."

"No, but you certainly ought to be accommodating enough to do that much for a stranger."

"Mebby I ought, but the fact is I ain't keerin' a darn whar you spend the night. The whole world's afore you, an' you can jest stop whar you darn please. Now you have heard me, an' the best thing you can do is to git. You have picked an' hagged at me long enough, an' I ain't a-gwine to stand much more of your foolin'."

"An' you won't direct me to a—"

"It ain't my business to direct you to nothing. You ain't got me hired for no sich a purpose."

"But you—"

"You git!"

The old man rose to his feet and started forward, his eyes gleaming with anger. Melvin scented serious trouble and put spurs to his horse and moved on.

"I almost wish now," he said to himself, "that I had taken the chances and stopped at Beckett's Mill. It would be no worse to run a little risk there than it is to sleep out in these woods and go without food. O God, if I could just recall that one act which shadows all my life I'd give the world!"

He paused as if expecting his wife to speak, but she remained silent. He hoped that she would be pleased with him for speaking so strongly in her defense, and he felt hurt when she took no notice of his words. Presently he went on, saying:

"Them was hard things you said about me down there today, Loueesy, an' I never a-thought you'd a' done it. I guess, though, you didn't mean it, did you?"

"Do you want me to tell you a lie?" she asked in turn.

"No, of course not."

"Then you'd better not ask such questions."

"You did mean it, then?"

She hesitated a moment, then said:

"If I hadn't meant it, I wouldn't have said it. Now I hope you're satisfied."

Melvin was thoughtfully silent for almost a minute. Then he said slowly:

"I know it was cowardly for me to act like I done, a-runnin' from them cattle. But, Lord a-mighty, how was I to know they was cattle 'stead of soldiers when I didn't look back to see what they was?"

"Why didn't you look back instead of charging up there the way you did and making such a spectacle as you did of yourself? Of course I was ashamed of you. How could I help it?"

There was a momentary silence. Then slowly the old fellow raised his head and, looking Melvin over calmly and deliberately from head to foot and back again, said quietly:

"Young feller, air you a-sp'lin' for a fight?"

Melvin started back and opened his eyes wide in astonishment.

"Why, no," he stammered presently; "why do you ask that?"

"Are you a-chin' to be chawed up?" the old man continued, taking no notice of Melvin's question.

"Of course not."

"Are you waitin' to be larruped around here among these saplings till your hide's wore plumb into fiddle strings an' ain't a piece left of you big enough to bale a fishhook?"

"Certainly not. What do you mean by asking such things?"

"Are you plannin' for me to take you by the heels an'-thrash the bushes off of a

few months later the wedding.

Then there came an awakening of which she had never dreamt—a sad, bitter awakening that was like a cruel crucifixion. She realized that to make marriage sacred and happy there must be mutual love, and she knew that on her part there was none, and she felt that that time would never come when there would be.

Sitting alone in her room that night, she folded her arms on the table and, pillowin' her head on them, wept as though her heart would break. She had known many unhappy hours, but never any so thoroughly miserable as that.

She felt toward her husband as she had never felt before. Often and often she had experienced a feeling of dislike for some trait of his character, but it was not until now that she felt that she hated the man himself. There had been many times when his absence was a relief to her, but it was never until this night that she had wished with all her heart that she might never see him again.

That James Melvin had much to do with her feelings she could not help but admit, although the admission caused her face to burn with shame. The knowledge that another man, and that man at that, could be the means of makin' her despise her husband was bitterly humiliating, and she wished with all her heart that she could dispise Melvin as well; but, alas, that was something she could not do.

That James Melvin had much to do with her feelings she could not help but admit, although the admission caused her face to burn with shame. The knowledge that another man, and that man at that, could be the means of makin' her despise her husband was bitterly humiliating, and she wished with all her heart that she could dispise Melvin as well; but, alas, that was something she could not do.

While she sat there Slim came into the room. It was late, and he had walked two miles out into the country and back. He was restless and uneasy and far more unhappy than he had ever been in all his life.

Mrs. Mann's prophecy, coupled with the words Louise had spoken, had made a much deeper impression on him than he would have admitted to any living soul, than he even liked to admit to himself.

That there was something lacking in his married life he knew only too well, and he had known it from his wedding day, but never until now had it occurred to him how serious that lacking might be. That Louise did not love him as a wife should be had been long assured, but the possibility of her loving another man was something that had never crossed his mind until this day.

Almost light-hearted he went out on the street and walked up and down in the cool night air. He had been walking so for a quarter of an hour when in passing a house he heard his name called softly. He stopped and looked around, and a woman stepped out of

fall in love with every man that comes along?"

"No; I never said anything about you fallin' in love with anybody."

"Don't you insinuate anything of the kind either. It will be time enough for you to accuse me of thinking that man great when I have said or done something to give you a reason for doing it, but not before. You continue to say such things as that to me, and I'll hate

you with every man that comes along?"

"No; I never said anything about you fallin' in love with anybody."

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"Don't you insinuate anything of the kind either. It will be time enough for you to accuse me of thinking that man great when I have said or done something to give you a reason for doing it, but not before. You continue to say such things as that to me, and I'll hate

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BOXALL AND MATTHIE

MILK CANS with sanitary
bottom. Our own make.

SAP PAILS AND SPILES

Horse Singers, Windmill Oil Cans,
Creamers, Cream Pails, Milk Pails, Strainer
Pails, Coal Oil Cans. All our own make.

ROBERTSON'S MIXED PAINTS

—are the best—

ALABASTINE AND JELLSTONE

We have some second hand and square
Cook Stoves at a sacrifice.

BOXALL & MATTHIE,
Tinsmiths, Plumbers, Steam-
fitters and Ventilating
Engineers.

W. A. WHITE
PRACTICAL ARCHITECT
BOX 173 LINDSAY

SEED WHEAT.

THE FLAVELLE MILLING CO.,
Limited, have procured a second car of
AMERICAN BLUE STEM SEED
WHEAT. Farmers desiring to sow this
wheat will require to send in their orders
at once, as no more of this variety of wheat
can be secured.—W.S.

THE FLAVELLE MILLING CO.

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, MAR. 7th, '02

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Wonder what Gen. Buller thinks
when he reads the "I-regret-to-say"
reverses Lord Kitchener sends home,
after the Boer forces have been shat-
tered into fragments.

When the various items in the British
budget are added together they will
probably total about \$800,000,000.
Of this about \$500,000,000 will be for
army, navy and war. The fiddler
must get his fee; the dance has been
a wild one.

Halifax Council has voted to accept
Carnegie's gift of \$75,000 for a library
and to raise \$5,000 a year for
maintenance. As yet we have heard of
no refusals of such gifts, although a
church fanatic here and there ad-
vise such a course.

James Haverson, counsel for the
Licensed Victuallers, announces that
"the trade" will endeavor to poll every
available vote in the referendum
contest, and he would like to have it
come on as soon as possible, to end
the period of uncertainty. He ac-
knowledges that the liquor sellers
would have a poor chance in a fight
against the prohibitionists, if left to
fight it out alone, but he depends upon
the assistance and support of moderate
men who value individual liberty.

That wireless telephony must as-
surely be developed as well as wire-
telegraphy goes without the saying,
and it is therefore not very surprising
to learn from "Electricity" that an
English firm, Messrs. Armstrong & Orting,
have brought a system to a degree of perfection which promises
much in the future. So perfect has the plan been found, in fact,
that the local authorities in Manchester
are applying to parliament for powers to enable them to estab-
lish a telephonic service in competi-
tion with what is known as the National
Company. Glasgow is also making
approaches to the inventors. Armstrong & Orting say they utilize
ripples in the electricity of earth or water which can be created with
as much certainty as ripples can be
caused in a pond by throwing a stone. As to the probable cost of
the system the inventors state that
probably subscribers would pur-
chase an instrument outright. This
would cost from \$25 to \$50 and in
addition a royalty of \$5, \$10 or \$25
as fixed by the municipality or other
authority. It is claimed that any
reading of a person's message by another
person is impossible as each
instrument is "tuned" to a cor-
responding instrument and these com-
municate. Another inventor in France
well known as an electrician of the
highest ability has been experimen-
ting in the transmission of words and
Morse signs with the result that at
1500 metres a conversation has been
as distinctly heard as by the best
ordinary system and at four kilo-
metres the speech has been equally
distinct through at six the Morse
signal had to be used. The inventive
genius of electricians seems to have
so far put them "on the track" that
it looks as though we are on the eve
of either a complete revolution or a
great disappointment and failure.
And it will not be long before we shall
learn from demonstration, which

Tuesday's Hockey Match

OPS COUNCIL IN SESSION.

FENELON FALLS WINS FROM THE LINDSAY PUCK-CHASERS.

Exciting Match at the Cataract Village
Last Tuesday—Score 9 to 5—Play
Was Fast and Rough—Large At-
tendance of Spectators.

The return game between Fenelon Falls and Lindsay was played last Tuesday at the northern village, and the local team suffered defeat by a score of 9-5.

On account of the special train not reaching the Falls until 9 o'clock it was a late hour before the game commenced. The ice was in perfect condition for swift play, and the game was witnessed by about 400 people among whom were many supporters of both teams. As the two aggregations were evenly matched the game was bitterly contested, especially in the first half. Some pretty combination work was displayed by both sides. Before the game commenced objection was made to Mr. O'Neill, of Lindsay, who was sent to officiate as referee, receiving his orders from the local team's management, who had the power to appoint that officers. Unfortunately the choice did not meet with the approval of the northerners and a considerable amount of unpleasantness followed.

After calling the two teams together, and cautioning them as to tripping, rough play, etc., the referee tooted his whistle and the two teams were off. Tremendous cheering followed as the boys got into the game and the spectators went with excitement. An occasional yell would be heard: "Rush it down the ice, Beataan, you're a daisy." "Check him hard, Stanford!" "Gossie, you're a whirlwind!" The playing gathered at this moment both sides were working hard and the rubber was kept moving without a stop until finally the northern boys got together and by some combination play scored the first goal. Following this Taylor rushed matters and scored for Lindsay. At this stage the game became most interesting and the boys were working like demons. The puck would be around Lindsay's goal, and then the Fenelon nets would be in danger. This lasted for about ten minutes when Deyman placed another game to Fenelon's credit, and five minutes later they scored their third goal. Sandford again being in evidence. The locals got down to it after this and did some pretty playing; they commenced to rush matters and Taylor again scored, much to the delight of the Lindsay rooters. The next goal went to the locals by Parkin getting in some good work. This evened matters up and the excitement became intense; the locals were putting up a superb game and their opponents were in the battle with a determination to win. Shannon scored the next goal for Lindsay and then it looked as though the Fenelons were going to be trounced on their own ice, but to the satisfaction of their loyal rooters the speedy Beataan placed another goal their credit and the half ended tie, 4-4 all.

The second half was very rough and those who like a game of that kind must have enjoyed themselves hugely. First one player would go down sprawled on the ice, and then another. This kind of playing, together with many face-offs, delayed the game and as it drew to an end it became uninteresting to many who appreciate good hockey. Sandford received the rubber from Beataan and in a rush added another to Fenelon's credit. Two minutes later they repeated the trick instead of some bird checking the lead by the Lindsayites. The next goal went to the stalwart locals after getting the puck out of a hot scrimmage near Fenelon's goal. The northern boys counted three more after this almost in succession.

Road Machinery

Mr. Pattersons moved, seconded by Mr. Hawkins, that a road scraper be procured for beats Nos. 54 and 55, to be placed in charge of Weldon Rea, pathmaster.—Carried.

Happy Auditors

Mr. Hawkins moved, seconded by Mr. Patterson, that the Auditors' reports be received and filed and the Auditors' salaries paid.—Carried.

The Treasurer's Bond

The Reeve said Mr. Kennedy, Treasurer, had executed a new bond owing to some of the spectators it seemed that Beataan had made an attempt to trip Dennis and was seen by the referee who ordered him to the fence for two minutes. He refused to go and while he and the referee were exchanging a few words the crowd ran on the ice and a free fight ensued. The Lindsay men refused to play so the score ended 9-5 in Fenelon favor. Fortunately no person was seriously hurt, but one of the Lindsay players received a nasty blow on the neck. (See Brock restored order in a few minutes and the crowd left the rink. The Lindsay players put up a good game, and they took their defeat like true sportsmen.

Following were the teams and officers: Fenelon Falls—Goal, Gould; point, H. Deyman; cover-point, Burgess; forwards, C. Deyman, Sandford, Patterson and Beataan. Lindsay—Goal, Burke; point, Sprague; cover-point, Callaghan; forwards, Taylor, Shannon, Parkin and Dennis. Time-keepers, C. Preston and T. Junkin. Goals umpires, Dr. Walters and J. Jones.

SALE REGISTER.

ON MONDAY, MARCH 17th, — By Elias Bowes, auctioneer, on lot 7, con. 7, Verulam, credit sale of valuable Farm Stock and Implements, the property of Mr. Joseph Tally. Sale at one o'clock sharp.

ON WEDNESDAY, MARCH 26th—By Elias Bowes, auctioneer, on lot 7, con. 7, Verulam, credit sale of valuable Farm Stock and Implements, the property of Thos. Devor. The above sale was announced for Monday, 3rd March, but has been postponed to above date owing to the bad state of the roads.—W.L.

Marriage Licenses.

At Britton Bros., Jewellers,

McNEIL—On the 22nd in Verulam, Robert McNeil, aged 54 years.

MURDOCH—On the 25th in Verulam, James Murdoch, aged 41 years, 10 days.

LEVEY—In Lindsay, on Monday, 3rd March, 1902, Emma Jane Levey, third daughter of John and Levy, aged 24 years, 5 months and 25 days.

OPS COUNCIL IN SESSION.

SNOW BLOCKADES CAUSE A LARGE EXTRA OUTLAY.

The Erection of Wire Fences will be Encouraged—Delegation From The Town Council—Other Business.

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Communications, etc.

After the reading and confirmation of the minutes of the last meeting the following communiqués were read:

From the London Guaranteed Company, Toronto, offering security for Treasurer and Collector.

From the Clerk of the Township of Flenslin, requesting that the Council petition the Ontario legislature to abolish the present system of electing County Councillors or to amend the County Council Act so that municipal reeves may constitute the County Council.

From J. R. McNeill, County Clerk, desiring to know how much stone Ops Council purposed crushing this year, and setting forth the regulations for crushing.

From Mrs. Watson, Raaboro, in reference to Wm. Gold, indigent.

From John Pearce, asking assistance for the maintenance of two step-children.

From Dr. Gillespie, for attendance on Joseph Jackson, sent to Toronto hospital in January.

Supply orders from pathmaster for road breaking and snow shoveling and other small accounts.

Snow Blockade Problem.

The Council, having bonuses several miles of wire fence in the past three years regretted the seeming waste of statute labor and extra cost of road breaking caused by the unprecedented snow-blockade of last month, and expressed the opinion that more wire fence should be built before next winter to lesson such expense. After examining the claims for shovelling and road breaking they passed a resolution fixing the wages at 10c. an hour per man and 25c. an hour for man and team after all the statute labor on a road beat has been done.

Another resolution was then passed charging the amount paid for such work to the appropriation accounts of the respective road commissioners of the township, the following being the sum paid and so charged: Mr. Arksey's appropriation, Div. 1, \$19.25; Mr. McLennan's, Div. 2, \$10.75; Mr. Patterson's, Div. 3, \$18.35; Mr. Sluggett's, Div. 4, \$62.50; Mr. Hawkins', Div. 5, nil; total \$140.85.

The Town Seats Aid.

Aldermen J. R. O'Reilly and Dr. Barrows, deputed by Lindsay Council, addressed the council on behalf of the citizens of Lindsay and Ops living along the north-eastern boundary of the town, saying a sidewalk was greatly needed there and would be much appreciated by the people more of whom belonged to Ops than to Lindsay. Mr. O'Reilly said the cost of material would be about \$67 and the labor about \$24, and that Lindsay would maintain it if Ops share the expense of building it. Dr. Burrows said it was but a trifling matter to scarce worth dividing—but if Ops would provide the material Lindsay would pay for the work. The aldermen then withdrew.

The Reeve asked an expression of opinion from the Council and Commissioner Sluggett said he had expended \$114 on the boundary east of the town last year, half of which Lindsay Council should pay, but they hadn't paid it yet.

Councillor Hawkins then suggested that Lindsay might apply the \$57, due Ops, to the building of the sidewalk and the matter ended.

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DEATHS.

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LEVEY—In Lindsay, on Monday, 3rd March, 1902, Emma Jane Levey, third daughter of John and Levy, aged 24 years, 5 months and 25 days.

MARKET REPORTS.

Grain Prices Are Firmer—May Wheat Closed Higher at Chicago—The Latest Quotations.

Tuesday Evening, March 4. Liverpool wheat futures were 3/4 higher to-day, and corn futures unchanged to 3/4 lower.

May Dale wheat was quoted 5 cents higher to-day.

Chicago markets exhibited slightly more strength to-day on adverse crop rumors.

May wheat closed 3/4 higher, May corn 3/4 higher, and May oats 3/4 higher.

LEADING WHEAT MARKETS.

Following are the closing quotations at important wheat centres to-day:

Cash May, July, 81 1/2 81 1/2

Chicago 74 76 74 76

Toledo 84 86 84 86

Duluth, No. 1 Nor. 73 74 73 74

do. No. 1 hard 70 71 70 71

BRITISH MARKETS.

14-15 March—Wheat, spot quote, Walla, Jan. 24 to 26 23 1/2 23 1/2

No. 1 Northern spring, Jan. 24 to 26 23 1/2

14-15 April, buyers, May 12 1/2 12 1/2

May 12 1/2 12 1/2

May 12 1/2 12 1/2

London—Close Wheat, number of cargoes and forward rates, latest report.

Wheat, passage easier and selected parcels No. 2 Northern Manitoba, passage, 28c 1/2 paid;

**AMMUNITION,
GUNS,
RIFLES,
CARTRIDGE,
SHOOTING GOODS,
LANTERNS,
PLOW LINES,
HALTERS,
COW TIES,
SAWS,
AXES,
CHAINS**

J. G. EDWARDS & CO.

THE WEEKLY POST is published every Friday. The subscription rates: \$1.00 PER YEAR.

PAYABLE IN ADVANCE. \$1.50 IF NOT SO PAID.

SUBSCRIPTIONS may commence at any issue.

RUMMATES should always be made in the safest manner. Post Office and Express Money Orders are always safe, and may be sent at our own risk.

Register your letters when you remit by cable.

Remember it is always best to renew two weeks before the date on your wrapper expires in order to insure uninterrupted service.

CURSE OF ADDRESS—Always give both your old and your new Post office when you ask us to change your address. This will enable us to forward your mail to you in a shorter time.

Send all classified advertisements, such as stockmen, teachers, wanted, to be sold, etc., \$1.00 for three insertions.

Rates for large spaces for business advertising made known on application at the office.

ADVERTISING RATES.

General Advertising, 10 cents per line, (2 lines to one inch) first insertion; 5 cents each subsequent insertion.

Reading notices in local columns, 10 cents per line, first insertion, and 5 cents each subsequent insertion.

Classified advertisements, such as stockmen, teachers, wanted, to be sold, etc., \$1.00 for three insertions.

Rates for large spaces for business advertising made known on application at the office.

JOB PRINTING.

Our Job Department is one of the best equipped printing offices in Canada, and is prepared to execute all kinds of printing in first-class style at honest prices. No job too big—none too small.

All business communication to be addressed to

WISON & WILSON,
Proprietors.

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, MAR. 7th, '02

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Miss Stone is, it is said, sworn not to give information leading to the identity of the brigands who have held her in captivity. Is such an obligation to be respected?

Those people who would raise our tariff to shut out all imports from the United States probably do not know that over \$56,000,000 of our imports therefrom are free goods necessary to the success of our manufacturers and farmers. What benefits by that?

The Chatham Banner is interviewing prominent people in that city to get opinions as to accepting the proposed Carnegie library gift. We notice that opponents of the acceptance of the money are like his teeth, few and far between. That is creditable to the good sense of the people.

A recent census of Japan taken with a view to discovering how many rich men were in the country, failed to disclose a single millionaire. The number found possessed of 500,000 yen (about \$250,000) was 441, and of these nearly one-third live in Tokio, and most of the others in the capital and other large cities.

Speaking of the evils of intemperance to a London, England, audience recently, John Burns placed the annual drink bill of the United Kingdom at \$800,000,000 a year, or \$20 a head. He advocated "abstinence" as "the best and most simple remedy" for the individual, and the restriction of the number of drinking places as the duty of public authorities generally.

Mr. Greenfield's announcement that the Canadian Northern Railway will be extended through the Yellowhead Pass to Bute Inlet on the Pacific is of great importance to the whole Dominion. That was the route chosen for the Canadian Pacific by the Mackenzie government. It will open up a lot of agricultural land and will doubtless assist the development of mining new mines. British Columbia will pay \$800,000 and dedicate 8,000,000 acres of land to assist the enterprise, and the Dominion parliament will doubtless give the usual subsidy. The distance from Yellowhead Pass to Bute Inlet is 100 miles. There is room and there will be plenty of traffic for both the transcontinental railways.

To-day's Globe: The argument that if something more than a simple majority vote is required for prohibition the "minority rules" ignores the most important element in the discussion. Every thoughtful man admits that prohibition of the liquor traffic stands on an entirely different footing from other laws, and that the possibility of enforcement is at least an open question. The referendum is intended to ascertain whether public opinion is strong enough to make the law a success. To compare a vote on such a question with an ordinary political election is absurd. If a candidate obtains one vote more than his opponent he is just as much the member as if he had a majority of a thousand, and the smallness of his majority does not create the slightest difficulty in the way of doing his representative work. But if a country under the Scott act adopted prohibition, the size of the majority would be a very important question.

Don't worry about the weather. The farmers will feel thankful for a liberal coating of snow on their wheat and hay fields for some time to come yet.

The London Free Press complains that the post office in that city is run by the government "with scandalous parsimony." Yet when it comes near election time the Free Press will ask its readers to believe that the government has been grossly extravagant. And it is the same with every other Tory organ. They shriek for increasing expenditures, and then shriek against those who grant them.

Ottawa Free Press: The town of Peterboro is about to place on the market debentures amounting to \$200,000, and quotes at length an article which recently appeared in these columns advocating the issue of civic bonds in small sums for the benefit of local investors. The Examiner seems to hold the opinion that this is the course which should be pursued and it is certainly the wisest. We hope to see every town and city in the Dominion agitating the subject.

The appointment of Mr. John Cameron to the postmastership of London is patronage well dispensed. Mr. Cameron has all his life been a public-spirited citizen and a conscientious and industrious journalist, doing much for the public for little return, and in this way has fully earned such a reward. If reward it can be called. There can be no doubt about Mr. Cameron's ability to perform his duties, and no question as to his claim on the Liberal party. The London Advertiser, which he founded and controlled up to the present time, has always been a power for good in the community, while his personal example has been no less edifying. Mr. Cameron has our heartiest congratulations on his retirement to comparative ease after the bustle and worries of an active newspaper career.

Hamilton Times: The endeavor to establish the beet root sugar manufacture in Ontario has the good wishes of all the people, because it is believed that the business would furnish employment for a lot of Canadians in winter and in summer, and it would supply a cash market for a profitable crop, thus giving the farmers more money to spend. incidentally, it would help the cattle-feeding business, and would improve the fertility of the land. Manitoba can beat Ontario raising wheat, therefore the farmers of this province require a new outlet for their energies. But surely this boon can be obtained without putting an extra tax on all sugar used in the Dominion. A deputation was at Ottawa the other day asking for a "readjustment" of the sugar duties. Details, if given, were not published, but in considering the matter, the government ought to remember that sugar is an article of general consumption, and the people do not want to be compelled to pay more for it than they have to pay now. Cannot the beet sugar manufacture see its way to prosperity without being a tariff dependent?

At the Toronto banquet Mr. Whitney said: "In the light of his experience in the past four years he believed that if the elections were held to-morrow the majority of the conservative party would be more than twenty." Those who listened to this prophecy, of course, cheered it vociferously but, as a contemporary points out, the experience of the past four years does not substantiate the conservative leader's statement. Since the provincial general elections of 1898 there have been twenty-five bye-elections in this province, of which the liberals have won twenty, and the conservatives five. If the city of London, where the conservatives did not put up a candidate, is included, six seats went liberal by acclamation, and, except in one case, all their majorities were not less than fifty. In seven bye-elections during the last two years, the government carried every one of them, five by acclamation, and two of them elected conservatives in 1898. Mr. Whitney would probably say that the seats were stolen by the government, but he cannot account for the turn-over in two constituencies in this way since the elections were by acclamation. If the experience of the last four years teaches anything it is that the tide which had set in against the government has receded and is now running the other way. Mr. Whitney will experience this in due time.

Newspapers and Magazines.

A very curious bi-literal cipher which has been discovered by Mrs. Gallup running through the first editions of Bacon's works, has excited wide interest in the literary world. This cipher consists of the use of two wrong-font letters at intervals, combinations of these two letters in groups of five constituting an alphabet. These repetitions of a wrong-font letter cannot have been matters of chance. Whitney has said there by Lord Bacon or by the printer, they relate a wonderful romance—the story of Queen Elizabeth's marriage to the Earl of Leicester when both were confined in the Tower prior to the Queen's succession, the birth of two sons, of whom Lord Bacon was the elder, the Earl of Essex the other. Lord Bacon considered himself the heir to the throne of England. The bi-literal cipher further tells that Queen Elizabeth condemned her own son, the Earl of Essex, to death. The Cosmopolitan for March contains an article by Prof. Garrett P. Serviss fully reviewing this remarkable romance—if it is concluded to have been inserted by the printer—or tragely if inserted by Lord Bacon.

A HELPLESS MAN.

A man is certainly in a helpless condition when he has to sit with his leg on a chair for weeks, unable to move. William Grimshaw, Wolfe Island, Frontenac County, Ont., was in this plight. Doctors could do nothing for him and the pain remained in his leg for six months. Three bottles of Dr. Hall's Rheumatic Cure and three boxes of Climax Iron Tonics routed the disease and restored him to perfect health. This great blood purifier is put up in bottles containing ten days' treatment. Price 50 cents at all drug stores or The Dr. Hall Medicine Co., Kingston, Ont.

Horse Sense.

"Any fool can take a horse to water, but it takes a wise man to make him drink," says the proverb. The horse eats when hungry and drinks when thirsty. A man eats and drinks by the clock, without regard to the needs of nature. Because of countless eating and drinking "stomach trouble" is one of the commonest of diseases. Sour and bitter risings, belchings, unnatural fullness after eating, dizziness, headache, and many other symptoms mark the beginning and progress of disease of the stomach.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. It cures through the stomach diseases of other organs which have their origin in a diseased condition of the stomach, and all organs of digestion and nutrition. It strengthens the stomach, purifies the blood, cures obstinate cough and heals weak lungs.

"I was taken with Prince which resulted in heartburn trouble," writes Mr. C. R. Gill, Mountain, Allegany Co., N. Y. "I was unable to do anything a good part of the time. I wrote to Dr. Pierce about my condition and he sent me his Golden Medical Discovery, which I did. Before I had finished the second bottle I began to feel better. I have used nearly six bottles. I feel thankful to God for the benefit I have received from Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. I can highly recommend it to all persons as a good and safe medicine."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets keep the bowels healthy.

THE PREMIER IS FIRM

The Terms of the Referendum Held to Be Fair.

HON. MR. ROSS'S STRONG SPEECH

Reviews at Length the Reasons For His Course—Date of Polling May Be Altered to Municipal Election Day—Objections of Prohibitionists on This Point to Be Considered.

Toronto, Feb. 27.—The deputation which waited on the Government at the Parliament buildings yesterday afternoon, representing the Ontario branch of the Dominion Alliance, numbered upwards of 100 persons, including several ladies. They were received by Premier Ross and all the members of his Cabinet, and by a number of members of the Legislature. The interview took place in the Council Chamber.

Rev. Dr. McKay of Woodstock, President of the Alliance, in introducing the deputation, reminded the Premier that he was an honored Vice-President of the Ontario branch, which they represented. They came, he said, to impress upon the Government two points in regard to the present situation: (1) that the vote should be a fair one, and (2) that it should be taken at an opportune time.

By a fair vote they meant that a majority should carry, as on other questions. Regarding an opportune time for taking the vote, the general opinion of the convention had favored the day of the municipal elections. Any other day, the speaker contended, would lay the voters open to an intimidation and boycott. He thought that the clause regarding the date of the vote was the most objectionable feature of the bill. A change in the date would be a great help, and would be fairer to both sides.

It has been stated, Dr. McKay went on, that the referendum had been adopted by the Alliance. He declared that the referendum had not been adopted by them. The Boers left 15 dead and 6 wounded on the field—Capture of Empty Wagon Convey by Boers.

London, Feb. 27.—Lord Kitchener reported that 600 Boers, driving cattle, rushed the outpost line near Bothaberg, Transvaal Colony, during the night of Feb. 23, and that some of them got through. The Boers left 15 dead and 6 wounded on the field.

Another despatch from Lord Kitchener, made public yesterday, says: A convoy of empty wagons was attacked and captured by the Boers southwest of Klipsdrift, Transvaal Colony, Feb. 24. The escort consisted of a force of the Imperial Yeomanry, three companies of the Northumbrian Fusiliers and two guns. The fighting was severe, but there was no further action.

Five Boers Taken.

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Boer Delegates Arrive.

New York, Feb. 27.—Among the passengers who arrived yesterday on the steamship Rotterdam from Rotterdam and Boulogne were Messrs. Wolmarans and Wessels, Boer delegates, and Dr. De Bruyn, Secretary of the Boer Embassy. The party will remain in this city for a few days, and then proceed to Baltimore and Washington.

Recommended for a V.C.

Kingston, Feb. 27.—"Colt" Metcalfe, son of J. H. Metcalfe, ex-M.P., writes from South Africa that Driver Forest, who went to South Africa with D. Batter two years ago, has been recommended for the Victoria Cross.

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Germany Will Not Interfere.

many of them to the certain knowledge of the temperance people had called their employees together and forbidden them to vote in favor of prohibition. She expressed the hope that if the bill did not now include a provision to prevent corruption, which was so rampant at the last plebiscite.

Rev. Dr. Carman, General Superintendent of the Methodist Church, entered a very strong protest against the date of voting and the method of the vote. He said to the government that personally he did not feel justified in going to the poll when the ballot boxes were stuffed with 200,000 votes before he got there. That was the biggest ballot box stuffing the country had ever known. If he judged the voice of the convention rightly it was that the people were not going to be turned aside by academical nonsense of men in seats high and mighty. They did not ask for any advantage the liquor men, they simply asked for British fair play. He also said that if it was decided not to hold a vote at the date of the municipal elections then they would ask the Government to take the vote on the date of the general elections. He did not see how the Government could justify itself by taking the academic position that such and such a majority must be polled to enforce the law. They could, he said, move the temperature and prohibition people of the country to show their indignation, and put down their feet with a good deal of courage on the day that the indignation ought to be shown.

The Premier's Reply.

Premier Ross, in his reply, reviewed the circumstances leading up to the present measure. He said the Province had at different times pronounced in favor of total prohibition. They had not, however, committed themselves to any measure of partial prohibition such as had been found was in the power of the Province. He denied that the referendum was unconstitutional, and said that on this point he would accept the opinion of high constitutional authorities, admitting, he added, with a smile, that he would consult the clergymen on questions of theology. The referendum had already been adopted in principle, in the case of the Scott Act and Local Option. He reminded his hearers that the enforcement of law was no easy matter. The Government had at first decided that the bill should require a three-fifths majority, but that had been objected to as too large.

The Government's proposition was simply this: They asked that, say 75 per cent. of the vote on the list be polled and that half of that vote shall be in favor of the bill. That meant that three men out of every eight on the list would have the power of governing the actions of the other five in regard to certain habits of their life. That was a fair proposition, he said, and, amid some interruptions, he declared that it should be taken at an opportune time. If the temperance people could not be successful under these conditions they did not deserve to be successful. He did not think it mattered if the liquor vote did stay at home. All the temperance people should care about was to get their own vote out.

As to the day of the vote, he said that the 14th of October would not be chosen owing to the Methodist General Conference being in session at that time, and other objections. He would say that it would not be on the day of the general elections, but as to the day of the municipal elections, he and his colleagues would give it serious consideration. The deputation then withdrew.

Boers Rush Outposts.

Boers Left 20 Dead and Wounded on the Field—Capture of Empty Wagon Convey by Boers.

London, Feb. 27.—Lord Kitchener reported that 600 Boers, driving cattle, rushed the outpost line near Bothaberg, Transvaal Colony, during the night of Feb. 23, and that some of them got through. The Boers left 15 dead and 6 wounded on the field.

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WILL WELCOME PRINCE.

An Address to Prince Henry of

The Rathbun Co.
LINDSAY AGENC

TO BUILDERS

We have a larger stock of Lumber, dryer and grading better than has been in our yards for several years. Come and see it.

TO THE TRADE

Now arriving at our warehouse, WINDSOR SALT, in Ordinary Fine, Dairy and Table qualities, CALCINED PLASTER, "Hammer" brand, PORTLAND CEMENT, (in wood only).

TO CONSUMERS

Best quality Fresh Mined Hard Coal, in all sizes, coming in all the time.

CANNEL COAL. Have you used it? Once used always wanted

Prompt Service. Phone 77.

THE RATHBUN COMPANY,
G. H. M. BAKER,
LINDSAY AGENT

F FARMS FOR SALE.

100 Acres in Ops, 4 Miles from Lindsay. 133 Acres in Ops, 7 miles from Lindsay. 100 Acres in North Emily. 3 One Hundred Acre Farms, Fenelon. 1 Two Hundred Acre Farm, Fenelon. 5 Houses and Lots for Sale in Lindsay.

For Particulars Apply to
ELIAS BOWES, Real Estate Agent
LINDSAY, ONT.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE. — The west half of Lot No. 8, Concession 14, Mariposa, containing 125 acres of which about 115 acres are clear. A good frame barn 46 x 56 with stone stables beneath. — Comfortable frame dwelling. The farm is situated within two miles of the village of Woodville and five miles from Cannington. The soil is a clay loam of the very best quality. Terms easy. For further particulars apply to the undersigned. J. D. Smith, Barrister-at-Law, Lindsay, wtf.

F FARMS FOR SALE.

50 acre farm all cleared, near Mariposa Station, for sale cheap. 100 acres, five miles from Lindsay, on Fenelon Falls road, well fenced, good buildings and under good state of cultivation.

Apply at once to
ELIAS BOWES, Real Estate Agent
LINDSAY, ONT.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

Notice is hereby given to the policy-holders and others interested in the above Company that Mr. A. McCrimmon has resigned the position he occupied with us, and Mr. F. McCLORY has been appointed General Agent, with headquarters at Lindsay. Prompt attention will be given to any matters of business entrusted to him. B. HAL BROWN General Manager, Head office, Montreal January 1902. — wtfz.



HAND TORN BY A WIRE.

One of Rider & Kitchener's Workmen Injured Saturday.

Mr. J. Davis, an employee in Messrs. Rider & Kitchener's factory, met with a painful accident on Saturday. He was handling a cable and by some means a piece of loose wire caught his right hand and inflicted a nasty wound. Mr. Davis will be laid up for several days as a result.

A Long Record of Success in curing cuts, burns and bruises, as well as all bowel complaints, is held by Pain-Killer—over 60 years. Avoid substitutes, there is but one Pain-Killer, Perry Davis' 25¢, and 50¢.

Musical and Literary Evening.

A most enjoyable evening was spent Monday night by the large audience which gathered in the basement of Cambridge-st. Methodist church to listen to the entertainment program of vocal and instrumental music, readings and recitations rendered by local talent. Mr. E. Sackville, president of the Y.P.S.C.E., ably performed the duties of chairman, the entertainment being given under the auspices of that society. The following took part in the program, each acquitted themselves creditably: Misses Colles, Winters, Cornell, Jones, Wokram, Waiters, E. Flaville, Stevens, Mrs. W. A. Leigh and Moers. N. F. Black, J. Palmer and H. C. Hamilton. The basement was tastefully decorated with flowers, flags and bunting.

Imitations abound, but insist upon getting the genuine "The D. & L." Menthol Plaster. "The D. & L." has stood the test of years. It cures its imitations are impotent. "The D. & L." is made by the well-known Davis & Lawrence Co., Ltd.

Valuable Advice to Rheumatics. Eat meat sparingly, and take very little sugar. Avoid damp feet, drink water abundantly, and always rely on Polson's Nerviline as an absolute reliever of rheumatic pains. Being five times stronger than other remedies, its power over pain is simply beyond belief. Buy a large 25-cent bottle to-day, test it, and see if this is not so. Polson's Nerviline always cures rheumatism.

Church Notes.

An anniversary requiem mass for the repose of the soul of the late Archbishop James Vincent Cleary was celebrated in St. Mary's Cathedral, Kingston, Tuesday morning. The Archbishop died three years ago.

The Rev. J. C. Wilson, President of the Bay of Quinte Conference, has accepted, subject to the will of Conference, an invitation from the officials of the Brighton Methodist church to remain for the fifth year.

Recent statistics show that the Church of England provides in England and Wales about 7,000,000 sittings in places of worship against over 8,000,000 provided by the Nonconformists. The church communicants are said to number 1,974,629, as against 1,945,932 in Nonconformist congregations.

Rev. R. Macnamara, formerly of the parish of Georgetown, in the diocese of Fredericton, and recently curate of St. Paul's, Lindsay, received the appointment from Bishop Sweetman Thursday to the parish of Fenelon Falls in the place of the Rev. Wm. Farcomb, who is taking a six months' rest.

The religious census of Canada shows 2,228,997 Roman Catholics and 3,142,054 non-Catholics, not all of whom are Protestants, for 16,432 Jews and 44,186 unspecified are included. Next to the Catholics, the Methodists are the most numerous, with Presbyterians, Church of England and Baptists following in the order named.

There are now no less than 36 different missionary organizations operating in Japan, several of them being independent. There are 276 missionaries, 239 women missionaries, and 242 missionaries' wives—a total of 757—at work; there were 3,139 converts made in 1900, and the total adult membership amounts to 42,451. The multiplicity of organizations indicated above is a hindrance to the work without doubt.

—Rev. Jas. Livingstone, President of the London Methodist Conference, intends to begin a movement to have the Methodist church adopt the Roman Catholic rule, which provides that no man at death shall have a Christian burial if he has not been a member of the church. It is time, said Dr. Livingstone, that the church stopped pandering to the irreligious element, which encourages people to remain out of the church. He said, further, it was not right that a man who has led a bad life and given no support to the church should be given a Christian burial.

Out of The Shadow.

The discouragement, the despair of ill-health, out into the noon-day glory of health, vigor and strength. Are you seeking this way? Are you wishing to replace weakness by strength, dependency by hope and expectation, pale cheeks and listless eyes, by red roses bloom and sparkling eyes. If you but use Fergzone, you will make rich red blood, your nerves will grow strong, and full vigor will return and with it endurance that will enable you to live an active, energetic and successful life. Remember the name, Fergzone. Sold by all druggists.

GOLD SOAP
is Pure, Honest,
Economical Soap.

FIRST AID TO THE INJURED POND'S EXTRACT

FOR BURNS, SPRAINS, WOUNDS, BRUISES OR ANY SORT OF PAIN.
Used Internally and Externally.
CAUTION! Avoid the weak watery Witch hazel preparations, represented to be "the same as Pond's Extract, which easily sour and often contain 'Medicated oil,' an irritant externally and, taken internally, a poison."

Cheap Glasses

We have them from 25¢ up, but we do not recommend them.

Better to have your glasses of best quality and to suit your eyes.

It may be you want

Ground Glasses

to give you a perfect fit.

Remember we can grind them just to suit your case.

Consultation and advice free.

MORGAN BROS.

Druggists and Opticians.



BLAZE AT KINMOUNT.

A House Owned by Mr. A. Y. Hopkins Burned to the Ground.

The village of Kinmount was visited by a fire at an early hour Tuesday morning. A double frame house owned by Mr. A. Y. Hopkins, situated near Mills' livery and occupied by Mr. McCormack and Mr. Watson, was burned to the ground.

Mr. Watson's family had a narrow escape from being burned alive as they had not time to even secure their clothing. Mr. McCormack was able to save a considerable quantity of his household furniture. The fire is supposed to have originated from a defective chimney.

Canada Life's New Manager.

Globe: "Mr. E. W. Cox, the genial Assistant General Manager, of the Canada Life Assurance Co., was yesterday promoted to be General Manager of that great company. Although still a young man, Mr. Cox has had a practical experience in the affairs of the Canada Life extending over a period of many years, and under his able management that company will doubtless maintain the successful progress which has distinguished it for some time past."

A Snap for Wives and Mothers.

Walter M. Hollingshead, of Huntsville, and George Field Richards, of the village of Ravenschiffe, in Muskoka, are the inventors and patentees of a simple means of securing hooks and eyes, and buttons to clothing, without the use of needle and thread. By these means hooks and eyes, so tedious to ladies having to sew them on to the material, are so placed in their respective positions, instantaneously, never to come off. This will be a great boon to the public. The buttons are fastened much on the same device as the hook and eye. The patentees have the patent for Canada and the United States, also caveats for England, France and Germany.

"The D. & L." Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil taken in cases of general debility and loss of appetite, is sure to give the best results. It restores health and renewes vitality. Davis & Lawrence Co., Ltd., manufacturers.

Muskoka and Summer Residents.

The Bracebridge Gazette, commenting upon an article printed in the Toronto Telegram, entitled "Wicked Ways of Muskoka," advanced the proposition that summer residents in Muskoka be exempt, or nearly so, from taxation. The money spent by the summer residents in erecting their cottages, says the Gazette, goes into the pockets of the people of Medora and Wood townships. Besides, every summer, as soon as these cottagers arrive they purchase all the milk, butter, eggs, meat, fruit and vegetables the people of the townships can supply, and at fancy prices. "Indeed," declares the Gazette, "if the municipalities have the power, it would pay them to exempt summer cottagers from taxation all over Muskoka."

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Curling Notes.

The second international curling match between Scotland and England took place on the 14th Feb., on the Castle Loch, Lochmaben, Dumfriesshire, and resulted in a win for Scotland by 539 shots. The score was 1575; England, 986.

The Orillia games for the Shetland-Needlers Cup will be played sides next week on the following week. Our citizens will have an opportunity of seeing one of the greatspiel skips, Skip Rochon, of Fort William, will be here with a strong rink. Full notice will be given a day or two beforehand of these games.

The Scottish American, New York, in last week's issue gives a nice account of the Winnipeg bonspiel and says: One of the most admired rinks was that of Lindsay, Ont., skipped by the veteran Flavelle, who won the International and the Galt Trophies, beating McKillip, of Portage la Prairie, in the former by 12 to 5, and Macrae, of Gladstone, in the latter by 19 to 6.

Obituary.

—One of the well-known men of the Midland district passed away yesterday, Feb. 26th, at Port Hope. The Guide says: Livingston Irwin was born August 2nd, 1829, at Coothill, County Cavan, Ireland, where he taught school for a number of years. In his early manhood he emigrated to Philadelphia, where he was employed in an architect's office. About the year 1855, being desirous of living under the British flag he came to Canada and settled in the township of Mariposa, where he again resumed his old profession of school teaching. In 1870 he was appointed general agent for the Canada Life Assurance Co. for the Midland District, reaching from Oshawa to Belleville, and from Port Hope to Midland City. During those 30 years he has been actively engaged in the general insurance and loan business, and was one of the oldest officials in the Canada Life Company. Two years ago he had a partial stroke of paralysis, since which time his general health has been much shaken. A month ago he contracted a severe cold which developed into pneumonia, from the effects of which he was unable to rally, and passed away at the Wesleyan home, Feb. 20th. He was married in 1852 at Philadelphia, to Margaret MacLean Moffatt, who survives him, with a family of ten children. Mr. Irwin has been for many years a prominent member and official of the 1st Presbyterian church and a man very highly esteemed and respected everywhere. In politics was a liberal. The funeral takes place on Friday, at 3 p.m. to Union cemetery.

CAUSE TO REJOICE.

The earth was not made in a day, neither is rheumatism cured in a day. Mrs. Jacob Dairnald, Black River Bridge, Prince Edward County, Ont., suffered intense pain in both limbs for a year and a half, and two physicians were unable to give her relief. Half a bottle of Dr. Hall's Rheumatic Cure gave her ease and five bottles, with the Climax Iron Tonic Pills, affected a permanent cure. Her many friends are rejoiced at her recovery. This great blood purifier is put up in bottles containing ten days treatment. Price 50 cents at all drug stores or Dr. Hall Medicine Co., Kingston, Ont.

PRISM BRAND

From Capt. F. Lovell Police Station No. 5, Montreal, we use Prism Pain-Killer for pains in the stomach, rheumatism, stiffness, rheumatism, cramps, and all afflictions which befall me in my 60 years. I have no headache in saying that Prism-Killer is the best remedy to have near at hand."

Used Internally and Externally.

Two Sizes, 25c. and 50c. bottles.

Prices in keeping with the quality of the goods.

Joseph Riggs,

KENT-ST., LINDSAY.

THE N. HOCKIN SHOE STORE

SUCCESSORS TO W. L. WHITE,

LINDSAY, ONT.

LEADING SALESMEN:

MATT H. SIBSON, FELIX FORBERT.

On Saturday last this Store started upon the second year since the retirement of Mr. White. The year just closed was very successful and customers are continuing their shoe accounts with us and hundreds of new customers now buy their Footwear at this Store.

This Big and Popular Shoe Store will continue to grow bigger and more popular all the time, for from our style of doing business we have gained the confidence of the public, which is the secret of our success.

If not already a customer you are cordially invited to visit the store and inspect our Immense Stock of NEW SPRING GOODS already received. You will find it a pleasure to do business at this Store, for here you secure Variety, Quality and Economy.

The N. HOCKIN SHOE STORE.

COMMUNICATIONS

Hands Off the Gas Lamps.

(To the Editor of The Post.)

Sir,—The Lindsay Gas Co., would consider it a favor if certain overzealous citizens would kindly refrain from showing their good will by lighting and extinguishing the gas lamps of the Co. The Co. pays competent employees for this purpose and does not ask gratuitous assistance. We will be pleased to receive reports of any negligence of our employees at this office, but would warn meddlers of the heavy penalty for this offence. Any unauthorized person or persons found tampering with the street lamps of the Gas Co. will be at once prosecuted.—Yours, truly,

Coke

Dandruff Cure

As a Hair Tonic, is cleansing and invigorating. It does marvellous work in stimulating the hair to a renewed growth.

DANDRUFF is the root of all hair trouble. Get rid of it at once, and save your hair before you become bald. We guarantee Coke Dandruff Cure to cure. Price 50c. and \$1.00 a bottle at all druggists.

A. R. BREMER CO., Limited, - Toronto, Chicago, New York, London, Paris

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, MAR. 7th, 1901

Town Fathers in Session

REGULAR BUSINESS AND COMMITTEE WORK TAKEN UP.

The Gas Co. Accounts Passed—The Band's Progress Slow but Sure Says Leader Gray—Tax Collector Nicholls Relieved of a Bill of Costs—The Advice of the Board of Trade will be Sought Relative to Granolithic Walk Percentages—The Consolidation of Town By-Laws, and Other Matters.

Our town fathers met in regular session last Monday in the Council chamber, Mayor Ingle in the chair. The minutes of the last regular and special meetings were read by Clerk Knowlson and on motion were confirmed.

Communications.

From His Honor Judge Dean, acknowledging receipt of letter from Council relative to the passage of traction engines on Kent-st., and expressing his willingness to act in conformity with the Council's wishes.

—Board of Works.

—From Geo. Elliott, referring to his taxes.—Referred to Collector Nicholls.

From John Swain, stating that he was not liable for personality tax.

—Finance Committee.

From Manager Ontario Bank, submitting statements of town balances.

—Auditor and Finance committee.

From H. J. Cadman, Michigan, relative to the establishment of a business college in Lindsay. — Clerk Knowlson authorized to furnish desired information.

From D. Hudson, stating that he had been obliged to clear away the snow banks on Logie-st. in order to get in wood and provisions, and he would hold the town responsible for the sum of \$3—Board of Works.

From J. R. McNeillie, County Treasurer, quoting rules, etc., for the operation of the County stone-crusher for season 1902—Board of Works.

From W. Robbins, Inspector Fire Underwriters' Association giving results of last examination of town fire apparatus—Town Property committee.

Petition from J. McWilliams, Geo. Burton and others, asking for new sidewalk on Colborne-st.—Board of Works.

Petition from Jas. Keith, D. McBrien, Horn Bros, and others, appealing against the proposed change in property-owners percentage of the cost of granolithic walks from 40 to 60 per cent. after their petition for a cement walk had been dealt with and adding that if the percentage was fixed at 60 per cent. they would be content with a new plank walk, the entire cost of which would be paid by the town—Board of Works.

A number of accounts were read and referred to the respective committees for consideration.

A Couple of Reports.

From Market Clerk Callaghan, reporting receipts for February as follows, weighing fees \$58, market tolls \$13.47; total \$71.47—Fyled.

Ad. O'Reilly, chairman, read report No. 4 of the Board of Works, already published. The report was adopted.

The Height of Boulevards.

Ad. Burrows, seconded by Ad. Hore, introduced a by-law to amend By-law No. 525, regulating the construction of boulevards. At Ad. Jackson's suggestion the by-law was referred to the Board of Works for further consideration of the various clauses.

Board of Trade Advice.

Ad. Jackson, referring to the granolithic walk percentage question, suggested that the chairman of the Board of Works consult the president of the Board of Trade and arrange for a joint meeting at which the percentage question might be thoroughly discussed. It was desirable that a by-law should be passed to cover the whole town instead of having a separate by-law for each street, as in the past.

Ad. Burrows approved of the suggestion as being in accord with sound sense and economy.

Ad. Robson—"We ought to be capable of settling the percentage question ourselves."

The Council then adjourned to meet again Tuesday evening, March 11th.

COMMITTEES DO BUSINESS.

Citizens Band Affairs, Street Lights and Tenders for Stone.

The Council business having been run through with such celerity, and the members being in a mood for work, it was decided to spend an hour in committee work and so avoid a wasted evening later in the week.

Town Property Committee.

Ad. Hore, chairman, read a report from Bandmaster Gray, covering the eight months' term from June 3rd to 1st Feb. At organization there was a band of 18 members, but soon found that the list comprised a num-

ber of unsatisfactory players—some were careless in attending, some were mischievous agitators and some were poor players who refused to put in extra practice even when offered free instruction. When winter came he had weeded out a number of the undesirable members.

In December a disagreement arose in connection with the pay for attending the Duke of York's reception in Toronto, and up till a few weeks ago the attendance at the band room had averaged only about eight members, but since then there has been an improvement. In the meantime Mr. Gray had been teaching a class of beginners who would be ready to play in public in about a month. The Band Committee had given no assistance, which was very discouraging in view of the fact that the band had been led to expect such help. It was deemed desirable that the band should be given a voice in the management of its affairs by being allowed two representatives on the committee.

Dr. Burrows—"Our band is a quasi-military organization—don't they receive any aid from the Battalion officers?"

Ad. McDermid—"No, only when we go to the annual camp."

Ad. Jackson suggested that Ad. Hore make the arrangements for a meeting of the Board Committee, band members and Council, in order that band representation on the committee of management might be discussed. This was agreed to.

Ad. Burrows—"The band has been reorganized about seven times every year as long as I can remember and it is now only an effigy of a band.

The passing of a number of accounts brought the business to a close.

Police and Lighting Committee.

Ad. McDermid, chairman, read the Gas Co. accounts for Dec. and Jan., and said they were in accordance with the contract. On motion the strength of this assurance the items were passed.

Ad. O'Reilly—"The Gas Co. asks that they be furnished with a moonlight schedule for every month, and I think the hours should be published in both papers once a month for the information of all citizens. It would serve as a check on the number of lamps burning, as the ratepayers would look closely after the lamps near their homes and report lights out."

Ad. McDermid—"There is another matter to be settled—the hour for extinguishing the lamps; 1 o'clock was the hour fixed, but it has been suggested that 12 o'clock would be more suitable except on Saturday nights."

Ad. Burrows—"The lamps should be kept burning till 1 o'clock every morning."

Ad. McDermid—"Then there is the possibility of lamps being extinguished by mischievous parties and the town having to pay for a service it does not get. Could not the night policeman keep an eye on the lamps?"

Ad. O'Reilly—"The lights on the system will be turned on by electricity next summer."

Ad. McDermid—"But that will not prevent parties turning them off in various parts of the town."

Ad. O'Reilly—"The night policeman could not keep track of the lights unless we relieve him of the bank calls."

Ad. Jackson—"That would never do—he must remain on the business streets."

It was pointed out that a few convictions for tampering with the lights would end any trouble of this kind.

Police Court Calendar.

—One day last week Geo. Ellsworth and Wm. Robinson had a few hot words over some trifling matter, and the language became so strong that Geo. was forced to summon his friend before the Cadi. A young woman was at the bottom of the trouble. The case came up Feb. 27th, before County P.M. Deacon, who officiated in the absence of P.M. Steers, and was adjourned.

Wm. Jackson, of Cambray, appeared before his Worship recently and contributed \$16.69 to the funds of the town treasury. Two charges were lodged against him—one for being drunk and disorderly and using abusive language in Pym's hotel, and the other for assaulting Wm. Burke in the same place.

Railway Notes.

—Thirty-five years ago it took six days to go by stage from Atchison to Denver. It now takes 15 hours by rail. The difference in fare is \$1.75 and \$15.

—The promotion of Mr. F. H. McGuigan to the office of Manager of the Grand Trunk Railway system is regarded with favor by the public, the new manager being a railway man of proved efficiency, whose relations with the staff and the patrons of the road have always been cordial and pleasant.

—The Grand Trunk Railway Company has decided to exhibit in the large cities in the states of Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, Kentucky and Pennsylvania the collections of photographic views they had on display at the Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo. This is done with a view of attracting Americans to Canada's famous pleasure resorts, including Niagara Falls.

—Kidney Troubles of Children.

There are many mothers blessing Dr. Pitcher and his wonderful Backache Kidney Tablets.

This remedy has proved so successful for that serious affliction of children—bed wetting—that mothers rejoice to know of a positive cure.

The Tablets have a strengthening and tonic influence on the weak urinary organs of children and enable them to retain their water naturally.

Don't let your child grow up with this weakness blighting his life. Have the trouble cured in time before it does permanent injury to the health.

THE DIFFICULTY REMOVED.

Mrs. W. M. Glover, Pearl Street, Brockville, Ont., says: "One of my children had been suffering from sluggish kidneys read about Dr. Pitcher's Backache Kidney Tablets, and procured a bottle from F. R. Curry's drug store. They removed the whole difficulty promptly. That depressing pain over the kidneys stopped, dizziness and headaches ceased, and there was a general invigorating of the system. There is no question regarding the merits of these Tablets for back and kidneys."

Dr. Pitcher's Backache Kidney Tablets are 50c. a box, at all druggists or by mail.

The Dr. Zina Pitcher Co., Toronto, Ont.

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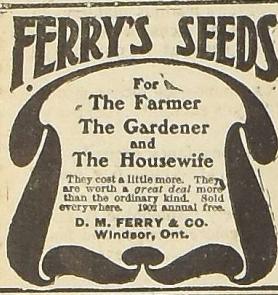
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The Dr. Zina Pitcher Co., Toronto, Ont.

are 50c. a box, at all druggists or by mail.

Don't Wake the Baby.
Did you know you could give medicine to your children while they were soundly sleeping? You certainly can. It is called Vapo-Cresolene. You put some Cresolene in the vaporizer, light the lamp, and place near the bed. The children quietly breathe in the vapor. There is nothing equal to it for whooping cough, croup, colds, cough, sore throat, and all other troubles of the throat and chest. It is economical, pleasant, safe.

Vapo-Cresolene is sold by druggists everywhere. A Vapo-Cresolene outfit, including the Vaporizer and Lamp, which should last a life-time, and a bottle of Cresolene, complete, \$1.50 extra. Send for Cresolene 25 cents and 50 cents. Send a small envelope and we will send you testimonials free upon request. Vapo-Cresolene Co., 100 Fulton St., New York, U.S.A.



The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, MAR. 7th, '02

Fire at Mariposa Station.

ONE OF HOGG & LYTHE'S GRAIN ELEVATORS BURNED.

The Building Destroyed was Used as a Storage Warehouse for Seed Grain, and was About Full—Loss Between \$12,000 and \$15,000.

Eleven No. 2 at Mariposa Station, owned by Messrs. Hogg & Lythe, caught fire Monday last soon after nine o'clock, and was totally destroyed.

The fire was noticed at the north west corner of the building, adjoining the track, soon after the departure of the west-bound express, and the flames spread with such rapidity that only some twenty bags of grain could be rescued. Luckily the wind was blowing away from the main elevator and engine house, and these buildings were saved after a hard fight with the fiery element.

The building destroyed was used as a warehouse for cleaned and seed grain and contained a large stock of peas, wheat, oats, buckwheat, etc., in bags ready for delivery to farmers. It is estimated that the loss will foot up to \$10,000 or \$12,000, which will be covered by insurance.

The elevator will be rebuilt as speedily as possible.

A MOTHER'S ADVICE.

She Tells How Little Ones Can be Kept Well, Contented and Happy.

When baby is cross and irritable you may rest assured he is not well, even if you are unable to see any symptoms of his illness other than fretfulness. It is not natural for a baby to be cross and he is not so without reason. He has no other way of telling his troubles than by crossness and crying. When baby is cross give him Baby's Own Tablets, and they will soon make him good-natured and happy because they will cool his hot little mouth, ease his sour little stomach and help his obstinate little teeth through painlessly. These Tablets are just what every mother needs for her little ones—and for her older children too.

Mrs. Clarence McKay, Roseway, N.S., says—"I find Baby's Own Tablets the best medicine I have ever used for my little ones. When my baby was four months old he was very much troubled with indigestion. He would vomit his food as soon as he took it, no matter what I gave him and he seemed to be always hungry and kept thin and delicate. He also suffered from constipation. After giving him the Tablets a few days the vomiting ceased and his bowels became regular, and I must say that since I began the use of the Tablets I have had less trouble with this baby than I had with any of the rest of my children." Every mother should keep Baby's Own Tablets on the house at all times—there is no telling when an emergency may arise.

These Tablets are a certain cure for all the minor ailments of little ones, such as constipation, indigestion, colic, diarrhoea, sour stomach and simple fever. They break up colic, allay the irritation accompanying the cutting of teeth. They are sold under a guarantee to contain no opiate or other harmful drug, and dissolved in water, may be given with absolute safety to the youngest infant. Sold by all druggists at 25 cents a box, or sent post paid on receipt of price by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Church Notes.

—Rev. Dr. Langtry, rector of St. Luke's church, Toronto, and Rural Dean, preached in St. Paul's church Sunday. He was specially emphasizing the need of decent military work. In the morning his text was St. Matt. 24, 28, "So go work today in my vineyard!" He spoke of the critical character of the age, men questioning everything, asking "Is life worth living?", and many answers were given as to the aim or purpose of life, but none as satisfactory as the one implied in the text, that of being co-workers together with God. He spoke of all Christians being called to be workers (not only the clergy) and of the work to be done in our own lives by manifesting the fruits of the Spirit in our families in the congregations. In the diocese, the needs of which he particularly brought before the people, were great with regard to missions beyond. His text in the evening was from Job 12, 14, "Follow after holiness, without which no man shall see the Lord!" Both these addresses were learned and thoughtful discourses, and should be productive of much fruit among those present.

LOCAL BREVIETIES

—March came in like a shower bath.—Mr. W. P. Chase, who for many years ran a saw mill at Gannon's Narrows, South Harvey, has decided to remove to British Columbia.

—While walking along Cambridge-st one day last week Miss M. Morton fell on the slippery sidewalk and unfortunately sprained her right ankle.

—Jas. Payne, a west end athlete,

while exercising in his gymnasium the other evening lost his grip and fell, scraping and bruising his face badly. He will stick to the same old bar, however.

—The annual meeting of the Canadian Lacrosse Association will be held in Toronto on Good Friday. Lindsay should be represented at the meeting if the town intends putting a team in the Association.

—Mr. Dan McGribben has an exhibition in his window a British and Boer handoller, also the box of chocolates presented to members of the Canadian contingents. These souvenirs are the property of Mr. Chas. Graham.

—An ex-hanger says a girl is like starting a newspaper. It starts out a weekly, then becomes a tri-weekly, then merges into a daily, and if it has any enterprise comes out with an extra once a year.

—Last Friday's heavy shower had a depressing effect on the snow-banks and started a thousand rivulets running merrily. In some parts of the town the sidewalks are flooded, causing great inconvenience to pedestrians.

—The 11th annual meeting of the Ontario Educational Association will be held at the Normal School, Toronto, on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, April 1st, 2nd and 3rd. Programmes can be obtained on application to Inspector Kuhlig.

—Local lumber men say that a big deal is being arranged by the Pennsylvania Lumber Co. for the purchase of valuable timber limits in some of the towns of the Haliburton Lumber Co. Woodrangers are now making a tour of the limits.

—Andrew Carnegie during 1901 donated to the cause of public education, embracing universities and libraries, \$10,200,000, or an average of more than \$11,000 for each of the 265 days. Lindsay's \$10,000 Library grant figures in the above total.

—The Minneapolis Journal notes an outbreak of smallpox in the home of Rev. G. V. Vallentyne, pastor of the Park Avenue M. E. church in that city, who was raised in Brock township and has many friends and relatives in this locality. The house was quarantined and the inmates are improving.

—The last issue of the Winnipeg Free Press contains the year's report of the Humane Society of that city, of which Mr. A. F. D. MacGachan, formerly of this town, is President. Action was taken in 350 cases of ill-treatment and cruelty, showing that dumb animals in the city are well looked after by the society.

—Fenelon Falls is to have another woodenware factory, a number of leading citizens having taken stock in a company headed by Mr. W. H. Church of that village, who formerly represented Mr. Sandford on the road. Messrs. McDougall, Brandon & Austin will furnish 100 h.p. of electric energy at \$15 per h.p. per annum.

—A railing should at once be placed in position on the edge of the sidewalk crossing the creek near Sylvester's. The water is rushing through at mill-rate speed, and the grating does not properly protect the entrance. Should a child slip off the walk and be swept underground, the Bo'r'l of Works would be to blame for the death of the little one.

—In the house of commons, Wednesday, Mr. Sutherland, in reply to a question by Mr. Ward, M.P., East Durham, said that no action had been taken since last season regarding the continuation of the Trent Valley Canal from Rice Lake to Lake Ontario, and no decision has been arrived at regarding the adoption of the Trent River of Port Hope route respectively.

—Mr. John Claws, of Morden, Man., a brother of Henry Claws, the well-known New York banker, and a relative of Mrs. R. S. Porter, town stamped a silver 5-cent piece forty-six years ago with the name and birth date of his son, John Claws, Jr., and at once disposed of the coin. One day last week when his son recovered change after making a purchase, he found the coin as part of it.

—The Peterboro Examiner says that at a meeting of the Little Lake Cemetery Board, recently held in Peterboro, a resolution was passed prohibiting Sunday interments unless in extreme cases, when the presentation of a physician's certificate will be necessary. Similar action has been taken by a large number of cemetery companies throughout the province. It has long been felt that the Riverside Cemetery Co. of this town, should provide a vault, which would be a great convenience in the case of winter burials.

—**Children Cry for CASTORIA.**

Our North Country Bridges.

Mr. M. Lounsbury, of Bradford, government Inspector of Colonization Roads and Bridges, passed through on Saturday from both country points, where he had been on a tour of inspection. In an interview with our representative Mr. Lounsbury said the bridges of the north country are greatly in need of repair, and if nothing is done by the settlers to repair them, in fifteen years they will have no bridges at all. The municipalities are approaching me to grants towards bridges for repairs and for building new ones, and the government supplements the grant. Instead of doing that the township authorities have deferred action, and now the bridges are becoming unsafe for traffic. The settlers in the northern townships are selling the timber to buyers and consequently the municipalities are unable to procure good timber for the bridges—in fact they are worse off than Bradford County for timber. Mr. Lounsbury inspected Maxwell's, Minden, Irondequoit and Furture Falls' bridges and found it impossible to go to Wilberforce and Gooderham on account of the bad state of the roads.

—**Church Notes.**

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—Mr. G. M. Hunt, inspector for the British Empire Life Insurance Co., and Mr. Clement of Montreal, inspector for the North American Fire Insurance Co., were in town recently calling on their local agent, Mr. T. W. Greer.

—Mr. Wm. Davy, who formerly carried on a dry goods business at Fenelon Falls and Bobcaygeon, but who is now proprietor of a large store in Sainte Marie, was in town last week on his way to Toronto to purchase a stock of goods.

His son Wesley, who carried on the Fenelon Falls store for a time, is now engaged in the boot and shoe business at the Sainte Marie, and is doing a brisk trade.

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THE WEEKLY POST, LINDSAY, ONTARIO, MARCH 7, 1802

The Richest Strike IN THE COUNTRY!

...AT...

43½¢
On the Dollar.

DROPS INTO THE HANDS OF

A. J. GRAHAM

THE KING CLOTHIER, OF LINDSAY.



Watch Graham
do the
Clothing Trade.

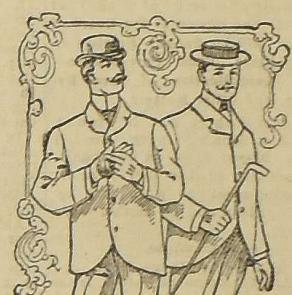
A. J. GRAHAM, The King Clothier.

There are two times to buy clothing—one is the time YOU want to, the other is the time WE want to. The latter time has come, and with it an opportunity to buy OVERCOATS, ULSTERS, REEFERS and SUITS for another year AT THE BARE COST OF MANUFACTURE! Now's the time for prompt action. The great inducements of last week will be continued this week.—Remember: HALF and LESS THAN HALF regular winter prices, for a short time only.

\$12,000 WORTH OF MONTREAL FINE CLOTHING.

At a fraction on the dollar, all bunched in this Furnace of Reduction Sale! The stock must melt like a sudden thaw, and the flood of bargains should bring eager crowds from all sections of the country.

We are on the eve of spring. New spring goods are rubbing in upon us. There must be no half measures. Sell we must. We are dead in earnest. Sunbeams or blizzards, this Montreal stock at 43½¢ on the dollar is yours at shrivelled prices. Your time is short—the option is limited. Come!



PERSONALS

—Dr. J. P. Keith, of Omemee, was in town last week.

—Dr. Bonnell, of Bobcaygeon, called on town friends lately.

—Mr. J. J. Dawkins, of Dorset, was lately returning from Toronto.

—Mr. Wm. McArthur, of Fenelon Falls, was in town lately on business.

—Miss Lottie Oakes left for Toronto lately, where she has accepted a position.

—Mr. J. McFarland, general merchant, Fenelon Falls, was in town last week on business.

—Mr. Bert Menzies, of London, who had been visiting his parents in town, returned last Friday.

—Mr. Joe Heard, hardware merchant, Fenelon Falls, was in town lately transacting business.

—Miss Fee, who had been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Coburn, east ward, returned to her home in Petrolia last week.

—Mr. Thos. Robson, of Fenelon Falls, attended the reception tendered to the curlers on Tuesday of last week.

—Mr. Fred Hopkins, who had been visiting the Toronto general hospital suffering from appendicitis, is visiting home at present.

—Mr. Sinclair, of Calgary, N.W.T., and Mr. L. Somers, of Rapid City, Man., spent a few days lately with friends in town.

—Miss O'Boyle, who had been visiting her uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. F. O'Boyle, south ward, returned to her home in Upton Grove lately.

—Mr. Percy White, formerly of Messrs. Edwards & Co.'s staff, is now holding a good position with a wholesale hardware firm in St. Louis.

—The many friends of Miss Nugent, daughter of Mr. R. Nugent, sr., will be pleased to hear that she is recovering from a severe attack of appendicitis.

—Mr. C. Gurney, of the Gurney Foundry Co., Toronto, and Mr. Wright, the firm's eastern representative, were in town lately on business.

—Mrs. J. P. Ryley was in Toronto last week attending the International Convention of the Women's Board of Foreign Missions, U.S. and Canada, and also the Students' Vol-

unteer Convention.

—Mr. John J. Rose, of Quebec, arrived in town on Saturday. He was on his way to Bobcaygeon to visit relatives.

—Mr. J. E. Littleton, of Parry Sound, was in town Saturday, passing through to Hamilton to take a position.

—Mr. Geo. Murphy, of Quebec, arrived in town on Saturday. He was on his way to Bobcaygeon to visit relatives.

—Mr. Jas. Twohey left Monday for Woodville to spend a few days before going to Hamilton to take a position.

Bargain Friday and Saturday

MARCH 7th and 8th

We are going to give you the balance of our Furs at cost.

1 Man's Coon Coat, reg. \$60, Bargain Days	\$49.00
1 Man's Coon Coat, reg. \$48.00 Bargain Days	41.00
1 Man's Coon Coat, reg. \$36.00, Bargain Days	28.00
1 Black Dog Coat, reg. \$28.00, Bargain Days	20.00
1 Black Goat Coat, reg. \$20.00 Bargain Days	16.50
1 Black Wallaby Coat, reg. \$10.00 Bargain Days	16.50
1 Black Wallaby Coat, reg. \$27.00, Bargain Days	23.00
1 Swamp Wallaby Coat, reg. \$38.50 Bargain Days	27.75
1 Ladies' Astrachan Coat, reg. \$55.00, Bargain Days	26.75
1 Ladies' Astrachan Coat, reg. price \$55.00, Bargain Days	29.50
1 Electric Seal Coat, reg. price \$39.00, Bargain Days	28.50
1 Electric Seal Coat, reg. price \$37.50, Bargain Days	11.25
1 Grey Lamb Caprine, reg. price \$15.00, Bargain Days	11.50
1 Grey Lamb Caprine, reg. price \$16.50, Bargain Days	12.75
1 Grey Lamb Caprine, reg. price \$11.50 Bargain Days	9.50
1 Black Thibet Muff, reg. price 6.25, Bargain Days	5.00
1 Martin Sable Muff, reg. \$7.00, Bargain Days	5.75
Men's Wool Underwear, reg. \$1.10 each, Bargain Days	90c
Men's Wool Underwear, reg. 75c, Bargain Days	60c
Men's Wool Underwear reg 60c each, Bargain Days	45c
Men's Fleeced Underwear, reg. 50c, each, Bargain Days	37c
Ladies' Vests, reg. 75c, Bargain Days	60c
Ladies' Drawers, reg. 50c, Bargain Days	43c
Ladies' Drawers, reg. 50c, Bargain Days	43c
Ladies' Vests reg. price 50c, Bargain Days	10 per cent off Bargain Days.
Men's New Felt Hats, 10 per cent off Bargain Days.	
Men's Wool Underwear, reg. \$1.10 each, Bargain Days	90c
Men's Wool Underwear, reg. 75c, Bargain Days	60c
Men's Wool Underwear reg 60c each, Bargain Days	45c
Men's Fleeced Underwear, reg. 50c, each, Bargain Days	37c
Ladies' Vests, reg. 75c, Bargain Days	60c
Ladies' Drawers, reg. 50c, Bargain Days	43c
Ladies' Vests reg. price 50c, Bargain Days	10 per cent off all white wear, Bargain Days.
1 Piece 60-in. White Table Linen, reg. 90c, Bargain Days	75c
1 Piece Half Bleached Table Linen, reg. 70c, Bargain Days	59c
1 Piece Half Bleached Table Linen, reg. 30c, Bargain Days	23c
1 Roller Towelling, reg. 12c, Bargain Days	9c
1 Roller Towelling, reg. 11c, Bargain Days	6c
1 Roller Towelling, reg. 8c, Bargain Days	5c
Men's Wool Sox, reg. 13c, Bargain Days	10c
100 Pairs Cashmere Sox reg. 25c Bargain Days	18c
Men's Heavy Braces, Leather ends, reg. 25c, Bargain Days	20c
1 Black Soleil Dress Goods, reg. 65c, Bargain Days	50c
1 Black Soleil Dress Serge, reg. 90c, Bargain Days	70c
Lace Curtains, reg. 60c, Bargain Days	45c
Lace Curtains, reg. 50c, Bargain Days	40c
Lace Curtains, reg. 3½ yards, reg. \$1.10, Bargain Days	85c
Lace Curtains, 3½ yards, reg. 1.25, Bargain Days	1.05
Scrim, reg. 7c, Bargain Days	5c
Scrim, reg. 10c, Bargain Days	81/2c
Colored Wool Damask, reg. 65c, Bargain Days	53c
42-in. White Lawn reg. 12c Bargain Days	22c
1 8-4 White Sheetings reg. 27c, Bargain Days	6c
Men's Turkey Red Hdks, reg. 8c, Bargain Days	5c
Men's White Hdks, reg. 8c Bargain Days	3c
Men's White Hdks, reg. 5c Bargain Day	2c
Ladies' Cashmere Hose, reg. 35c, Bargain Days	27c
4 Bundles Tape for	5c
4 Papers of Pins for	5c
2 Boxes Our Own Idea Buttons, 3 Doz in box	8c
300 yards White Cotton, reg. 11c, Bargain Days	7c
5 Pieces Embroidery, reg. 10c, Bargain Days	

E. E. W. McGAFFEY

Lindsay's Leader of Low Cash Prices Dry Goods House.

G. A. LITTLE

Cares Not
How
LITTLE You
Buy, so
Long as
You Buy it from
LITTLE.



Sign of the Mill Saw.

South Side Kent St.

MCLENNAN & CO.

Horse Clippers,
Toilet Clippers,
Leather Mitts,
Washing Machines,
Churns,
Scales.
Portland cement,
Sewer Pipe,
Fire Clay,
Circular Saws,
Cross Cut Saws,
Axes.
Fruit Choppers,
Meat Cutters,
Bird Cages.

Builders' Hardware,
Carriage Hardware,
"Prism Brand" Paints.
SCRANTON COAL.

McLennan & Co.

Hardware, Coal and Iron.

FARM FOR SALE—Or will rent for a term of years, being composed of Lots 2 in the 5th and 6th Concession, also the southwest quarter of Lot 3 on the 6th Concession of the township of Verulam. This desirable farm is situated in the best portion of the township, on what is known as the Scotch Line. There is on the premises 145 acres cleared and in good state of cultivation, good orchard and buildings and three good wells. Easy terms to purchaser or good tenant. Immediate possession if required. For terms and particulars apply to DAVID KENNEDY, at The Kennedy & Davis Milling Co's Lumber Yard, Lindsay.—ws.

A. HIGGINBOTHAM, Druggist,

NEXT TO PYM'S HOTEL

JONES—SMILEY—RICHARDSON,

Academy of Music March 20th.

Harvin Jones, England's foremost Tenor, supported by Owen A. Smiley, Entertainer, and Hilda Richardson, Cellist, have been engaged to give a concert here on the 20th. Mr. Jones arrived at Halifax on the 23rd Feb. and on the 24th made his first Canadian appearance. Mr. J. Parnell Morris, who is the director of this concert, received a telegram after this concert saying this was the best concert of the year at Halifax, that Jones was all that had been claimed for him as England's leading tenor and that Smiley was better than ever. The plan for subscribers opens Friday morning, the 7th March, at 8.30. Reserved seats 50c, gallery 35c.—wl.

OBITUARY.

Emma Jane Levey.

It is with deep regret we chronicle the death of Miss Emma Jane Levey, third daughter of John and Emma Levey, Lindsay-st., at the early age of 24 years and 6 months. For over a year she had been a patient sufferer, and although everything was done that medical skill could devise and kindly hand could dispense she passed peacefully away at 12.30 o'clock Monday. While her loss will be felt in the town and country as a whole, the greatest loss is that shared by the congregation of the Cambridge-st. Methodist church, the Young Peoples Society of C. E. and the choir, in all of which she was an ardent and diligent worker. At the time when first laid aside by illness she was the esteemed and devoted secretary of Victoria County Union of C. E., and much of the success of the local as well as the county society was due to her zealous efforts.

The funeral took place from the family residence, 50 Lindsay-st., south, on Wednesday afternoon at 2.30, to Riverside cemetery. The parents and relatives of the deceased have the sincere sympathy of all in this hour of sore bereavement.

DOWNEYVILLE.

It seems as though the person or persons who have been doing the corresponding to the papers from this place during the past few weeks must have been caught in one of the recent snowstorms and been stuck in a bank for three or four days and came out with their brains slightly or greatly overturned.

HORE—ISAAC—In Toronto, on Wednesday, March 5th, 1902, by the Rev. J. A. Turnbull, B.A., LL.B., Mary Louise, second daughter of Wm. Hore, esq., of the township of Fenelon to James Albert Isaac, also of Fenelon.

MARRIAGES

HORE—ISAAC—In Toronto, on Wednesday, March 5th, 1902, by the Rev. J. A. Turnbull, B.A., LL.B., Mary Louise, second daughter of Wm. Hore, esq., of the township of Fenelon to James Albert Isaac, also of Fenelon.

COLLEGIATE LECTURE COURSE.

The Leader of the Dominion Opposition Will Visit Lindsay on Friday, March 14th.

The next lecture of the Collegiate Institute Lecture Course will be delivered Friday evening of next week, March 14th, by Robert Laird Borden, K.C., M.P., leader of the Opposition in the Dominion parliament, who succeeded Sir Charles Tupper. The subject is one in which Canadians are taking a deep interest at the present time, "The Influence of Canada upon Imperial Policy," and it may confidently be expected that its treatment by the talented and eloquent leader of the conservative forces will be worthy of the theme and the reputation of the speaker. The assembly Hall of the Collegiate should be packed to the doors on Tuesday evening, 14th inst.

Robert Laird Borden was born at Grand Pre, June 26, 1854. His great grandfather came to Nova Scotia from Connecticut, previous to the American Revolution. He was educated at Acadia Vista Academy, Horton, N. S., and was for a time professor in Glenwood Institute, N. J. Returning to Nova Scotia he studied law and was called to the bar in 1878. Mr. Borden rose rapidly in his profession. He is head of the legal firm of Borden, Ritchie, Parker & Chrisholm, Halifax; has been a partner at various times with the late Sir John Thompson, Mr. Justice Graham and Sir G. H. Tupper; is president of the Nova Scotia Barristers' Society; was created Q. C. in 1899, and has appeared with distinction before the Privy Council. He entered the House of Commons in 1896, and soon distinguished himself as a man of unusual power. On the retirement of Sir Charles Tupper from the leadership of the opposition in 1900, Mr. Borden was elected to that honorable position, and has shown great ability in the discharge of his duties. As a lawyer, a parliamentarian, a debater and a gentleman of finest character Mr. Borden ranks among the best in the House, and all parties unite in high appreciation of his work.

LOCAL BREVIETIES

Coughs, colds, hoarseness, and other throat ailments are quickly relieved by Vapo-Crescent Tablets, ten cents per box. All druggists.

Dr. Ryerson of Toronto will be at the Benson house, Lindsay Saturday, March 15th, for consultation in eye, ear and throat cases—lw2.

The grand racing carnival which was postponed on account of the mild weather will take place on Friday night Mar. 7th. This promises to be the best and most interesting event of the season.

The plan for Hirwen Jones' concert opens for subscribers Friday morning at 8.30. The list is at Porter's bookstore, and we urge all who have not already done so to place their names down before Thursday evening. This promises to be the greatest concert every given in Lindsay—dw1.

A freight smash-up occurred on the I. B. & O. Railway Saturday afternoon. Soon after the train left the junction something went wrong with the front truck of one of the box cars attached and two cars filled with baled hay were thrown across the track, which was badly torn up for a short distance. The hay was being taken to Hazlett's camps by Foreman Jas. Eakins.

CHILD SCALDED TO DEATH.

Sad Occurrence in Emily.

As we go to press our Ontemee correspondent informs us of a sad fatality which occurred near the village Wednesday afternoon. The ten-months-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. McConnell was scalded by the upsetting of a tea pot filled with hot water, which fell on the child's head. Death resulted a few hours later.

HE IS SATISFIED WITH LINDSAY.

One of our New Citizens Says we Have One of the Best Towns in Canada.

Mr. N. Hockin, boot and shoe merchant, purchased Mr. W. L. White's long established business in February, 1901, and his year's residence has left him well satisfied with Lindsay as a business centre—so much so, in fact, that he has definitely decided to make the town his future home and will devote his abundant energy to the development of his business and the furthering of schemes for the improvement of the town. Mr. Hockin is the right type of citizen—he has good ideas and is not afraid to make himself heard when a matter stands in need of frank discussion. We congratulate Mr. Hockin on his business success during his first year in town, and trust that the year upon which he is just entering may witness the doubling of his output.

SECOND ANNUAL MEETING ONTARIO LIBRARY ASSOCIATION.

Valuable Information Prepared.

The second annual meeting of the Ontario Library Association will be held in Castle Memorial Hall, McMaster University, Monday and Tuesday, March 31 and April 1. Papers will be read on the following subjects: "Library Buildings," "Some Difficulties Met in a Small Library," "How to Secure the Passage of a Free Public Library By-law," "Canadian Fiction," "Canadian Periodicals," "Useful Methods in a Small Public Library," "The Training of Librarians," "The Public Documents of Canada and the Province of Ontario," "The Value of a Public Library to a Community," "Viscissitudes of a Public Library During Fifty Years." Everyone interested in library work is invited to attend. The Secretary, Mr. E. A. Hardy, Lindsay, will be glad to furnish information to anyone on application, and especially requests that any librarian or member of a library board failing to receive a printed announcement will write for same.

The Salvation Army.

Brigadier Pickering, accompanied by the far-famed brigade, "The Hand Bell Ringers," will visit Lindsay on March 22nd and 23rd. Fuller announcement next week.

DOWNEYVILLE.

It seems as though the person or persons who have been doing the corresponding to the papers from this place during the past few weeks must have been caught in one of the recent snowstorms and been stuck in a bank for three or four days and came out with their brains slightly or greatly overturned.

PERSONALS

—Mr. T. H. DeCew, of Fenelon Falls, is in town Monday on business.

—Mr. W. J. Mitchell, of Kirkfield, is in town Monday on business.

—Mrs. E. J. Luke, of Oshawa, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. F. A. McDermid, Bond-st.

—Mr. A. D. McClean, who had been visiting friends in town, returned to Munro, Tuesdays.

—Mr. Ryan Switzer, boot and shoe merchant, Woodville, was in town Monday on business.

—Mr. Patrick Turner, of Fenelon township, spent a couple of days last week visiting Toronto friends.

—Miss Lydia McFadden, who had been visiting at her home for the past four months, left Thursday for Glasgow, Nova Scotia.

—Mr. Dan Costello, of Downeyville, who had been visiting friends in Toronto, returned home last week, after spending a pleasant holiday.

—Miss Wallace, of Dundas & Flavelle Bros' staff, who had been visiting friends in Toronto and other western points, returned home last Monday.

—Mr. Jas. Dickson, D.L.S., Fenelon Falls, was in town Tuesday passing through to Warsaw, where he has been engaged to do some surveying.

—Mr. McClosker, of Messrs. Dundas & Flavelle Bros' staff, returned last night from Toronto and western points, after enjoying a pleasant visit with friends.

—Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Hopwood, of Toronto were in town Sunday, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Sisson, Cobourg-st. Mrs. H. will remain in town for a few days.

—Mr. Alex. Watson, formerly of Kincardine, passed through from that village to Toronto lately. Mr. Watson is now travelling for a clothing firm of Toronto.

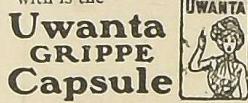
—Miss Fannie McDiarmid, professional nurse, who had been visiting friends at Fenelon Falls and Lindsay for the past few weeks, has returned to St. Albans, Vermont, to resume her duties as head nurse in the hospital there.

—Mr. F. J. Farley, of Toronto, representing Parker's Dye Works, is spending a few days in town on business. Mr. Farley is a lover of Canada's national game, lacrosse, and is a member of the Toronto lacrosse team, an organization that will tour England this spring. The team will leave Toronto on March 25th for the oil land. They are scheduled to play 17 games in England and Ireland, one of which will be played with the celebrated Duke of Argyle's team.

—Mrs. Wm. Mackay, of Fort Hope, is spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. (Dr.) Herriman, Cambridge-

Stop Coughing!

No cold need ever reach the cough stage. Catch it and kill it—the quickest, surest and pleasantest medicine in the world to-day to do it with is the



treatment—it stimulates circulation—substitutes the ruddy glow of normal warmth for the parched and fevered skin—it prevents—it cures—it never fails to cure—coughs, colds or Grippe—hundreds bear testimony to its efficacy. Sold by your druggist at 25 cents a box—or you may order it direct from the manufacturers.

UWANTA MFG CO., Ltd., Ottawa, Ont.

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, MAR. 7th, 1902

Our Educational Systems

INTERESTING ADDRESS BY PRESIDENT NORMAN F. BLACK

At the East Victoria Teachers' Convention—Provincial School Systems Outlined and Compared.

At the recent convention of the East Victoria Educational Association, the address of the president, Mr. Norman F. Black, Lindsay, aroused considerable discussion. In view of the importance of and general interest attaching to the facts compiled in Mr. Black's essay, the Association have requested its publication. The text of the address has just been handed to us and is as follows:

Canadian Educational Systems.

From childhood we have been accustomed to recognize the school system of Ontario as one of the proudest distinctions of this premier province of the Dominion. And our pride has been justifiable, for the statesmen who more than half a century ago instituted our school system earned a fame not merely provincial but wide as the educational world. To say nothing of alien States that have adopted as their own many features once practically unique in our own system, there has arisen during the past half century a splendid sisterhood of Canadian provinces each in turn modeling her school law to a greater or less degree on that of Ontario. This imitation has not been slavish, however, for the other provinces have wisely sought to benefit by our experience, to avoid errors into which time has shown that Ontario fell when clearing the way for educational progress, and to make their various systems adequately reflect the best educational ideals of the day. And now the time has come when the friends of education in this province may well look beyond our provincial borders to see whether after fifty years of long-lying inactivity there may not be in the distinctive features of the other provincial school systems some things we might well incorporate in our own.

In the educational history of Canada, 1846 marked an epoch full of import. In that year Dr. Ryerson's report on a projected scheme of popular education for Upper Canada was published and his first School Bill, based thereupon, was passed; a Board of Education was appointed for the Province and the Education Department was organized; a Provincial Normal School was established; district superintendents superseded local township superintendents; and a series of school books was selected which remained in use for two years. To attempt here to recount even briefly the story of the agitation and experimental legislation along educational lines prior to the middle of the century, and of how in 1849 Baldwin deliberately strained the constitution itself to facilitate Ryerson's reforms and hold opposition in check, would lead us too far afield. It must suffice to say that after years of fighting, Ryerson by his

Common Schools Act of 1850 crystallized a system that in its outstanding features remains unblended to this day. The only important alteration in the machinery of educational administration since 1850 was made in 1876, when the office of Chief Superintendent was replaced by that of Minister of Education responsible to the legislature.

Ryerson modeled our school system on that of Prussia, and in his report borrowed largely from a similar document just previously issued by Horace Mann, then secretary of the Massachusetts State Board of Education. Ryerson's ideal for a general school system demanded that the schools be subject to general provincial supervision, control and financial aid, but that the details of management and certain pecuniary responsibilities be left to the respective localities in which the various schools were situated; that the financial burden be borne chiefly by a general tax; that elementary schools be free and attendance compulsory; and that school inspectors be experienced educationists possessing teaching certificates of the first grade. In addition to the character-

istics of our Ontario system implied in the foregoing its defenders emphasize the advantages arising from clear lines of demarcation separating the three main classes of schools involved in our system, viz., the Public School, the High School and the University; from the uniform curricula; from the fact that professional training is required of all teachers; from the public school inspector's independence arising from his not being subject to removal by popular vote; from the uniformity of our text books; from the examination of teachers by Provincial rather than by local authorities; from the uniform matriculation examinations; from the practical absence of party politics in the local administration of educational affairs; and from the fact that, while admitting the place of separate schools and denominational universities, our school system is

National rather than Sectarian.

Of these manifold advantages I mean to say very little, for it is my purpose in this address to call attention especially to the law governing the appointment of Public School Inspectors and to the nature and amount of our government grant to elementary schools.

As regards the first of these points, everyone here knows that our County Inspectors, upon whom more than upon anyone else the efficiency of popular education depends, are appointed, not by the Education Department, whose representatives they nominally are, but by County Councils. As regards the provincial grant, reference to the last published report of the Minister of Education, 1900, reveals a total expenditure by the government in aid of elementary schools of \$374,277 as against a dozen times that sum raised for similar purposes by county, township and local taxation. The vicarial grant is allotted on the basis of average attendance. The total cost of our Public Schools may be stated at an average of \$9.28 per pupil enrolled.

Though it is exceedingly interesting and ingenious in many respects, I shall refer but very briefly to the school system of Quebec, framed as it is to meet conditions widely different from those prevailing in Ontario. The schools in Lower Canada are sectarian and educational affairs are administered by a Council of Public Instruction, which is subdivided into the Protestant Committee and the Catholic Committee, superintending the schools of their respective co-religionists. The Superintendent of Education, appointed by the Government, is ex officio a member of both these committees. In '97 a bill to secularize the schools and organize the system along the lines adopted in Ontario passed the Legislative Assembly but was defeated in the Legislative Council. In Quebec School Inspectors are appointed by the Lieutenant-Governor, on recommendation of the Protestant or of the Roman Catholic committee of the Council of Public Instruction.

Let us now turn to Nova Scotia and seek facts interesting and valuable regarding educational affairs down by the Atlantic. The first Provincial Superintendent of Education in that province was no less distinguished an educationist than

Sir William Dawson, who held the office from 1850 to 1853. The first Nova Scotian Normal School was established in 1855, nine years after ours. Tupper's Free School Act in 1864 brought the system into its present form. The Council of Public Instruction consists of the Cabinet together with the Superintendent, who is not called upon to find a constituency and is answerable directly to the Government, not to the Legislative Assembly. The rural trustee system is like ours, but the urban school boards each consist of three commissioners appointed by the municipal council and two appointed by the Government. One provincial and one municipal appointed retire yearly.

The provincial grant in Nova Scotia is paid, not on the basis of average attendance, as in Ontario, but on the basis of the qualifications possessed by the teacher. The public school inspectors are appointed by the Council of Public Instruction on recommendation of the Superintendent, whose duties in general correspond to those of the Minister of Education in Ontario.

One notices on opening the report of the Superintendent that since '93 the school year ends with July. The obvious advantages of this suggest the thought that common-sense as well as the almanac might well be consulted in determining the end of our own school year. How absurd it is, for example, that in our yearly reports we treat all successful Entrance candidates as absent pupils from August to December, and how many pupils there must be whose names are counted more than once in making up the total Provincial school enrollment?

The next province to establish a free and well developed school system was New Brunswick. There the law assumed its present aspect in 1871, the year in which our own elementary schools shook off the remnants of the fee system twenty-five years after the passing of Ryerson's first Common Schools Act. In New Brunswick the central administrative body is called the Provincial Board of Education. It consists of the Lieutenant-Governor, the Executive Council and a Superintendent (as in Nova Scotia), together with the Chancellor of the Provincial University, and among its duties is that of appointing the public school inspectors.

The government grant for school purposes, according to a British special parliamentary report (1901) on Colonial Educational Systems, amounts to about

One-Seventh of the Entire Income of the Government and is about three times as great as that of Ontario in proportion to the sum raised by local taxation. The law makers of New Brunswick also diverged from the Ontario model regarding the appointment of the grant and evidently felt that even the law in New Brunswick overlooked considerations that should weigh with legislators. Accordingly the grant depends in amount on the grade of the teacher's certificate, upon his rank as principal or assistant, and upon the grading of the school as regards equipment and efficiency. It is noteworthy that the County Grammar Schools in New Brunswick are free.

In British Columbia the problem of public instruction was faced in 1872 with a courage and enterprise heroic in kind. The central administrative body is similar to that in Nova Scotia and, as in the eastern maritime provinces, the inspectors are

appointed by it. Urban schools in British Columbia receive a grant of \$10 per capita average attendance. At his option the Provincial Superintendent may furnish apparatus and supplies to newly rural schools and the salaries of rural teachers are paid entirely by grant based upon the grade of the teacher's certificate and on the length of his experience. The average cost per pupil enrolled is a little more than \$14, but much smaller than the sum the people of Ontario are willing to spend. The total government grant for educational purposes in 1899 was \$333,016. If the Ontario Provincial grant were in the same proportion to the population it would amount to about \$3,834,085 instead of less than \$375,000.

British Columbia is the country teacher's Eldorado, for our western cousins understand the importance of good rural schools as an inducement to immigrants. Accordingly the shamefully low salaries that we know of in Ontario are not a feature of the British Columbia system. As soon as a district is ready to employ a teacher at all it is considered ready to employ

The Best One Available

and at a reasonable salary. The lowest paid in any rural school is \$600, while the average is \$870; the average for the entire province is \$715, while in Ontario that for male teachers in 1899 was \$394 and that for female teachers a hundred dollars less.

One valuable feature of the British Columbia annual official report is a directory or schedule stating the salary paid in each school, the grade of the teacher's certificate, and the names of the trustees. How much time, energy and expense would be saved if Ontario teachers answering advertisements with the notorious "state salary" clause could obtain at cost a schedule affording similar information?

In 1877 the public school system of Prince Edward Island assumed shape. The administrative body that by that time best commanded itself to legislators includes the Cabinet, the Chief Superintendent and the Principal of the Provincial College and Normal School, together with two inspectors appointed by the Government. Salaries are paid by a government grant supplemented by local assessment; instead of by local assessment supplemented by a government grant, as in Ontario. One interesting detail of the law in that teachers' certificates lapse after two years of non-use.

When in 1882 the Territories were organized the new Council of Public Instruction could not include Principals of Colleges and Normal Schools, as in Prince Edward Island and other provinces for no such institutions had yet been established; but the same sentiment underlying the organization of the more recently established eastern colonies manifests itself in the inclusion of two Roman Catholic and two Protestant advisors, who, however, have no voting power. The Superintendent of Education is chairman of the Council, not merely its secretary as in other provinces employing such an officer, and he must be a member of the Cabinet, so his position closely approximates that of the Minister of Education for Ontario. The present Superintendent is Dr. Goggin, an Ontario man, of whom we may justly be proud. In spite of complications arising out of religious differences and the existence of extensive settlements of foreigners, the educational prospects of the Territories are bright indeed. Here also the public school inspectors are appointed by the Chief Superintendent. In this connection it is interesting to note that every three years they are transferred to New Inspectorates and while this plan is open to obvious objections and unpopular with inspectors themselves Dr. Goggin says in practice it has resulted advantageously to the public service.

Transferred to New Inspectorates and while this plan is open to obvious objections and unpopular with inspectors themselves Dr. Goggin says in practice it has resulted advantageously to the public service.

In the Territories the law makers evidently felt it to be unnecessary for the Government to assume so much of the burden of school support as the provincial authorities in British Columbia had done, but also recognized the necessity for a generous and elastic system of school grants. The first of these is a grant of \$1.40 for each day a school is open up to the 210 day limit; then comes an enrollment grant of \$1.50 per pupil; a third grant depends on the grade of the teacher's certificate, 25 cents per diem for first class certificates, 10 cents per diem for second class certificates; besides all of which there is a kind of general efficiency grant of from 5 cents to 15 cents per diem. That is to say, that in a properly equipped school remaining in session the full year, employing a teacher holding a first class certificate, and having an enrollment of twenty-five pupils, the Government grant would amount to \$405 per annum. When, after making this calculation one recalls the niggardly nature of our own provincial grants, one is almost ashamed to remember the meanness of our joy.

The question of free High Schools caused considerable trouble in the Territories until the Gordian Knot was cut by the abolition of High Schools as separate institutions and the extension of the Public School curriculum to meet the public needs.

A Special Grant of \$75 Per Term is paid to schools in which this senior work is conducted in accordance with the department regulations.

This feature seems to the present writer to be full of significance and indicative of other educational ideals than those cherished by Ontario.

One notices on opening the report of the Superintendent that since '93 the school year ends with July. The obvious advantages of this suggest the thought that common-sense as well as the almanac might well be consulted in determining the end of our own school year. How absurd it is, for example, that in our yearly reports we treat all successful Entrance candidates as absent pupils from August to December, and how many pupils there must be whose names are counted more than once in making up the total Provincial school enrollment?

The little north ward girl was discovered whispering in school, and the teacher asked:

"What were you saying to the girl next to you when I caught you whispering?"

The little culprit hung her head for a moment, and then replied:

"I was only telling her how nice you looked in your new dress."

"Well, that's yes, I know—but we must—the class in spelling will please stand up."

The Archaeological Report.

One of the most interesting and instructive books annually issued by the Ontario government is the Archaeological report, and the issue by Mr. David Boyle, curator of the Ontario museum, for the year 1901 is full of valuable matter. He premises that owing to the period which has elapsed since the issue of the preceding report having been an exceedingly busy one, but little has been done in the way of outside work, but it is evident that what has been done has been done effectively. It is gratifying to learn from Mr. Boyle's statement that interest in archaeological and ethnological study is manifestly growing, and that this is proved by the increase in correspondence and number of visitors to the provincial museum. The report contains two able papers by Mr. Boyle on the discoveries at the Oscuary in Clinton township, Lincoln county, and at Yellow Point Mound, Twenty Mile Creek, there, and a third paper on "Mountains Generally," as well as an illustrated description of the "Earthwork in the Township of Moore" also one on "The Paganism of the Civilized Iroquois of Ontario"—a paper read before the British Association at their meeting in Bradford, England, in September, 1900, and which is published in "The Journal of the Anthropological Institute," vol. xxx.—and the other a paper on "The Philosophy of Folk Lore." Lieut. Ladlow, of "The Fort," Victoria Road, also contributes an interesting account of his collection of Indian relics in Balmoral Lake vicinity.

The elected representatives of the teachers of the province; and the remainder are appointees of the Education Department.

The administration of the educational affairs of the province lies in the hands of this advisory board. That body issues

The Legislator Will Appoint Deputation to Welcome Him.

THE PUBLIC HIGHWAYS BILL

Issue of Debentures For Good Roads to Be Subject to the Approval of the Electors—Railway Subsidy Fund Amounts to \$39,539—Debate on Conditions of the Asylums—Bills Read a Second Time.

Toronto, Feb. 28.—This afternoon in the Legislative Assembly Hon. G. W. Ross introduced a bill to amend the act respecting the Improvement of Public Highways. The bill having been read a first time he moved its second reading, explaining that the act as it stood enabled debentures to be issued for a term of 30 years. According to the Municipal Act debentures could be issued for 50 years. The bill fixed 40 years as the term over which the payment of debentures could be extended. It also made the issue of debentures subject to the approval of the electors. The bill was read a second time.

The advantages of this system are obvious from every legitimate point of view, and the Manitoba School Act of 1890, on which the central administrative bodies, marks the legislative high water mark in the tide of public educational opinion, which has definitely set toward the elimination of politics from educational administration and toward granting a voice in the management of educational affairs to the elected representatives of professional educationists. Thus we see that Ontario stands alone in assigning the duty of appointing inspectors, not to the central authorities, but to County Councils, and this way has a reform of the greatest importance. A resolution was introduced in the Inspectors' department of the Ontario Educational Association last spring by William Johnston, M.A., L.L.B. of Athens, Ont., recommending the appointment of inspectors by the ministry of education, and public opinion is awakening to the weakness of the present system. No great opposition to the reform suggested need be feared so far as County Councils are concerned, once they grasp the situation. If they war to be relieved of the duty of providing half the salary paid the inspector they would generally be ready enough to surrender into the hands of a directly educational authority the responsibility of selecting officers upon whom so much of the welfare of education depends.

Further, the various school laws passed since ours emphasize the fact that unless we are content to lose our place in the front ranks of educational progress, our system of government grants must be made more liberal and should be allotted chiefly on the basis of the teacher's qualifications and the efficiency of the school in so far as the latter is controllable by the trustees. Only in this way can we prevent the crowding out of competent and experienced teachers.

Inexperienced and Ill-Trained.

At the last provincial educational convention the deputy Minister of Education used the following words when discussing this point: "I venture to say that there is no more antiquated system under the sun, so far as I know, of distributing the legislative grant, than that which is now and has been adopted from time immemorial in Ontario."

Finally, it is plain that the general trend of recent educational legislation is toward allowing the control of educational affairs to be shared much more largely by a representative Educational Council or Advisory Board. Public opinion is almost agreed now upon this point, and it is the duty of all thoughtful friends of educational progress to agitate vigorously till reform is granted.

The next few years cannot but see great changes in the Ontario School System. Let us make it our business to inform ourselves on what others are doing and have done. Let us consider possible changes with the seriousness befitting the crisis that is approaching. And by free discussion let us ensure the proper preparation of the public mind for the further progress it is to be by and pride to see Ontario make.

The order was discharged.

The bills introduced were as follows: By Mr. Connée, to incorporate the Canada Central Railway Co.; Mr. Carscallen, to amend the Ontario Factories Act and respecting prison made goods; Mr. Dryden, to amend the Factories Act.

Mr. Monteith enquired whether it was the intention of the Government to take any steps with a view of extending a welcome to Prince Henry of Germany.

Hon. G. W. Ross said that he had put a notice on the paper for an address to be drawn up by the House and the appointment of a delegation to present it.

Mr. Matheson enquired whether any Railway Subsidy Fund had been formed under the provisions of 52 Vic. c. 35, ss 4 to 9, and if so, what is the amount of such fund. Has any separate account ever been kept of the sales of lands within ten miles on each side of the Ontario and Rainy River Railway, or the Brockville, Westport and Sault Ste. Marie Railway, as provided by this act.

Hon. E. J. Davis replied that such a Railway Subsidy fund had been formed, the amount of the same being \$39,539. A separate account of the sales of land referred to had been kept.

Mr. Kribs moved for a return of correspondence between the Orillia Idiot Asylum, the Belleville Deaf and Dumb Asylum, and the Department in relation to the need of increased accommodation in both institutions.

Hon. J. R. Stratton said that the Deaf and Dumb Asylum had ample accommodation. The Orillia Idiot Asylum had for some time been overcrowded. Arrangements had been completed for the transfer to the institution of the children in Waterloo county referred to by Mr. Kribs.

Mr. Wardell complained that applications for the admission of idiots was limited. There was, however, space which could be utilized, but it would require a considerable expenditure.

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QUICK! COMPULSORY!

GOUGH BREAKS RECORDS

With his Stupendous Sacrifice Sale of the "Golden Lion" Stock at 57½c on the Dollar. | The Greatest "Between-Season" Snaps in Clothing that has come to Lindsay for many a day.

DO YOU WANT A SUIT OF CLOTHES NOW?
Will you want one a year hence? If you want to get \$5.00 worth of clothing for two "bucks" and a half, Gough's is the place to get it! There's a time limit to this sale.

PRICE IS NO OBJECT.

We've got to get this stock out of our way for our New Spring Goods and the bargains go direct to quick buyers. You're a thousand times more welcome to them than an auctioneer, that's why we can save you 50 per cent, if you speak quick.

IT DOESN'T COST YOU A CENT.

To call and see how we can save you so many dollars. This "Golden Lion" stock is fresh, bright and up-to-date, and just as right as what we have been selling all winter in the regular way. First-class goods of latest current styles and makes.

DON'T YOU SEE IT WILL PAY YOU TO BUY

NOW, though your need be not till next winter? The stock includes SUITS, OVERCOATS, ULSTERS, REEFERS, etc., for all sizes. We invite you to look them over—you will find just what you want and save Big Money.

Men's \$8 to 14 Suits for \$5.

Men's 6 to 8 Overcoats, 3.90.

Men's \$4 to 5 Reefers for \$2.50.

Men's 3 to 4 Trouser for 1.75.

BUT BE QUICK!

hardly pay for the making of the Goods. All we ask is your careful inspection of these Good Goods.

You can also get Underwear, Gloves, Shirts, Hats, Caps and all kinds of Furnishings at prices that

B. J. GOUGH,

THE BIG
CLOTHIER.

Money and Insurance

Unlimited amount of Cash to Loan on mortgages at lowest rates. Notes discounted.

Agent for the Union Assurance Society of London, England, and the Scotch Union and National Insurance Company.

JOHN KENNEDY,
Adam Block Kent & Sons

The Weekly Post

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, MAR. 7th, '92

LOCAL NEWS LETTERS

GOODERHAM.

Report of No. 2, Glamorgan, in order of standing for the month of February: V Class—Blanche Hunter, Jenny Gould, George Gould, IV Class—Hazel Kennedy, Clarence Raby, Dean Brown, Fred Raby, Percy Kennedy, III Class—Lillian Davis, Minerva Brown, Harry McColl, Charlie Armstrong, Mabelle Whyte, Will Primrose, II Class—Wm. Wait, Will Hunter, John Gould, Mae Primeau, Caleb Armstrong, Russell Raby, John Primeau, Ethel McColl, Wesley Armstrong, Ella Brown, Pearl Raby, Pt. II Class—May Hadley, Rosy Duff, Alice Duff, Eva Hadley, Royal Whyte, Lewis Davis, Melvin Tyndall, Sam Armstrong, Mifred J. Fee, teacher.

VICTORIA ROAD.

(Special to The Post.)
Willie Taylor, son of Widow Taylor, accidentally broke his leg by being shoved off the platform in front of one of our stores. He was attended by Dr. Grant, and is doing as well as can be expected.

The young people of the village gathered at the Masonic hall recently and gave Mr. H. W. Pearn, who is leaving here, a genuine send-off. The evening was pleasantly spent in games and other amusements, after which a bountiful supper was served. Well done for the fair sex! Everything was well planned and they had the handsome one man of the village all to themselves. Who would ever think of it? Victoria Road will be quite safe in their hands after the old folks pass away. Mr. Pearn may feel quite honored and no doubt will long remember the event.

The citizens of the south part of the village are complaining of an unpleasant smell from the river. Something should be done to remove any stagnant water, or there will be an epidemic of disease in the village.

It is appalling to see our main street these days. Citizens should take more interest in the appearance of the village, and not pile wood, poles and other unseemly rubbish on the

sixty-six feet of our street. The appearance of our main street at present reminds us of a lot of rubbish being carried down stream by a spring freshet.

ZION—CARTWRIGHT.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)
The basket social on the 21st Feb. under the auspices of the Zion Methodist church proved to be a grand success, the proceeds amounting to \$12.50. An audience of over 175 people listened to and were delighted with a program rendered by local and foreign talent. After the program a hearty vote of thanks was tendered to those taking part. Many thanks to the friends who attended from outside points.

HARPLEY.

(Special to The Post.)
Report of S. S. No. 4, Eldon, for the months of January and February; Names arranged according to standing in class; Senior IV—Colin Campbell, Lebbie Manning, Bella McFadyen, Junior IV—Nellie Brown, James McFadyen, Myrtle Gorrell, Nelson Gilchrist, Silas Smith, Nettie McKerral, Herb Campbell, Albert McFadyen, III Class—Eva Slocombe, Lotte Hammond, Annie Gilchrist, May Smith, Angus Macpherson, Donnie McFadyen, Nellie Gilchrist, Flossie McIntosh, Alberta Vanstone, Ernest Vanstone, Sarah McFadyen, Maggie Gilchrist, II Class—Eric Mayers, Murray Smith, James Gilchrist, Garnet Manning, Pt. II Class—Russell Manning, Willie Vanstone, Lotte Vanstone, I Class—Roy Gilchrist, Duncan McKinnon. Attended every day in the two months—Lottie Hammond.

MILBROOK.

(From Our Own Correspondent)
Mr. Best, of Toronto, is visiting Dr. and Mrs. McConnon.

Mr. J. J. Preston, of Bethany, was in town last week.

Mrs. White is visiting friends in Toronto, and will remain in the city for the military openings.

Miss Tapscott, of Port Hope, who had been visiting the Misses Shaw, returned home last week.

Rev. H. B. Kenny attended the convention at Deseronto lately.

Messrs. R. R. Ruddy, W. S. Given, R. Vance, Capt. Winslow and Dr. McConnon attended the Whitby banquet in Toronto last week.

Miss Aggie Chambers has returned home from Toronto, after a short visit with friends.

Miss May O'Brien is visiting in Peterborough, the guest of the Misses McConnon.

Mr. Wm. O'Brien will hold an auction sale of his farm stock and implements on Thursday, March 13.

The Presbyterians are giving an entertainment in the church Friday evening.

The Liberals of East Durham held a convention here last Thursday in the town hall. There was a very large attendance of delegates from all parts of the riding. Addresses were given by Dr. L. B. Powers, H. H. Burnham, esq., Dr. Geo. Brereton, T.

Donaldson, T. A. Kelly and others. Judging from point of numbers and enthusiasm displayed at this meeting East Durham intends electing a supporter of the Ross government.

SCOTCH LINE—VERULAM.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)
Our Literary Society gave an entertainment in the Methodist hall at Dunford, on the 20th Feb. Considering the condition of the roads a good number were present and a pleasant evening was spent. The first part of the program consisted of musical selections, the vocal parts of which were rendered by W. Lewis, R. Beatty Isaac Lewis, Miss Corn Hunter, Miss Beatty and Miss Ida Lewis. Miss Hazel Hunter presided at the organ. The next and most interesting part was a lecture by the Rev. J. W. Macmillan, of Lindsay, on his trip to Scotland, and Germany. This interesting subject, dealt with an able speaker made the time pass rapidly. After the lecture another musical part was given and the meeting closed by singing the national anthem. The proceeds are to be used in procuring books for library use.

HALIBURTON.

(From Our Own Correspondent)
The basket social held in the town hall on Thursday evening of last week under the auspices of the Haliburton division Sons of Temperance was a success in every way. Although the weather was somewhat unfavorable attendance was fair and the present enjoyed themselves to the utmost. The chair was occupied by Mr. Moore, of Carnarvon division. The program consisted of dialogues, recitations, vocal and instrumental music, the principal contributors being Misses Walling, Potts, Hurd, Ferguson and Gould and Messrs. Hodgins, Brobin, McLean, Austin and Worldly. Mr. Sanderson pleased the audience with his graphophone. Rev. Mr. McEwan delivered a stirring address, and the band rendered a number of selections in good style. The entire affair, which was under the management of Messrs. W. J. Austin and J. A. McLean, was entirely satisfactory to the promoters.

IPSWICH.

(From Our Own Correspondent)
A pleasant gathering took place at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Orchard Tuesday, Feb. 18th, when a few hours were delightfully spent in games and social chat. During the evening the Rev. S. F. Dixon, on behalf of the Sabbath School, stepped forward and read an address, at the same time presenting Mr. Orchard with a beautiful clock as a slight token of the esteem in which he and Mrs. Orchard are held by their many friends. Mr. Orchard made a suitable reply, thanking his friends for the kind words and the gift. He said during the thirty-eight years he had resided at Bethel many ties of friendship had been woven which he hoped would not soon be forgotten. He extended a cordial invitation to his old friends to visit them in their new home in Port Perry. Short speeches were made by Messrs. Geo. Mack, Robt. Monroe, Wm. Polk

lock, Jas. Monroe and the pastor, all telling of the many good qualities of Mr. Orchard. Refreshments were afterwards served.

EAST MANILLA.

(From Our Own Correspondent)
A pleasant and enjoyable event took place on the 26th inst., at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Parry, when their daughter, Flora, was united in marriage to W. R. Bray, of Bolsover. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Mr. Robinson of Manilla. The bride, who was given away by her brother, Mr. John Barry, was tastefully dressed in grey trimmed with cream silk, and wore the customary orange blossoms. The bridal party entered the room to the strains of the wedding march played by Miss Hattie Pinkham. Miss Bertie McDonald assisted the bride, while the groom was supported by Mr. Geo. Barry, brother of the bride. After the happy couple had been congratulated by their many friends, the company, numbering over seventy-five, adjourned to the dining room, where an elaborate wedding supper was served. After tea the evening was spent in various amusements until an "early" hour. We join with others in wishing them happiness and prosperity in the voyage through life. A pleasant feature of the afternoon was the christening of Gladys, the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. Harrison.

On account of the roads being nigh to impassable the lecture to have been given on Saturday evening in the Methodist church under the auspices of the public library was postponed until Saturday evening, March 15. It is to be hoped that the roads will be improved. So every person desirous of a nach treat will have their wish realized if they come to hear Mr. Fred Simons on that evening.

A heavy loss was caused by fire on Monday, March 3rd, at Mariposa Station, which destroyed the west elevation owned by Messrs. Hogg & Lytle.

The building was filled with the choicest of seed grain, a large proportion of it being already bagged ready for shipment. The fire was supposed to have originated from some sparks of a freight train, which was at the station for some time. Something like thirty thousand bushels of the choicest grain, comprising fall and spring wheat, rye, oats, barley and peas, that could be produced by the farmers in the County of Victoria was destroyed. Outside of the insurance the loss will be heavy, happening as it did at the worst time of the season for the firm. We understand the grain will be sorted into different quantities and sold to persons desirous of purchasing same.

Mr. John Thorndyke, Mr. H. Thorndyke and wife, of Toronto, Mr. W. Cummings and wife, of Muskoka, and Mrs. Fleury, of Trenton, were home attending the funeral of Mrs. Thorndyke, sr.

Miss Methereil, of the Lindsay Collegiate Institute, was the guest of Mr. Morgan and Miss Annie Lewis over Sunday.

We are very much pleased to announce that Miss A. Anderson, who has been ill for some time, is out of danger and on the road to recovery.

Mr. Burke, of the McCormick Co., was in the village this week on business.

Mr. Adair, of British Columbia, is visiting his sister, Mrs. E. Prouse.

On account of the bad condition of the roads last Sabbath the sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be observed next Sabbath in the Presbyterian church.

see so many of our Oakwood people down, and trust to see them often in the future.

Mrs. Henry Yerex is very ill with dropsy, and is not expected to live very long.

Mrs. Jane Irwin died on Tuesday morning of this week. The funeral took place on Thursday afternoon, to the Methodist church cemetery.

SH. leaves many friends and acquaintances to mourn her demise.

BOLSOVER.

(From Our Own Correspondent)
We are all glad to welcome our new neighbor, Mr. Chas. McRae, who has moved on the premises of Mr. Wm. Young. Charley is well liked by everybody who has had the pleasure of his acquaintance.

Mr. R. Uncles and J. L. McEachern spent Monday last in Kirkfield.

OAKWOOD.

(From Our Own Correspondent)
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CAMBRAY.
(From Our Own Correspondent)

Owing to the bad condition of the roads last Sunday, the sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be observed next Sunday, March 9th, in the Presbyterian church.

KINMOUNT.

(From Our Own Correspondent)
Mr. Scott, of Deseronto, has accepted a position in Messrs. Graham Bros' store. He will have charge of the dry goods department. As Mr. Scott comes well recommended no doubt he will make a valuable and useful citizen. Mr. Scott at one time was clerk in Mr. Fisher's grocery store in Lindsay, and while in the county town made many friends.

Mr. A. Y. Hopkins, who for several years has been running a large general store in this village, has sold out to his two sons, Bert and Harry, and Mr. Jas. Mark. The new firm will be known as Messrs. Hopkins Bros. & Mark, and as the new proprietors are well-known in the village, they will undoubtedly do a large trade.

Mr. Joy, of Messrs. Puley & Joy, millers, was in Lindsay for a few days this week on business.

Miss Martha Puley, of Fenelon Falls, is visiting at Mrs. Joy's.

Rev. H. Curtis, of Norland, will preach on "Evolution" in the Methodist church next Sunday. No doubt he will be greeted by a large congregation.

LINDEN VALLEY.

(From Our Own Correspondent)
Your subscribers are well pleased with the beautiful premium that has been given away with The Post this year. They think your valuable papers worth the dollar a year without the picture, but they know you are anxious to please and satisfy your patrons.

OUR NEW PRINTS

Are all ready for you to choose from. We have a BIG ASSORTMENT, but see them at once for they will sell quickly. A few of what we have at 8c are:

FOR 8c:

Blue figured 24 inches wide

R d figured 24 inches wide

Small Light Blue Check 26 inches wide

Black with Small Flower 31 inches wide

Narrow Stripe Blue and White, 31 inches wide

White with small dots 31 inches wide

Figured Turkey Red 31 inches wide

Figured Cretonne 31 inches wide

THE FROST & WOOD CO. Limited
New Implement Warehouses,
William St., Next Presbyterian
Church,
J. P. RYLEY, Agent.

THE WEEKLY POST.

OUR FIFTY-SEVENTH YEAR—NO. 57.

LINDSAY, ONT., FRIDAY, MARCH 12, 1902.

Plows, Harrows, Cultivators, Drills,
Mowers, Rakes, Binders, our own
make and guaranteed the best.
FROST & WOOD CO. WAREHOUSES,
William Street.

TERMS—\$1.00 PER YEAR
PAYABLE IN ADVANCE

FOR SALE—A good young thoroughbred Durham Bull Calf for sale. Apply to J. N. TAYLOR, Lot 10, Con. S, Verulam, Bobcaygeon P.O.—wtl.

FOR SALE—A 150 acre farm for sale three miles from Lindsay, on the Omemee road. The buildings on the premises are fairly good. Terms reasonable. Apply to David Walker, Lindsay P. O.—wtl.

LOST.—On the road between Lindsay and Little Britain, early in February, A GOAT NOBLE, with patched lining. Finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving same at this office.—wtl.

BREEDING STOCK FOR SALE.—Bulls have for sale some pedigree Durham Bulls and some good Grade Cattle, also registered Tamworth hogs and sows fit for use. For further particulars see W. J. MOORE.—wtl.

DIGS FOR SALE.—The undersigned has a number of young pigs for sale. Will ship and pay freight for customers to nearest railway point; safe arrival assured. Write for prices. J. J. HADLEY, Hadlington Stock Farm, Hadlington P. O.—wtl.

THOROUGHBRED CATTLE FOR SALE.—One Thoroughbred Durham Bull Calf, 1 year old, also one Thoroughbred Heifer Calf, 5 months old. The above are very fine animals of good milking strain. If sold at once will be disposed of at a bargain. BENJ. BURCHELL, Cobonk.—wtl.

DR. G. S. RYERSON,
GO COLLEGE ST., TORONTO.
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat Specialist
At Benson House, Lindsay, Saturday
March 15th for consultation.

HOUSES FOR SALE

Property of Mrs. Kemp, large Brick House on Ridout-st. for sale or to rent, lately occupied by Dr. Blanchard.

Brick house on corner Ridout and Mill-sts. Brick house on Victoria Avenue. Also several other buildings and farms for sale. Apply to

ELIAS BOWES, Real Estate Agent.—wtl LINDSAY, ONT.

NOTICE re. SEED PEAS

We beg to inform the farmers of Victoria County and adjoining Counties that we now have our Seed Peas prepared to place with growers who have left their names for the same. We wish they would call for the seed before First of February. Any farmers who have not booked their names for seed and wishing to grow the same would please call at the seed warehouse and leave their names. We still have some left to place with growers.

Jas. Squier & Sons,
Squier & Flavelle

The No Discs
Sharples Suspended
Cream Bowl,
Separator Low Supply Can.
Simple and
Easy to Clean

AGENTS :
P. J. Wilkinson, Geo. Hunter,
Cambray. Lindsay.

AUCTION SALE OF TOWN AND FARM PROPERTY.

We are instructed to offer for sale by public auction at the Simpson House in the Town of Lindsay, County of Victoria, on Saturday, the 22nd day of March, at 2 p.m., the following town and farm property, namely:

PARCEL 1.—In the Town of Lindsay, being composed of Town lot Number 24, on the South Side of King Street and East of St. David Street. There is a small dwelling house on this property.

PARCEL 2.—In the Township of Verulam, being composed of the North-West Quarter of Lot Number 4, in the 9th Concession, and all of Lot Number 5, in the 9th Concession, and containing 250 acres more or less. Upon this property is a substantial dwelling house, barns, etc. The land is in a good state of cultivation.

PARCEL 3.—In the Township of Galtway, being composed of Lot Number 30, in the 17th Concession, containing 160 acres more or less. This is an improved farm. There are about 40 acres cleared and these are there a good frame dwelling house and barn.

PARCEL 4.—In the Township of Somerville, being composed of all that part of the South Half of Lot Number 21, in the 1st Concession, situate on the north side of Burnt River, and containing 69 9-10 acres more or less, and all that part of said Lot Number 21 situate on the south side of Burnt River, containing 68 and 1-10 acres more or less, and all that part of Lot Number 22, in the said 1st Concession, situate on the south side of Burnt River, except five acres at the south-west corner, sold to William L. Latimer, the balance containing 103 acres more or less, and the whole farm containing 241 acres more or less.

TERMS.—10% of the purchase money at the time of the sale and the balance in one month thereafter without interest. At the option of the purchaser one-half of the purchase money may be secured by first mortgage on the property with interest at 5% for a term of years.

Further particulars and conditions of sale can be had on application to the undersigned and will be announced at time of sale.

Dated 25th day of February, A. D. 1902.

DEANISTOUN, PECK & STEVENSON,
Peterborough, Ont. Vendor's Solicitors.

J. J. LUNDY, Vendor.—wtl.

YOUR BUYING OPPORTUNITY NEW MATERIALS FOR SPRING...

EXCEPTIONAL OFFERINGS IN ...New Wash Goods...

DRESS MUSLINS—80 yd.

15 pieces Fancy Dress Muslins in neat patterns and new colorings. Suitable for dresses or blouses. Very special, 80c per yard.....

MERCERIZED LAWNS 140

In beautiful patterns and new colorings suitable for dresses or blouses—light weight and firm. Special for summer wear, per yard.....

DRESS DUCKS

In assorted patterns and colorings of light and dark navy, also black, 29c per yard.....

CRETONNES 100.

Twilled Cretonnes in many fancy colorings and patterns Regular price 10c per 12½ yards, special.....

BLACK BROAD CLOTH.

58 inches wide, extra fine finish, good weight. An excellent cloth, \$1.50 Special, per yard.....

SAMPLE TABLE COVERS.

These are the samples of an old country wholesale house, disposed of to us at a greatly reduced price. They are fine quality Damask, (all sizes) deep fringe and very desirable patterns. You will find one among them at a considerable saving. See display in our Staple Department.

ENGLISH SILKS FOR BLOUSES. SPECIAL 40c.

This is a new Silk, suitable for Blouses and evening wear, being firm and of even texture. In colors of Saxe, Vieux Rose, Sky, Cream and White. 40c Extra Special per yard.....

LUSTERS FOR BLOUSES AND EVENING WEAR 35c.

By a fortunate chance we secured this seasonable offering, being correct for Blouses and evening wear. They are in colors of light and dark Nile, Mid Green, and Pink. Regular price per yard 45c, special only.....

MEN'S SPRING HATS.

This department is filled with the newest creations in Men's and Youth's Hats in Fedora, Stiff and Soft crush styles. No, colored shirt dress is an immense one, hence this great showing. Only best makers' productions are found here. Soft fronts, pleated fronts, and laundered fronts in short and long designs. Cuffs separate or attached, with and without collars. Others 50c to \$1.35 each. Some only.....

NEW COLORED SHIRTS.

Too many? You would think so to see them laid out in our shirt department. No, our colored shirt dress is an immense one, hence this great showing. Only best makers' productions are found here. Soft fronts, pleated fronts, and laundered fronts in short and long designs. Cuffs separate or attached, with and without collars. Others 50c to \$1.35 each. Some only.....

R. NEILL, Sole Agent for The Slater Shoe.

CANADA'S SHOE KING

J. SUTCLIFFE & SONS, LINDSAY.

ONE PRICE.

Going West?

If you are, your first Requisite is a Truuk.

WHAT TO BUY Buy the Trunk that will stand the wear and tear of a long journey. We guarantee every Trunk we sell.

WHEN TO BUY Buy now—a good Trunk is a credit to you whether you travel or stay at home.

WHERE TO BUY Buy here—we sell Trunks in eight cities and towns in Canada—exceptional buying facilities ensures low prices to every body.

Our variety will please you, our low prices will surprise you.

TRUNKS, VALISES, TELESCOPES and all travelling necessities, BOOTS and SHOES.

R. NEILL,
Sole Agent for The Slater Shoe.

CANADA'S SHOE KING

The Victoria Loan and Savings Company

HEAD OFFICE

LINDSAY, ONT.

Now is the time to consider the question of buying or building a house of your own. If you are able to pay down a portion of the purchase price we will advance the balance and allow you to repay in monthly payments, which is equivalent to rent with this difference, that in time the property is your own.

LOANS also made on farm property at lowest current rates.

Office Hours—9 a.m. to 4.30 p.m. daily.

WM. FLAVELLE,

President,

JAMES LOW,

Manager

FOR SALE—50 acres, partly cleared, South-east quarter Lot 8, Con. 6, Ops. Clay loam. No buildings. For particulars apply to WM. HOGAN, Lindsay P.O.—wtl.

A young man about 20 years of age would like to work on a farm with a view of getting experience. Will work cheap. Apply to Box 176, Lindsay P.O.—wtl.

Y. M. C. A. Concert.

J. William Macy in an evening of humor, Song and Story, next Tuesday, An entertainment of pure fun, and scientific mirth. Mr. Macy was here last year and delighted the audience. Reserve your seats at once. Tickets 35c and 50c, gallery 25c.

A PROVINCE SHOCKED

Mrs. Ross, Wife of the Premier, Died Very Suddenly.

THE SORROW IS UNIVERSAL

Tributes to the Deceased in the Legislature by the Attorney-General and Mr.

Whitney—The House Adjourns to Express Sympathy—Proceedings in the Assembly During the Afternoon.

Toronto, March 13.—Mrs. Geo. W. Ross, wife of the Premier, died yesterday morning at 4:30 o'clock.

Death came very unexpectedly. Mrs. Ross was apparently in her usual health until within twenty-four hours of the end. The cause of death was acute uremia. Tuesday afternoon she became ill, and Dr. R. A. Stevenson, the family physician, was called in, and he subsequently summoned Drs. W. P. Caven and Burrill in consultation.

Mrs. Ross drove to church on Sunday with the Premier, and on Monday morning went down town. This was the last she was out of the house, but there was no anxiety concerning her condition until Tuesday afternoon.

Physician's Statement.

The following statement was issued yesterday by Dr. Stevenson: "Mrs. Ross, wife of the Premier, died suddenly at 4:30 o'clock this morning. The cause of death was acute uremia. She appeared to be in good health until within 24 hours of her decease. Dr. Stevenson, the family physician, was in attendance on Tuesday afternoon, and subsequently called Dr. W. P. Caven and Dr. Burrill.

Mrs. Ross' maiden name was Miss Catherine Boston. She was of Scotch descent, her people coming to Canada in the early forties. She was born in the Township of Lobo, Middlesex, fifty-six years ago, and had been married to Hon. Geo. W. Ross about twenty-five years.

A number of her brothers and sisters are still living. Robert Boston, ex-M.P., Governor of the London jail; Graham Boston of Winnipeg; Thomas of Iowa; Andrew of Sault Ste. Marie; Mrs. Arthur Scott and Miss Boston of Lobo.

Devoted to Her Husband.

Mrs. Ross was known personally to almost every member of the House. During the session she entertained on a generous scale at her home, and everyone who came in contact with her carried away the kindest feelings towards her. She was always cheerful, and had a bright smile for everyone. She was a frequent visitor to the Legislature, and occupied a seat on the floor of the House or in the Speaker's Gallery whenever debates of any importance were proceeding. She was, in fact, nearly always with the Premier. Her devotion to him was frequently remarked while she was alive, and to-day it is on every member's lips. In recent years she had accompanied him on nearly every railway trip he has made. His career was the pride of her heart. And in helping to give that career its brightness she assisted in countless ways. Those intimate with the Premier say that she has been a tower of strength to him. She took a lively interest in every public question. Everything that interested her husband interested her. It is doubtful if Canadian history holds a parallel of a public man and his wife in such constant and complete sympathy with each other.

Great Place in Home.

How great a place she filled in the home was realized by everyone who has watched Mr. Ross and his popular helpmeet. This was shown at the official welcome given to Hon. and Mrs. Ross at Niagara Falls on September 21st last on their return from England. The address contained the following tribute to Mrs. Ross: "We desire Mrs. Ross to share in our felicitations. She does not escape notice from Liberals, who know well the help she gives you ungrudgingly, and in so wifely a spirit, and we hope you may both be long spared to your country and your party."

To this address of welcome Hon. Mr. Ross said: "I thank you for the kind reference to Mrs. Ross. She is a tower of strength to the Ontario Government. (Cheers.) She is a shadow of a great rock to a weary land. I was almost going to say she was a pool of Siloam, where you can get healing for some of your troubles. I thank you for your kind references to her. The part which a good woman can play in the Government of the country cannot very easily be expressed. (Applause.) You seem to know it, and I am sure she knows it and feels it too."

Hon. F. Gibson's Grief.

The Legislature met at 11 o'clock yesterday morning, with nearly all the members in their places. It immediately adjourned on the motion of Attorney-General Gibson and Mr. Whitney, both of whom made brief speeches. Mr. Gibson displayed deep emotion, and his voice quavered, so that he almost broke down while he spoke a few sentences. He said:

"Since the adjournment of this House last night death has invaded the home of the leader of the House and deprived him of his lifelong companion, his wife. I do not think that this House would be satisfied to proceed with the ordinary business before the House without marking in some emphatic way the sympathy which I am sure is felt by us all for the leader and his family in the sudden and trying bereavement.

Mr. Whitney asked a series of questions respecting the conviction of Ransom Norton of London for making alterations in a poll book at the municipal election and why he had not been removed to the Central Prison. Mr. Stratton explained that he had been detained in London pending an investigation, in which it was supposed he would be wanted to give evidence, but would be transferred to the Central Prison.

Attorney-General Gibson, in answer to Mr. Crawford, said that he was not aware that any special directions had been given to the Assessment Commission to report upon an equitable basis for the assessment of departmental stores. He believed, however, that the question had been decided by them.

Mr. Carson's resolution to amend the rules of the House so as to provide for continuous sittings from one until seven o'clock, was considered. The Attorney-General said it might very well form a matter for consideration at the beginning of a future session, but urged that owing to the lateness of the present session

for northerly a distance not exceeding ten miles, a cash subsidy of \$3,000 a mile, \$30,000.

He gave details respecting the railroads to be aided and urged that they were all projects which were entitled to assistance from the public treasury. Mr. Matheson objected to the grant to the Irondale, Bancroft and Ottawa Railway Co., contending that another route was better entitled to support.

port. The resolutions were reported.

Election Act Amendment.

The House went into committee on the bill to amend the Election Act. Some discussion took place in regard to the form of oath to be required of electors.

Messrs. Matheson and Wardell contended that an oath to the effect that he had not been bribed should be required of every voter.

Mr. Whitney concluded by adding: "I think it is eminently proper and fit that we should adjourn at this first opportunity after the news of the sad calamity, because, in addition to the reasons I have already endeavored to protract, I think that the floating population and were not permanent residents of the place where they were entered on the lists. They belonged to the working class, which was the class most liable to be bribed, and therefore the oath should only be administered to every class."

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AN HUMBLE HERO

BY THOMAS P. MONTFORT

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(Continued from last week)

"Hump! You don't know much about women folks or you wouldn't set no store by that. I know what I'm talkin' about, Sim Banks, an, as I said before, if you live you'll see I do. Loueisy don't love you. I know she don't. But let her go, Sim. She ain't the only woman, an there's one I know that does love you with her whole soul."

"One! Who?"

"Great Lord! Are you blind—plumb blind and dumb?"

Sim did not reply at once, but stood uneasily twirling his hat about in his hands, first looking down at his feet, then casting a furtive glance at his companion. When at last he did speak, it was in cold, unimpassioned tones.

"I reckon I ain't so blind an dumb as I might be," he said, "but you ain't called no names, an I ain't makin' no guesses."

"If you wasn't as blind as a bat an dumb as an owl," Mrs. Mann said softly, "you wouldn't need for me to call no names, an you wouldn't need to make no guesses either."

"Meby that's so," Sim replied slowly, "an if I am blind I don't know that I'm sorry. There's times in a body's life, Mrs. Mann, when it's best to be that a-way."

Without a word Mrs. Mann turned away and, entering the house, slammed the door shut behind her. Sim walked on down the street, chuckling softly to himself. But could he have seen the expression on Mrs. Mann's face at that moment and the steely glitter in her eyes he might have had a premonition of some things that were to follow.

When he had passed out of sight, a figure crept out of the shadow of the fence and stole quietly away in the opposite direction.

CHAPTER V.

YOUR UNCLE JONATHAN TURNER. Melvin was more fortunate than he had dared hope, for he had gone but a short distance when he came into a road and after following that a little way ran on to a house.

It is true it was not much of a house, being merely a small log cabin, and its surroundings were meager and unwelcoming, promising little in the way of comforts; but, for all that, it would afford shelter and food, and that was a great deal under the circumstances.

He rode up to the tumble down rail fence that stood between the yard and the road and was preparing to call to let his presence be known when a man came around a corner of the house. He was a little, wiry, weather beaten old chap, almost hidden under a mammoth broad brimmed straw hat. He was not expecting a strange visitor, and the appearance of Melvin was a great surprise to him. He stopped short, his mouth and eyes flew wide open, and he stood staring in perfect silence.

It was Melvin who spoke first.

"I have lost my way," he said, "and I am looking for a place to spend the night. What chance is there for stopping with you?"

If Melvin expected this man to prove as reticent and morose as the one he had just passed, his mind was soon disabused of that idea, for the response to his speech, although not altogether relevant, was prompt, vigorous and effusive.

"Lord a-massy!" he exclaimed. "You mean to tell me that you done plumb up an lost your way an took to wanderin' round in the woods for all the world like a stray suckin' calf? Great grannie, man, what made you go an do such a thing as that?"

"For the reason that I couldn't help it, I presume," Melvin answered.

"Couldn't help it! Why, Lord a-massy, man, what do you mean? You ain't almo' to tell me you couldn't help gettin' lost, are you?"

"I guess I am."

"Waah, I'll be dad swished! That shore beats my time, as the feller says. The idea of any human critter havin' little enough sense to go an git lost in the woods! Why, say, a cat knows more than that."

"Very likely," Melvin replied. "But what of it?"

"Nothin', only it shore stumps me that a growed up man like you'd go an git lost like this."

"Isn't it just possibly that you might do such a thing?"

"Do sich thing as what?"

"Get lost."

"Me git lost! Your Uncle Jonathan Turner git lost! Waah, that's a good shore. Say, did you ever hear tell of a grown' hog gitten lost?"

"I don't know that I ever did."

"Waah, when you do hear of sich a thing you may then begin to figger out that it's jest barely possible that Jonathan Turner mought some day lose himself in the woods."

"Do you think it impossible for you to lose your way in a strange wood?"

"No, I don't think nothin' bout it I jest know it's impossible."

"How would you keep from losing your way?"

"Jest like I'd roll offen a log. I'd jest do it."

"Suppose you were in a strange place, and, coming to two roads, you didn't know which one to take. Then what?"

"Oh, I'd know all right which one to take."

"How would you know?"

"Jest have sense enough to know, the feller says."

"No. Say, I'm tired of all this fooling, and I'm just going to dismount and spend the night with you, anyhow."

"Why, shorly. Lord a-massy, man, you mought jest as well 'a done that long ago 'stend of settin' thar chewin' the rag all this time."

"Why didn't you tell me long ago that I might stop?"

"I was aimin' to, but, as I said while ago, my mind got to runnin' on somethin' else, an I forgot it. Wonder if them fellers are 'lowin' to find silver in these parts?"

"No. Where shall I put my horse?"

"Jest leave him thar at the fence. I'll tote him to the stable directly. Reckon if them fellers hain't calculatin' to find gold nor silver 'bout yere they may be a-figgerin' on Andin somethin' else."

"Naturally."

"Giness meby it moughtn't be iron, now, mought it?"

In spite of the fact that he was tired, hungry and annoyed, Melvin burst into a roar of laughter. Turner's questioning was so persistent and ridiculous that it had become amusing. Presently Melvin said:

"Now, Mr. Turner, I am positively not going to answer another question until I have had supper, so you need not put yourself to the trouble of asking me another thing. Do you understand?"

"To be shore I do, an you'll find I ain't the man to go on askin' fellers questions when I see he don't want to be bothered with 'em. Nary time I ain't. But, by gravy, stranger, it puzzles me to figger out what kind of mineral them men are countin' on findin' yere—it does shore! Reckon they can't be specin' to find copper nor lead, can they?"

Melvin rushed into the house, leaving Turner outside to put away the horse and ponder all alone the questions that, though they did not affect him in the least, interested him deeply.

And as Turner pondered an idea came to him, for he lacked a great deal of being as much of a fool as he seemed. He stopped on his way to the stable with the horse and, nodding his head knowingly, muttered to himself these words:

"Come down yere to smell roun' for mineral! Powerful likely story, that is, when thar ain't as much mineral in this hull blame section as a feller could put in a feal's ear. Come down yere for some rich fellers jest to loaf about an see what he can scent in the ground! That's all moughty reasonable, an of course I believe it—in a pig's eye! You are a sick un, young feller, but you ain't quite slick enough to slide down your Uncle Jonathan Turner's throat, not quite. Your Uncle Jonathan mayn't be much to look at, but he lacks a hull passel of bein' a durned idiot asylum, with no more sense than a gatepost, an his opinion is that you are a-layin' an that thar's a good deal back of you that you hain't wantin' known."

"No. All I'm looking around for now is a place to spend the night."

"Edzackly. Naturally you'd be more interested in that than anything else jest now."

"Yes, and I asked if I could stop with you."

"That's a fact, stranger. You shore done that very identical thing. I ain't a-pretendin' to say you didn't."

"But you haven't answered me."

"No, I guess I ain't. I'm glad you jogged my memory, stranger, 'cause I got my mind to runnin' on them other things, an I clean forgot all about it. You know how sich things are sometimes."

"Yes, but are you going to answer me?"

"Why, to be shore I am. What reason under the sun could I have for not answerin' you I'd like to know? Yes, sir-e. I low you hain't none of them peddler fellers what comes around sellin' of pills, are you, stranger?"

"I am not."

"Reckoned most shore you couldn't be. Ingen'rally them pill peddlers is right smart, peart lookin' fellers. Guess more likely you mought be one of them doctor chaps huntin' a place to set up in business?"

"No, I'm nothing of the kind. But, see here, are you going to compel me to spend the night out here in the road?"

"Why, I reckon not. I hain't no right to compel you to do nothin' the way I figger it, as the feller says. You're your own boss, I spose, an I low you go or stay jest whar you please."

"Sometimes I do."

"Guess you're a-goin' jest whar you please now, ain't you?"

"Perhaps."

"An I reckon you make it out that it ain't a blamed bit of my business whar you're a-goin' nor what you're a-goin' for?"

"I rather suspect you are about cor-rect there, Mr. Turner."

"Jest so, an I guess meby you're plum right too. At the same time I low you can't be a part of the war come down to try to lick we uns?"

"Certainly not."

"I knew you couldn't hardly be, but with all them soldiers an armies a-goin' about the way they are a feller can't be much shore about nothin' no more. Meby, now, you've come down to—"

"Great Scott! It doesn't matter in the least to you what I came down here for, but as you seem determined to know I'll tell you and be done with it. I represent a company of capitalists who believe there are rich deposits of mineral in this section, and my business here is to investigate and learn whether or not their surmises are correct. Now you know why I am here, and I hope you'll tell me without any further delay whether you are going to give me shelter for the night."

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LUMBAGO

"lame back" or "back-ache" are simply the popular names for chronic Rheumatism.

The disease is caused by the poisonous uric acid left in the blood by defective, weak or worn-out kidneys.

Dr. Walton's English Kidney Pills

will positively cure any case by driving the cause out of the blood.

Sold by Druggists,
A. R. BREMER CO., Limited, Toronto
Sole Agent for Canada



(Trade Mark.)
For Lung Troubles,
Severe Coughs, Colds,
Emaciation, &c., &c.
Few systems can assimilate pure oil, but as combined in "The D. & L.", it is pleasant and digestible. Will build you up; Will add solid pounds of flesh; Will bring you back to health.

50c. and \$1.00 bottles.

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., Limited.

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, MAR. 14th, '02

PRINCE HENRY'S VISIT.

Now sound the bugles, beat the drums
and let the cannons shoot,
Let every rooster fall in line and be
prepared to roost!
Tune up your cheering voices to the
very highest key,
And let the old flag flap its tail in
our imperial breeze,
Get out your bands and let them
play the music of the Rhine,
Pass round the fragrant wienerwurst
and fill the roomy Stein—
Ye brewer, 'tis for you to see there
is no drought of beer,
For Yankeland is on a toot—the
great Prince Henry's here!

O! ladies of the upper world, pat
on your sweetest smiles,
For Henry's not insensible to charming
female wiles,
Ye darling dudles, bend the pregnant
hinges of the knee
And kiss the hand of royalty from
far across the sea.
Ye gifted masters of the tongue in
after-dinner work,
A sacred duty now is yours, and one
you must not shirk;
Paw round among the stars of heaven
for lofty thoughts to shine
For Henry's entertainment with the
walnuts and the wine.

And you, ye proud Americans, who
boast of royal fame,
Show Henry that he's not the only
joker in the game;
Show him that we have cattle kings
and mining kings to burn,
Let merchant princes greet his eyes
wherever they may turn.
Ye great coal barons, puffed with
pride, an hear him take your stand,
Ye emperors of finance don your
crowns and play a hand!
Present a royalty array, 'twill show
him he is not
The only fragrant dumpin' in the
royal highness pot.

And when he's dazed with this
play spring on him a surprise,
'll make the socks fast too small
to hold his bulging eyes!
Bring his Imperial Majesty Czar Read
to the front—
With that old gravel in his hand to
do a royal stunt.
It's up to you, ye royalists of this
imperial land,
To demonstrate that we are close
behind the royal band—
To show him in convincing style that
he is not so much,
That we have royalty on tap right
here that beats the Dutch!

A Bothered Boy.
I wonder why it is that girls are
always told that they
Should do just like their mamas do
in every single way?
It's awful easy, for a girl to git along,
because
They praise her up fer actin' just
the way her mama dun.
I wish somebody'd tell me why it's
always dreadful wrong
For boys to do things that their pas
keep doin' right along?
I wish I knew why girls can act
just like their mamas do,
And what is more, git loved a lot
and praised up for it too.

Unsanitary Country Hotels.
The suggestion has been made that
amendments should be made to the
Medical Health Act to secure among
other things a better inspection of
country hotels. In this one particular
alone there is work for a good of
ficer in every county. Numbers of
travelers suffer in health and not
infrequently lose their lives by rea
son of the unsanitary condition of
the places at which they must stop.
It is not sufficient to leave to the
License Department the inspection of
public houses. Men are licensed to
conduct hotels for the entertainment of
man and beast and are supposed to
provide adequate accommodation.
At the present time adequate accom
modation consists merely of a room
and a bed and a fairly good meal
—a soup or something—say, a sandwich and
a nice cup of coffee. The individual
possessor demands that his drains shall be
properly constructed and kept in con
dition. If it is too much to expect that
there should be an equally rigid en
forcement of similar laws in the
public hotels.

FIGHT WITH A WILD CAT.

Thrilling Experience of Two Residents of Ops Township.

A "wild cat" story comes from South Ops. Mr. Peter Fisher, who owns a riverside farm about eight miles from town, has been engaged in taking out wood, being assisted by Peter McCabe, the champion chopper of Ops township. One day recently these parties were startled by an unearthly caterwauling from a wild cat which suddenly put in an appearance and began circling around the couple. The men had nothing but their axes as weapons of defense, so they took refuge in trees. The ferocious animal closed in on McCabe, who had always been longing to meet a wild cat. The cat started to climb up the tree to make a more intimate acquaintance with Peter, but the axe wielder strongly objected to this. As the brute neared the limb on which McCabe sat the latter aimed a blow which would have proved fatal if it had hit where it was intended, but a twig caused the axe to glance, and the blow merely severed one of the cat's ears and gashed a paw. The wounds caused the cat to drop to the ground howling with pain, and after tumbling about for a time it bounded away and disappeared in the swamp. Peter McCabe has the ear as a memento of his fight with a wild cat.

SOME FUNERAL ARRANGEMENTS

Which Would Prevent Many Misunderstandings.

The following suggestion should be agreed upon by the members of the Ministerial Association and the funeral directors of Guelph with a view to securing the uniform comfort and convenience of all concerned in the conduct of funerals:

1. To guard against disappointment and confusion it is very necessary that the minister whose services are desired should, in all cases be consulted before the hour for a funeral is fixed.

2. Seeing that it is a generally recognized usage for the funeral director to notify the minister whether or not a cab will convey him from his residence to the place where the service is to be held and thence to the cemetery, it is desirable that instructions on this point should be given to the director by the persons arranging for the interment.

3. It is very earnestly recommended that funerals on Sunday should be avoided, except in cases of extreme necessity.

4. With a view to lessening the danger to the health of those attending funerals it is much to be wished that there may be a wider adoption of the growing practise of withdrawing from the grave at the termination of the service.

Points for our Whist Players.

Among experts refusing to win a certain trick says the Detroit Free Press is by no means an infrequent occurrence. When a long established suit is decided against you, and you hold the last trump, do not take a force unless you possess an established suit or your partner has shown one, when by allowing one trick to pass you may exhaust one adversary in the suit possessed and prevent his leading it again to holder. For example, North and South hold a strong spade suit; North has shown it by his discard, and South is leading his best spade to him. East or West holding the last trump, must not win the second round of the suit, or any round, until he is morally certain that South is leading his last card in that suit. Then unless North has re-entered in another suit, he can never make his long cards. If there's a card in the suit possessed by the player's hand who holds numerical strength, he will bring in his suit anyway, whether the second round is trumped or not.

Some Hard Knocks in Return.

The Montreal Herald points out that the protectionists are continually getting hard knocks from the very people whose interests they so ardently champion. When the ship subsidy people were pressing congress for a bounty on the ground that they could not compete with Great Britain and other countries, along came Sir Christopher Furness and ordered twelve ships from American yards. Now, just as some of our implement manufacturers are pleading for more protection, and stating that they must go to the wall unless they get it, along comes the Deering Harvesting Company of Chicago, hunting for a place in Ontario in which to erect extensive works. It doesn't go to Ottawa and ask the government to run up the duties; it is not afraid to meet any of its American rivals in this country; it just goes ahead and looks out for a site, or which to start operations. "If," says the Herald, "an American company dare make an attempt to invade the Empire from a Canadian base of supplies without any misgivings as to the result of the campaign, why need Canadian capitalists stand in fear and trembling, pleading for the government to protect their operations?"

Catarrh

The cause exists in the blood, in what causes inflammation of the mucous membrane.

It is therefore impossible to cure the disease by local applications.

It is positively dangerous to neglect it, because it always affects the stomach and deranges the general health, and is likely to develop into consumption.

Many have been radically and permanently cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. It cleanses the blood and has a peculiar alternative and tonic effect. M. J. McDonald, Trenton, Ont., writes: "I had catarrh, my system was weak, blood was bad, and my liver torpid and inactive. I tried many medicines without benefit until I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. This medicine has completely cured me and I highly recommend it to all sufferers."

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Promises to cure and keeps the promise. It is better not to put off treatment--buy Hood's today.

THE PROHIBITION BILL

Debate on the Second Reading Begun in the Legislature.

TWO POLICIES ON DRINK EVIL

The Opposition Takes Ground Against Prohibition—The Alternative—Reduction of Licenses and Improved Administration—The Premier's Speech—Attorney-General's Brilliant Argument.

Toronto, March 5.—In the Legislative Assembly to-day the galleries were crowded, and a large number were unable to obtain admission owing to the interest excited by the announcement that the Premier would move the second reading of the Prohibition Bill.

Among the bills introduced were measures to amend the Game Protection Act by Mr. Latchford; respecting the Barberry Shrub by Mr. Dryden, and to amend Ontario Election Act, Mr. Gibson.

The following bills were read a third time: To amend the Land Titles Act, Mr. Gibson, and respecting the Debenture Debt of the Town of Orillia, Mr. Miscampbell.

The Prohibition Bill.

Hon. G. W. Ross moved the second reading of the bill respecting the Sale of Intoxicating Liquors. He said there were three parties who had been heard from, the very earnest temperance man who demanded more heroic legislation. It was to be seen that some of them would be disappointed. There were also the men who were interested in the liquor traffic, who, of course, wanted no further restriction on their trade. There was also another class who wished to see some considerable restriction of the liquor traffic as far as public opinion would permit it, and he believed that the measure had the thorough approval of this class. He quoted The Montreal Witness, which had strongly declared in favor of the bill. Expression of opinion had been received from many hundreds of persons who were in favor of getting such a law as would be enforced by a preponderating public opinion. They did not want to repeat in connection with the law the mistakes which had previously been made in trying to enforce legislation which was not sustained by popular sentiment. There was no advantage in putting on the statute book a law which would be disregarded and scouted by the people. Sir William Meredith, when actively engaged in politics, had said that such a law should be submitted to the people. As to the basis of the vote, the best authorities were opposed to a bare majority vote, which might be an actual minority of the whole people. A law passed in such a manner would only exist for a short time, and then be cast aside. He defended the provision of the bill requiring the majority in favor of the bill to be also a majority of the vote cast at the provincial elections. In order to dispose of the objection that many might refrain from voting in order to make the total vote at the next election smaller, or on the other hand swell the vote in order to put difficulties in the way of prohibition, they proposed to take the vote polled in 1898 instead of that to be polled in the coming election. This vote amounted to 426,076. He did not believe that either side would refrain from voting as if the opponents of the law did so and only a few scattering votes were polled in its favor it would give the impression that the province was overwhelmed in favor of the law.

The Prince of Wales at Bristol.

After Recess.

Mr. Whitney resumed his speech dealing with the question of compensation he held that the people should have the same opportunity to decide on this matter as on the other features of the measure. It was unfair that the Prohibitionists should be required to poll 60,000 votes more to carry Prohibition than they polled on the occasion of the plebiscite. The change in the bill making the submission of other questions a bare majority was required. He quoted many cases in which matters submitted to the people in the United States had been decided by a much smaller vote than that cast at general elections.

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The Prince and a procession of eight carriages following, in which were the suite and newspaper correspondents doing the tour with the object of inducing men to enlist for India and elsewhere abroad, it was proposed to give every one a clear shilling per day. After two years, the soldier decided to serve eight years with the colors and four years in the reserve, he would be paid an extra sixpence daily. Mr. Brodrick said this would result in enlisting a better class of men.

In regard to recruiting, Mr. Brodrick believed the limit had been reached. No reduction in the strength of the army could be expected, and, probably, the Indian garrison must be increased.

The country had already enough experience of allowing the colonial garrisons to sink below their proper limits.

With view of giving a fillip to recruiting, Mr. Brodrick presented the Government proposed to allow enlistment for three years with nine years in the reserve, and, with the object of inducing men to enlist for India and elsewhere abroad, it was proposed to give every one a clear shilling per day. After two years, the soldier decided to serve eight years with the colors and four years in the reserve, he would be paid an extra sixpence daily. Mr. Brodrick said this would result in enlisting a better class of men.

In regard to the much-discussed question of volunteers, Mr. Brodrick declared that if the volunteers were to be a bar to conscription they must make themselves efficient. It was proposed to establish a volunteer reserve of men over 40 years of age who were unable to comply with the ordinary regulations, and establish during the present year a military reserve of 50,000 men. The education of all officers would be vigorously prosecuted, and the expenses of every young officer would be lightened.

Alice Must Star Home.

Washington, March 8.—Miss Alice Roosevelt will not attend the coronation of King Edward VII. While the White House officials decline to discuss the matter it was stated by those in a position to know that the President had decided that she should not go.

If you have a Farm or House and Let to sell, place it in my hands.

If you want to purchase a Farm or House and Let, come to me.

Always on hand—a number of desirable Farms for sale.

ELIAS BOWES,

AUCTIONEER

for North and South Victoria and Man

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES

LINDSAY P.O.

PETER BROWN,

LICENSED AUCTIONEER

ADDRESS: OAKWOOD P.O.

Sales attended to with despatch and satisfaction guaranteed.—27-37.

EDWARD MOSGRCVE,

Notary Public, Conveyancer, Issuer of Marriage Licenses, Insurance Agent, etc.

Money to loan on Real Estate, first Mortgages, etc.

at lowest rates of interest.

Box 14, Kirkfield.—66m

REAL ESTATE.

If you have a Farm or House and Let to sell, place it in my hands.

If you want to purchase a Farm or House and Let, come to me.

Always on hand—a number of desirable Farms for sale.

ELIAS BOWES,

Real Estate Agent and Valuator.

GEORGE SMITH, O. L. Surveyor and

Ordnance Engineer, Esquire for the County of

Victoria and Township of Galt, Markham, Eidsen, and

Gore, Woodstock, etc.

Boundaries between lots defined, Plans of

towns and villages made for registration per Regis

try Act, Accurately drawn under the Drawing

Act, specially Levels and Grids, etc.

Kinds of tile and open drains, Plan, Elevation and

Detail Drawings made, and construction explained

of any kind of building, etc. Mechanical draw

ings of any kind of machinery, etc. Will

be at the office of Mr. O'Boyle, Clerk of the Town

ship of O. L. Smith, Lindsay, every Saturday.

DENTIST.

DR. E. A. TOTTEN,

DENTIST.

Graduate of Toronto University and Royal College

of Dental Surgeons, OFFICE NO. 1, Kent-st.

BOXALL AND MATTHIE

MILK CANS with sanitary
bottom. Our own make.

SAP PAILS AND SPILES

Horse Singers, Windmill Oil Cans,
Creamers, Cream Pails, Milk Pails, Strainer
Pails, Coal Oil Cans. All our own make.

ROBERTSON'S MIXED PAINTS

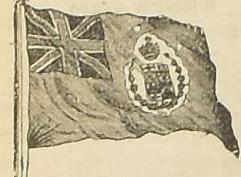
— are the best —

ALABASTINE AND JELLSTONE

We have some second hand and square
Cook Stoves at a sacrifice.

BOXALL & MATTHIE,

Tinsmiths, Plumbers, Steam-
fitters and Ventilating
Engineers.



BUILD UP ONTARIO A Mass Meeting

of the Electors will be held in the Academy
of Music,

LINDSAY,
On Friday, March 21

At 8 o'clock p.m.

MR. NEWTON SMALE,

Liberal Candidate, and

MR. GEO. P. GRAHAM, M. P. P.,
will address the Electors on the Questions
of the Day.

MR. LOUIS HEYD, K. C.,

will speak on the Labor Problems.

All are cordially invited. Seats provided
for ladies and their escorts.

MR. WEEKS, JAS. GRAHAM,
President. Secretary.
God Save the King.

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, MAR. 14th, '02

THE COUNCIL SUSTAINED.

The attempt made to unseat Mayor
Ingle and certain members of the
present Council—in which Mr. A. D.
Mallon, a defeated candidate, was
content to play the part of stool
pigeon—has failed. On Wednesday
evening Mr. G. H. Hopkins, Town Soli-
citor, received a message from Mr.
Watson, K.C., the Toronto counsel
acting for the threatened members,
stating that the Master in Chambers
had dismissed the suit, without costs.

The news was hailed with delight
by the great majority of our citizens,
who had disapproved strongly
of the attempt to take a mean advantage
of a trivial breach of the law, the intention
and sole effect of which was to save
time and expense in the interests of
the ratepayers as a whole.

The parties to the suit claim
to have been guided by disinterested motives,
but the part taken by them in
the late municipal contest, and the
threats then made, would seem to
justify the reception of the high-principled
statement with some degree of
suspicion. We do not think the present
Council is perfect, but it would
not be any nearer the condition if it
numbered among its members some
of the gentlemen whose threats for office
tempted them to adopt a despicable
expedient in the hope of defeating the
will of the people.

We trust this decision of the courts
will end the matter, and that our
chosen representatives will now be
permitted to apply their energies to
the town's service without further
fear of being harassed by the plotting
of opponents who have been told
by the people through the ballot box,
and again by the courts, to "go way
back and sit down."

DEATH OF MRS. G. W. ROSS.

A great bereavement has fallen
upon Hon. Geo. W. Ross, Premier of
Ontario, in the death of his beloved
wife Wednesday morning. The blow
fell with great suddenness. Mrs. Ross
having been in her usual healthy Sunday
when she attended divine service
with her husband. She was indisposed
Monday, and became very ill on
Tuesday night while the Premier was
in his place in the legislature. He
left the chamber at once for his
wife's bedside, and remained with her
till the end came at 4:30 Wednesday
morning.

Mrs. Ross was of Scotch descent,
her people coming to Canada in the
early forties. Her maiden name was

Miss Catherine Boston, and she was
born in the township of Lobo, Middle-
sex, 56 years ago. During the whole
term of her married life, about a
quarter of a century, she had been
her husband's loving companion and
adviser. Taking a deep concern in
public affairs, she was highly es-
teemed by the members on both sides
of the house; while her admirable
qualities as a hostess and her deep
interest in all good works were re-
cognized factors in adding to her
popularity with all classes of citi-
zens.

Further details of the sad occur-
rence appear elsewhere. Our liberal
friends will extend their sincere and
hearty sympathy to Hon. G. W. Ross
in his sad bereavement, and in doing
so we feel they will be joined
by very many conservatives.

THE FIRE BY-LAW UNDER DISCUSSION.

Granolithic Walk Matters, Reports
and Other Matters.

The town fathers met Tuesday
at 7:30 in compliance with a resolution
passed at the last regular meeting
on the 3rd inst. Ald. Burrows
was the only absentee.

Before taking up regular business
a number of accounts were read and
referred to the respective committees
and several tax abatements
were endorsed.

THE FIRE BY-LAW.

Mr. Peel, of the firm of McLaughlin,
McDiarmid & Peel, barristers, ap-
peared before Council on behalf of
Mr. D. Cinnamon, who asked permis-
sion to erect an addition to a shed
in rear of his business premises and
sheet same with iron. Mr. F. D.
Moore was present to protest, on be-
half of the Bank of Montreal and other
clients close by, against what
they claimed would be an infraction
of the fire by-law and a constant
danger to surrounding property.

Mr. Moore read the vital clause in
the by-law which stipulates that all
new buildings erected within certain
zones shall be of iron, stone or brick,
and he maintained that a frame
structure covered with sheet iron
was clearly in contravention of the
by-law, which should be amended if
not sufficiently explicit.

Ald. Jackson—"The adjacent prop-
erty-owners complain also that their
insurance will be affected by such a
building."

Mr. Peel said he had asked two in-
surance agents if they placed brick-
veneered and iron-covered buildings
in different classes, and they had
answered in the negative. The building
would be used only for the storage
of heavy hardware—coal oil
would not be kept there, as claimed.
Many similar buildings had been
erected within the limits defined in
the by-law.

Ald. Jackson remarked that if Coun-
cils had been careless formerly they
should remedy the trouble now that
attention had been called to the
matter. There had been infractions
of the law owing to the carelessness
of the former Fire Warden. Messrs.
McLennan and others had been put
to large expense in the erection of
solid brick storerooms and it would
be unfair to permit others to do that
which had been denied to them. The
safeguarding of property from fire
was an important matter—he remem-
bered one of the worst fires in years
having started in a nest of flimsy
buildings in that vicinity.

Mr. Peel—"What are we to under-
stand by the term 'iron building'?" In
the past a frame building sheeted with iron has ful-
filled the requirements, and there is no
other kind of iron building in town."

Mr. Moore—"You can see them in
Iron City."

Mr. McDiarmid—"As the Bank peo-
ple are satisfied with the by-law, and it
is out. Anyway, the Mayor is the final
arbiter."

Major Ingle—"Where I think Mr.
Cinnamon placed himself in the wrong
was in proceeding with the building
before felling his plan and securing
a permit."

Mr. Peel—"I admit Mr. Cinnamon
was wrong there, but he did not
think it was necessary in the case of
a building to cost less than \$100.

Ald. Jackson—"Kent-st. property is
valuable and we must protect our
businessmen; we also know that the
Underwriters have increased the in-
surance rates in some cases."

Ald. Moore—"Mr. Cinnamon should
have stopped work until the plan had
been felled."

Ald. Jackson—"He did not do so
even when Chief Neivison left in-
structions to that effect."

It was decided that the Mayor
should consult the Town Solicitor and
be guided by his opinion as to the
meaning of the by-law.

Committee Reports.

The following reports, already pub-
lished, were read by the respective
chairmen, and adopted: Police and
Lighting, No. 2; Town Property, No. 4;
Board of Works, No. 5; Finance, No. 2.

GRANOLITHIC WALK PERCENTAGE.

By Law No. 965, fixing the town's
percentage of the cost of granolithic
walks at 60 per cent. In addition
to cost of street intersections, etc.,
was introduced, read in committee
of the whole and finally passed.

Its progress through com-
mittee Ald. Jackson referred to the
statement made by Ald. O'Reilly,
chairman of the Board of Works, at
the joint meeting of the Council and
Board of Trade on Wednesday evening
of last week and reported in The Post.

It was to the effect that the
Council could instruct the Street
Commissioner to present an adverse
report concerning any petition for
a granolithic walk. This was an
erroneous view—if there were any
refusals to make it was the Council's
duty to make them; the Commissioner's
duties were defined by statute, and
related only to the cost, frontage
and rates, etc.

Ald. O'Reilly acknowledged that he
had been reported correctly, and he
still held the same opinion. The Com-
missioner had reported adversely under
instruction in the case of the
Corbin-st. sewer, and the same
rule should apply to walks also. He
also maintained that petitions for
granolithic walks should only be
granted when the same were con-
tinuations from Kent-st.; no gaps
should be permitted.

Ald. McDiarmid—"I think Ald. Jack-
son is right as to the powers of the
Commissioner, and I also agree with
Ald. O'Reilly that all new cement
walks should be continuations of ex-
isting ones."

Major Ingle—"But what would be
fair—take Bond-st. for instance?"
Ald. O'Reilly—"They can join at
William-st."

Ald. Jackson—"It would be unfair
to ask that, as it would block the
scheme."

OTHER BUSINESS.

On motion of Alderman Jackson and
O'Reilly, Council confirmed the
amount of promissory notes discount-
ed and an overdraft carried over in
the bank from 1901, \$18,076 in all.
The motion of Alderman O'Reilly and
Jackson the Board of Works will dis-
cuss the terms of a by-law to pro-
hibit the shoveling of snow from
roofs onto the public streets.

Moved by Ald. O'Reilly, seconded by

Short Session of Council.

INFRACTIONS OF THE FIRE BY-LAW UNDER DISCUSSION.

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**AMMUNITION,
GUNS,
RIFLES,
CARTRIDGE,
SHOOTING GOODS,
LANTERNS,
PLOW LINES,
HALTERS,
COW TIES,
SAWS,
AXES,
CHAINS**

J. G. EDWARDS & CO.

THE WEEKLY POST is published every Friday. The subscription rates: \$100 PER YEAR. PAYABLE IN ADVANCE. \$1.50 IF NOT SO PAID.

SUBSCRIPTIONS MAY COMMENCE AT ANY ISSUE.

REMITTANCES should always be made in the safest manner. Post Office and Express Money Orders are always safe, and may be sent by our own risk.

REMITTANCES when you remit by mail.

REMITTANCES—it is always best to renew two weeks before the date on your wrapper expires in order to insure uninterrupted service.

CHANGE OF ADDRESS—Always give both your old and your new Post Office address, and state your address in the name of the town and the state you live in should always follow your ready name when writing to this office. We cannot readily find your name on our books unless this is done, as many names are alike.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Casual Advertising, 10 cents per line, 12 lines to one inch first insertion; 5 cents each subsequent insertion.

Reading notices in local columns 10 cents per line first insertion and 5 cents each subsequent insertion.

Small condensed advertisements, such as strayed cattle, teachers wanted, farm for sale, etc., \$1.00 for three insertions.

Rates for large spaces for business advertising made known on application at the office.

JOB PRINTING.

Our Job Department is one of the best equipped printing offices in Canada, and is prepared to execute all kinds of printing in first-class style at honest prices. No job too big or too small for us.

All business communications to be addressed to

WISON & WILSON,
Proprietors.

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, MAR. 14th, '02

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Wonder what Gen. Buller thinks when he reads the "I-regret-to-say" reverses Lord Kitchener sends home, after the Boer forces have been shattered into fragments.

When the various items in the British budget are added together they will probably total about \$800,000,000. Of this about \$500,000,000 will go for army, navy and war. The fiddler must get this fee; the dance has been a wild one.

According to recent reports the death rate in the London smallpox outbreak is 14 per cent among persons vaccinated, 65 per cent in cases of doubtful vaccination, and 50-12 per cent in cases where there has been no vaccination at all.

The proposal to turn over the appointment of license officials to some other authority than the government, while still holding the government responsible for the administration of the act, savors of rank injustice. Those who advocate it have evidently given the subject little study.

If Mr. Carnegie is going to roll 700 tons of steel rails per day at the Sault Ste. Marie after April 1st, build 225 miles of the Algoma Central this year, and bring out 3,000 Scandinavian settlers for Northern Ontario this and each subsequent year, as he says he will, there is no present danger of slackness in general trade even though the war in Africa should suddenly cease.

The population of Orillia is, we believe, slightly in excess of 5,000; that of Lindsay, something over 7,000. Keeping these figures in mind, it must strike one as being very odd that the attendance at the respective High Schools is about equal, viz.: On roll for February—Lindsay 192, average attendance 162; Orillia 187, average attendance 169, fees paid for month \$123. The attendance at Orillia public schools is also remarkable, being very little below Lindsay's total. The salaries paid the Orillia teachers do not compare favorably with those paid in Lindsay.

Details of the British reverse at Klipfontein show that the Boers won the day, but at Colenso and Marfontein, by firing from behind entrenchments, and fierce hand-to-hand conflicts. The more desperate grows their cause the more reckless grow the Boers. It is probably the case that those now in the field are only the more determined—men who have nothing to lose, and are fighting with the grim desperation of despair.

The United States census shows that throughout the entire country, including both city and rural districts, 48 families out of every 100 own the homes where they reside. The highest proportion of home owners is found in the north central States, where 58 families out of every 100 own their own homes. In all sections it is found that the higher proportion of home owners is in the country and the lower proportion in the cities. Of the 28 cities possessing over 100,000 population, Rochester stands at the head, with 44 families in every 100 owning their own homes. Detroit and Milwaukee come next, each with 42. St. Paul and Buffalo next, with 40 families to the 100 who pay taxes instead of rent, and Cleveland follows one point behind. Philadelphia has 23, and New York city proper 6.

The St. Catherines Standard says if Mr. Ross remains in power the people will still have the license law, while good men further anywhere than the people wish? Well, why should any law go further than the people wish? All law is the expression of the popular will.

Chancellor Wallace, of McMaster University says: "One of Canada's greatest needs is women who are willing to become mothers. Women were not given to the earth to be被动的 ornaments, but to spend all their days in killing time or to jostle men in the hard industrial rush of this age. The woman who is not willing to be a mother of children, and, if able, the mother of many children, is not worthy to be called a woman."

There will be no change in the Assessment law at this session of the legislature, except in regard to the "scrap-ton" feature, upon which Hon. Mr. Gibson has secured the approval of the Municipal Committee for a clause which provides in effect for the assessment of ways, rails, poles, wires, gas and other pipes, mains, conduits, sub-structures and fixtures, which shall be assessed "at their actual value, as the same would be appraised upon the sale by the company to another company possessing similar power, rights and franchises." This seems to be plain and unequivocal, though it would hardly be safe to gamble on the interpretation which a Bench of Judges may put upon it.

Wh. Rev. Mr. Kettlewell was announcing through a letter to the Globe, that he intended to vote against the Ross government—which means voting for the Whitney party—to testify his resentment against the referendum proviso in the prohibition bill. Mr. Whitney was down at Belleville paying his respects to Mr. Harry Corby, the well-known manufacturer of LXL whisky. At that festive gathering Sir Mackenzie Bowell, Messrs. Borden and Monk, the leaders of the Dominion Tories, and Messrs. Whitney and Foy, the Ontario Tory leaders, vied with one another in expressions of admiration for the eminent distiller, who may be depended upon to work just as hard as Rev. Mr. Kettlewell or the Hamilton Royal Templar newspaper to defeat the Ross government.

My health is the best now that it has been for five years," writes Mr. Price of Ira, Canada, March 9. "I have taken two bottles of your medicine, 'Favorite Prescription' and 'Golden Medical Discovery.' These medicines have no peer, and could not have ever taken so much good as I did. I have had a great deal of trouble with female weakness in the tube. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and 'Golden Medical Discovery'—the most wonderful medicines in the world."

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription makes weak women strong and sick women well. It cures womanly disorders and diseases; brightens the dull eye, rounds out the hollow cheek and gives strength for witty duties and maternal cares.

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The Rathbun Co.

LINDSAY AGENCY

TO BUILDERS

We have a larger stock of lumber, dryer and grading better than has been in our yards for several years. Come and see it.

TO THE TRADE

Now arriving at our warehouse, WINDSOR SALT, in ordinary fine, dairy and table qualities, CALCINED PLASTER, "Hammer" brand, PORTLAND CEMENT, (in wood only).

TO CONSUMERS

Best quality Fresh Mined Hard Coal, in all sizes, coming in all the time.

CANDEL COAL. Have you used it? Once used always wanted

Prompt Service. Phone 77.

THE RATHBUN COMPANY,
G. H. M. BAKER,
LINDSAY AGENT

FARMS FOR SALE.

100 Acres in Ops, 4 Miles from Lindsay.
133 Acres in Ops, 7 miles from Lindsay.
100 Acres in North Emily.

3 One Hundred Acre Farms, Fenelon.

1 Two Hundred Acre Farm, Fenelon.

5 Houses and Lots for Sale in Lindsay.

For Particulars Apply to

ELIAS BOWES, Real Estate Agent

LINDSAY, ONT.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.—The west half of Lot No. 8, Concession 14, Mariposa, containing 125 acres of which about 115 acres are clear. A good frame barn 46 x 56 with stone stables beneath. Comfortable frame dwelling. The farm is situated within two miles of the village of Woodville and five miles from Cannington. The soil is a clay loam of the very best quality. Terms easy. For further particulars apply to the undersigned. J. D. Smith, Lindsay P. O., or to D. R. Anderson, Barrister-at-law, Lindsay.—wtl.

FARMS FOR SALE.

50 acre farm all cleared, near Mariposa Station, for sale cheap.

100 acres, five miles from Lindsay, on Fenelon Falls road, well fenced, good buildings and under good state of cultivation.

Apply at once to

ELIAS BOWES, Real Estate Agent

LINDSAY, ONT.

AFTER SHAVING FOND'S EXTRACT

COOLS, COMFORTS AND HEALS THE SKIN, ENABLING THE MOST TENDER FACE TO ENJOY A SOFT FEELING OF PLEASANT RESULTS. Avoid dangerous irritant Witch Hazel preparations represented to be "the same as the Extract" and easily sour and generally contain "wood alcohol" & deadly poison.

Railway Notes.

The New York Central & Hudson River has ordered 1,000 box cars of 80,000 pounds capacity from the Illinois Car & Equipment Company, and has also 1,000 from the Pullman Company.

He Drives a Good Team.

Peterboro Morning Times; Rev. Father Phelan, the popular parish priest of St. Paul's church, Young's Point, recently purchased a fine pair of young driving horses as are to be found in the district. There were secured down east and were driven to the Point by Mr. E. Phelan of town. Father Phelan has also secured a new outfit of cutter, carriage and handsome robes. The Times has a sort of a hazy idea that while Father "Joe" no doubt will give his church work every attention, he may perhaps find time to drive into town occasionally, especially when a good lacrosse match is to be played.

Banquet to Mr. Borden, M. P.

A complimentary banquet will be given to Mr. R. L. Borden, M. P., leader of the Opposition in the House of Commons, at the Benson house on Friday evening after the lecture at the Collegiate. The banquet is under the joint patronage of the County and Town Councils, the Board of Education and the Literary Society of the Collegiate Institute. All who desire to attend are cordially welcome. There are no special invitations. Tickets may be had at Peterboro's or Little's bookstores. As the accommodation is limited to 80 those desiring tickets should purchase early.

Early Seeding in Manitoba.

An Associated Press dispatch from Portage la Prairie speaks of a record in early seeding which has been recently made by a farmer in that locality. On the 22nd February, Mr. Thos. Leader completed the sowing of 25 acres of wheat. The land was ploughed in the fall and was in fair condition. With a favorable spring the wheat will be ready for harvesting in June. A well-known local farmer informs us that in 1874 considerable seeding was done in this district about the middle of February, and that a few days later there occurred one of the worst snowstorms known for years, all trains being blocked for nearly a week. No injury was done to the grain, and a fine crop resulted.

It may be you want

Ground Glasses

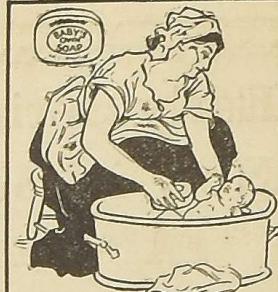
to give you a perfect fit.

Remember we can grind them just to suit your case.

Consultation and advice free.

MORGAN BROS.

Druggists and Opticians.



MR. N. F. BLACK HONORED.

Tendered a Complimentary Supper by the L. C. I. Glee Club

The dining room of the "Big Twenty" was graced on Thursday evening last with the presence of the L.C.I. Glee Club, who had assembled to honor to their instructor and guest, Mr. Black. After the first banquet scene had been applauded, all present expressed their loyalty by a bumper to the long life and prosperous reign of King Edward the Seventh. With the dying echoes of the national anthem the President, C. E. Mark, arose and set forth the gratitude and appreciation of the Glee Club for the painstaking efforts of their director in their behalf. Then followed the ringing chorus "For He's a Jolly Good Fellow". Mr. Black replied in his most agreeable and acceptable manner, humor and advice full and comic being tastefully and palatably intermingled. The toast "Sweethearts and Wives" (the first only seemed to concern most) elicited an outburst of eloquence that swept the board. Not one was dumb, but Messrs. C. D. McAlpine and J. Gillespie soared highest with the exalted wings of inspired utterance. The L.C.I. was ably upheld by Mr. F. Perrin, showing forth the deserved fame and renown this institution had attained. "The Teachers" called Mr. P. G. McPherson to his feet, and as a matter of course they were ably represented. "The Town Council" was championed by Mr. H. Jamieson, whose tender sympathies in their hour of trial were most feelingly expressed. The other members will be remembered for their gallant and generous sentiment in inviting the toasts. The building then resounded to the strains of "Auld Lang Syne" the sounds dying away as the party went forth into the night.

Will Meet Again April 3rd.

The License Commissioners for East Victoria—Mr. Wm. Waffle, Cobcoenk, Mr. J. Howie, Somerville, and Mr. W. C. Moore, Bobcaygeon—held their organization meeting for 1902-3 last Wednesday. Mr. Waffle was elected chairman. After a brief discussion in which reference was made to the very satisfactory observance of the law during the previous year, the Commissioners adjourned to meet again Wednesday, April 23rd, when the applications for licenses will be considered.

The bicycle, keg and wheelbarrow races caused great amusement.

There were 21 competitors in the keg race, comprising boys of all ages and sizes. The youngest competitor in this event was little Peter Spratt, son of Mr. R. Spratt, and he managed to stay in the race until the skaters had dwindled down to four.

The bicycle race was an enjoyable event, as there were several spills on the ice. It was most amusing to see young Spratt slip off his wheel in a pool of water and then mount it again like a flash. The little fellow never got discouraged and managed to finish second. The race was won by Mr. Willie Silver, who rode perfectly steady, being assisted greatly by having an automatic brake on his wheel. Following are the unsuccessful winners in the several events;

One mile open—1st A. LaPage, 2nd J. Elliott. J. Massaw also competed in this event.

Half mile open—1st Geo. Scott, 2nd J. Massaw.

One mile, Boys under 15 years—1st C. Sylvester, 2nd F. Cote. Messrs. Hussey, P. Menzies, R. Henders and J. Logan were competitors.

Spratt, Messrs. Gillespie and Paton also competed.

Wheelbarrow race, with man in barrow—1st J. Primeau. Messrs. J. Cote, Hettger and Cunningham were the other contestants.

Bicycle race—1st W. Silver, 2nd P. Fancy skating—prize was given to Mr. W. LaPage, who despite the soft ice performed many difficult feats.

Lady and gentleman race—1st Mr. J. Massaw and Miss F. Murdoch.

Roaring Keg race—1st J. Primeau.

The spectators' prize was awarded to Mr. Percy Menzies, who was fortunate enough to hold the lucky number.

General Sporting Notes

H.R.H. the Prince of Wales will be present at the match between the Toronto Lacrosse Club and the Duke of Argyle's team, which is to be played at Lord's on Saturday, April 26th.

The attention of members of the Toronto Driving Club is called to the fact that the officials of the Horse Show have decided to make a class for pacing roadster horses. This is a new venture and no doubt will prove a grand success financially for the Horse Show, and certainly a great benefit to owners of this class.

Life Guards.

The Life Guards are two regiments of cavalry forming part of the British household troops. They are gallant soldiers, and every loyal British heart is proud of them. Not only the King's household, but yours, ours, everybody's should have its life guards. The need of them is especially great when the greatest foes of life, diseases find allies in the very elements, colds, influenza, catarrh, the grip and pneumonia, do in the stormy month of March. The best way that we know of to guard against these diseases is to strengthen the system with Hood's Sarsaparilla—the greatest of all life guards. It removes the conditions in which these diseases make their most successful attack, gives vigor and tone to all the vital organs and functions, and imparts a genial warmth to the blood. Remember the weaker the system the greater the exposure to disease. Hood's Sarsaparilla makes the system strong.

Geo. T. Powell on Tree Planting.

The Toronto Farmer's Sun; Mr. Geo. T. Powell, of New York, in the course of a recent address, said: Land adjoining highways would be certainly benefitted by the planting of trees at suitable distances along the roads and also the country beautified. The growth of trees should be encouraged in all places about farms where tillage is absent and unprofitable. One effect of this practice, in addition to the value that would be steadily growing in the trees, would be the protection that would be afforded to birds. With the barrenness of the soil on many farms there is a painful bareness of bird life, and in consequence a great increase in destructive insects. Many crops at the present time can be grown only by the costly method of destroying insects by machinery, with horse and hand labor. More stringent laws are required to protect our birds. The shotgun and dog should be prohibited, and the birds given a chance to live, to multiply, and to aid the farmer and the horticulturist in keeping in check the many insects that are devastating their crops.

Church Notes.

On Sunday, March 16th, the anniversary services of the Cambridge-St. Methodist church Sabbath school will be conducted by Rev. J. P. Wilson, B.A., of Peterboro. Special hymns will be sung by the children under the direction of Mr. J. Parnell Morris.

The London Free Press points out that Dean Carmichael is the tenth Bishop furnished to the Church of England in Canada by the Diocese of Huron. Here is the list: Bishop McLean, Bishop Pinkham, Bishop Sullivan, Bishop Baldwin, Bishop DuMoulin, Bishop Helmuth, Bishop Fanque, Bishop Mills, Bishop Sweatman and Bishop Carmichael. It is also claimed that the Diocese of Huron has sent missionaries farther northward and southward than any other in Canada.

Rev. J. W. Macmillan, minister of St. Andrew's, commenced on Sunday evening a series of lectures on the relation of evolution and Christianity which proved to be very interesting and instructive. The first lecture dealt with the fall of man, as described in the 3rd chapter of Genesis. The minister said he was not particular about confirming what a great many believed about the bible because a great number of these beliefs were not found there, but he was concerned and anxious to have confirmed what the bible really did say. This evolution was largely done.

Rev. W. W. Denham, of Mishawaka, Ind., says the Lord's Prayer "is not a logical orison for modern christians." He maintains that the Lord's Prayer was given to the Jews under existing Hebrew laws, that it was never intended as a model prayer for the elect in the New Testament because it does not contain the name of Christ, as He had not yet suffered and died. The preacher bases his claims upon the fact that Jesus afterwards instructed His disciples to ask in His name, and that not a single clause or petition in the Lord's Prayer embodies the name of Jesus. His views have evoked some spirited criticism.

Sold by J. CAMERON, Oakwood.

WOMEN'S ALIMENTS.

SUFFERING WHICH DOCTORS FAIL TO CURE.

Thousands of Women Throughout Canada in a Similar Condition—Words of Hope to Sufferers.

In countless homes throughout Canada, where health and happiness should reign supreme, the peculiar weakness and diseases of women are responsible for an atmosphere of hopelessness and despair. This awful condition is largely due to a misunderstanding of the proper manner in which to effect a cure for female troubles of all kinds. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have been more successful in cases of this kind than any other medicine, and they should be used in every home, and should be used by every woman who is not perfectly healthy and strong. Mrs. Fred Murphy, well known resident of Fenelon Head, N. S., cheerfully bears testimony to the great value of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in woman's ailments.

Mrs. Murphy says:—"A few years ago my health was completely broken down, my troubles beginning in one of the aliments which go frequently

THE N. HOCKIN SHOE STORE

SUCCESSORS TO W. L. WHITE,

LINDSAY, ONT.

MATT H. SISON, FELIX FORBERT.

VARIETY, QUALITY AND ECONOMY

To Capture the Farmer.

Everybody knows that the farmers' trade is the backbone of Lindsay's extensive business—nobody knows it better than this store. To increase the farmers' trade we strongly support with time and money the SUGAR-BEET interest or any other interest that will put money into the farmers' pocket for the reason that the more cash the farmer has the more we get.

This big shoe store is already doing a large share of the best farmers' shoe trade coming to Lindsay, but we are determined to capture a still bigger share of it. For the spring trade we have opened a special Farmers' Heavy Shoe Department, which is crammed full with the biggest stock of reliable working boots ever shown in Lindsay.

With our little space in this paper we cannot begin to describe the goods or quote prices, but we extend a hearty invitation to every farmer's family to come to Lindsay and visit this big shoe store before buying their spring shoes as it means Variety, Quality and Economy.

The N. HOCKIN SHOE STORE.

FENELON COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

The Fenelon Council met at Cambrey March 3rd, at call of Reeve, all the members present. Mr. Webster, being absent from the last meeting, then took the declarations of office and property qualification, after which the minutes of last meeting were read and approved on motion of Messrs. Palmer and Cragg. Communications were read from S. Cooper re pay for shoveling snow; the Council agreed that it be deducted from road work. From Good Roads Machinery Co. re their road machinery. From Registrar Barr's plan of Rosedale. From Wm. McNish re roadmaster running water off road on his land. From J. C. Parry re work done on Style's Hill and resigning office of overseer. From A. P. Devlin re opening 3rd con. line. From Jas. Tweedie and F. Jones resigning office of overseer. From John Kennedy re work done on Fenelon and Verulam boundary. From R. J. McLaughlin enclosing cheque for \$100 from G. T. Railway re crossing on con. lot 6, also his account for services rendered re same. Report of Auditors John Cundall and Thos. Mark. On motion of Messrs. Palmer and Webster the auditors' report was adopted and \$6 each was ordered to be paid them.

It was moved by Mr. Palmer and seconded by Mr. Mark that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, on every box. If you do not find them at your dealers, they will be mailed postpaid at 50¢ a box, or six boxes for \$2.50 by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Engaged to Sing in New York.

Saturday's Mail and Empire contained the following pleasing reference to a young lady who has spent her summer vacation here for some years with her uncle Dr. J. McAlpine; Miss Olga McAlpine has been engaged as court singer, at a handsome salary, of Holy Trinity church, Brooklyn. The choir of this church was for some twenty-six years under the direction of Mr. Dudley Buch, and has one of the finest musical reputations in Greater New York. Miss McAlpine studied with Mr. E. W. Schuch, her solo master, for a little over three years, during which time she won the gold medal in singing at Lorotot Abbey, and sang in the choirs of the Church of the Redeemer and St. Paul's church.

Last vacation Miss McAlpine was a member of Nightingale Camp, established at Rosedale for two weeks, and her sweet voice gave pleasure to hundreds.

An impossible thing to find is a plaster equalled to "D. & L. Menthol," which is being imitated. Get the genuine. For side aches, back-aches, stitches, nothing equals it. Made by the Davis & Lawrence Co., Ltd.

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The company has now decided to give the populace of some of the larger cities in the States of Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, Kentucky and Pennsylvania an opportunity of seeing the series of photographic views it had on exhibition at the Pan-American exposition at Buffalo. There will be over 100 pictures in the collection, each measuring 3 feet 6 inches by 4 feet 2 inches, in addition to one of the finest collections of mounted fish that have ever been shown.

The fish include specimens of black bass from the "Highlands of Ontario," dories and maskinong

COKE

DANDRUFF CURE

Is a blessing to mankind, if you USE it; but if you merely read these advertisements and think about it, you will get no benefit whatever. Now what stage have you reached?

THERE IS FIRST DANDRUFF—
NEXT FALLING HAIR—
THEN BALDNESS—

Coke Dandruff Cure is created to cure dandruff, stop the falling of the hair and prevent baldness. All that we ask is—"try it." If it fails, your money will be refunded. Sold by druggists—50c. and \$1.00.

A. R. BREMER CO., LIMITED, TORONTO,
CHICAGO NEW YORK LONDON PARIS

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, MAR. 14th, '02

PLANK AND CEMENT WALKS

Discussed by the Board of Trade and Town Council.

PROPERTY OWNERS WILL PAY 40 P. C. AS HERETOFORE.

Mr. Hockin Gives Some Good Advice to Citizens—Board of Trade Discuss an Offer from an Outside Manufacturing Firm and the Completion of the River Dredging.

A joint meeting of the Board of Trade and Town Council was held Wednesday evening in the Council chamber. The following gentlemen were present: President J. D. Flavelle, Jas. Graham, G. H. M. Baker, J. Carew, J. A. Padden, R. Kylie, C. D. Barr, G. H. Hopkins, W. A. Goodwin, J. M. Squier, N. Hockin, R. Chambers, J. H. Sootheran, J. M. McLennan, Mayor Ingle and Aldermen Jackson, O'Reilly, Robson and McDiarmid.

President Flavelle explained that the Board had been asked to meet the members of the Council in order that a decision might be reached as to the percentage to be charged property-owners who petition for granolithic walks. Heretofore the percentage on residential streets had been 60 per cent. for the town and 40 per cent for property-owners, and some of the aldermen were in favor of revising these proportions.

Ald. O'Reilly, chairman of the Board of Works, read a number of letters relating to the plan followed by other municipalities, and submitted figures showing the relative cost of plank and cement walks; the former would cost, with repairs, about 7c. per square foot, and last 10 years; the latter would cost only 10c. per square foot, and last from 20 to 40 years. By purchasing cement in car lots the cost might be cut to 9-12c.

The speaker thought the Council should adopt a system in the granting of petitions for cement walks, and suggested that the petitions approved should be for continuations from Kent-st.

Mr. McLennan—"Can the Council refuse properly signed petitions?"

Ald. O'Reilly—"Yes, I think so—the Commissioner has to report upon each, and we can instruct him to report adversely."

Ald. Jackson—"No, no."

Mr. Chambers—"I fail to see how the property-owners on any street could be refused while the petition for another walk was granted."

Ald. Burrows proposed that the property-owners' percentage be 50 per cent instead of 60 per cent, as proposed.

Mr. Hopkins thought the building of cement walks should be encouraged as much as possible—it was folly to put down plank walks, and if the town had put down cement walks ten years ago, paying the entire cost, it would have been a paying investment. Of course it would not be advisable to put down cement walks on the outskirts. He was in favor of the Council continuing to pay 60 per cent of the cost, and thought that only the citizens on leading streets worth petition. The Council could refuse a petition for good reasons. Parties paying for cement walks had to pay their share of the 60 per cent allowed in the case of other walks. Plank walks are costly and have to be paid out of the year's rates, while cement walks are cheaper in the end and the payment extends over a long period. Visitors spoke in very complimentary terms of the improved appearance of the town owing to the new pavements, and if we can't have good streets right away, we should try to get good walks. The town should continue to pay 60 per cent.

Ald. McDiarmid thought the town should pay 60 per cent, or more, if necessary—it would be much cheaper to do so than to lay and repair plank walks. Not another yard of them should be put down.

Mr. G. H. M. Baker—"Plank costs now about twice what it did a few years ago, while cement is only half the price it was then. It would be cheaper to lay granolithic walks."

Mr. Hopkins referred to the plan followed in the town of Berlin, saying the town possessed more cement walks than any town of its size in Canada. The Local Improvement Act was in force there, and property-owners paid the entire cost of the walks.

Mr. Hopkins—"That plan would be voted down here by 3 to 1; we'll have to stick to the present method."

Mr. Graham—"In that case I would prefer the present arrangement and think 50 per cent for town and property-owners would be fair."

Mr. Hockin referred to Berlin's walks, and said the boulevards were kept sodded and trimmed. What first strikes all new-comers to Lindsay is the neglected appearance of the street frontage. He had tried to make his own house frontage attractive, to serve as an object lesson to others. As for the walks, he was in favor of the property-owners paying 40 per cent.

Major Ingle—"Mr. Hockin's remarks are along the right line, but being a new-comer he does not know that we have not been in a position till lately to do better owing to the building of new walks and the moving out of old ones."

After some further discussion it was moved by Mr. Padden, seconded by Mr. Goodwin, that the Board of Trade recommend that the town pay 60 per cent, and the ratepayers 40 per cent of the cost of granolithic walks.

In amendment it was moved by Mr. Kyle, seconded by Mr. J. M. McLennan, that the property-owners pay 60 per cent, and the town 40 per cent. This was defeated and the original motion was adopted.

Mr. Jas. Graham, referring to a remark made by Mr. Hopkins relative to the town's lack of money for improvements, said he hoped the Council would levy a rate high enough to permit of Commissioner Chalmers and other town employees being kept busy.

Board of Trade Business.

Secretary Sootheran read a letter from a manufacturing firm in Western Ontario, who asked what inducements the town was prepared to offer in case they removed their business to Lindsay. The Secretary was instructed to continue the correspondence. The firm are rated at \$150,000 in Bradstreet's and would employ 50 or 60 men at the outset.

Mr. McLennan—"The Secretary might also ask the Electric Light Co. for a rate for power."

Mr. J. M. Squier—"It's \$20 per h.p., at least that's what they're charging me."

Mr. Kylie referred to the unsatisfactory outlook for the Lindsay, Bobcaygeon & Poutpool R.R. scheme. The citizens were in doubt as to whether they would have to pay the debentures or not, and owing to the uncertainty were not in a position to deal with an offer from any industry.

Mr. Hopkins—"We had to fix certain dates for the commencement and completion of the work. I think four years is the time limit, and I understand a proper start was made. The bonds are in charge of a Trust Co. and will not be handed over unless all the conditions are complied with."

Mr. Kylie—"I know the bonds are safe, but the promoters were bound to make a substantial beginning inside a certain date after the voting of the bonus, and I don't think that has been done."

President Flavelle—"Well, I understand from Mr. Boyd that about \$6,000 has been expended."

Mr. Kylie—"But the fact remains that a proper start has not been made."

Mr. Carow called attention to the incomplete dredging of the river channel, and said that if action was not taken at once in the matter the unpleasant experience of last season would be repeated. He had spoken to Senator McHugh on the subject, and that gentleman had promised to use his influence to have the work completed as early as possible.

The mill-men had submitted to many sacrifices last summer to maintain navigation in the narrow channel, and it would be unfair to demand the same of them next season if it could be avoided by energetic action on the part of the Board of Trade. In his own case owing to the shallow water the inside boom of his anchored cribs was 40 feet from his wharf, while if the dredging was completed the outside boom would be within 30 feet of the shore, which would allow ample room for the passage of steamers at full speed if necessary.

President Flavelle—"It will only be necessary to secure a re-vote; there is enough money unexpended to complete the dredging."

Mr. Carow—"The trouble is to secure the dredge in time. I understand it is proposed to keep it in Peterborough waters for a couple of months after navigation opens."

Mr. Barr—"The dredge is being managed in the interests of Peterborough, and a sharp protest is needed."

On motion of Mr. Graham, seconded by Mr. Barr, it was decided to memorialize Hon. Mr. Tarte to have the dredging completed as early in the season as possible.

The Board then adjourned.

More Colds are cured by Pyng-Balsam than any other one remedy. It cures quickly and certainly. Bronchial affections give way readily, to Manufactured by the proprietors of Perry Davis' Palm-Killer.

OLD LINDSAY BOY PROMOTED

Another of Mr. F. C. Taylor's Students

Nearing the Top.

The Des Moines Iowa, Daily Leader of March 2nd notes the promotion of Mr. Wm. Mattie, day school dispatcher at that point for the Chicago and Great Western Railway, to the more important position of train manager for the 4th and 5th districts of the same system.

Mr. Mattie is an old Lindsay boy, and a brother of Mr. Geo. Mattie, of the firm of Boxall & Mattie. He became an expert telegraph operator under the tuition of Mr. F. C. Taylor in whose office he spent several years, and whose students are all occupying good positions as a result of the fine business training bestowed upon them. In 1886 or 1887 young Mattie left Lindsay for Uncle Sam's territory, and entered the service of the Great Western Railway as operator in the Chief dispatcher's office at Dubuque. From that time until 1898 he served as train dispatcher at various points on the system, including three years in the Chicago office, one year as night chief dispatcher at Oelwein and Des Moines respectively, and three years as day chief dispatcher at Des Moines. The Leader adds that Mr. Mattie is very popular and his promotion is approved by all railway men.

Orillia and Lindsay Curlers

SECOND GAME FOR THE SHEPHERD NEEDLER CUP

Orillia up Both at Lindsay and in Orillia, but Our Men Won the Round.

The game in Lindsay last week was started as soon as the Orillia men arrived in order that the game might be played off before the ice became too soft. But the players were too slow for the weather, and only a few ends had been finished when they found it necessary to turn their stones, and long before the game had finished the ice was so damp that some of the players found it hard to put the stones up. It was a game in which muscle combined with an easy delivery told every time.

At the early stage of the game the Lindsay men pulled ahead, but the softer the ice became the better the Orillia rinks on the whole played. Although the game was announced for the afternoon, still the news that it was being played quickly spread and by noon quite a crowd had collected to watch the play. Many a curler was late for dinner, and some of the keen ones went without the mid-day meal rather than miss the close of such an exciting contest.

On Ice No. 2 Mr. McLennan played Mr. Thomson. McLennan's men had the best of the game from the start to the finish. Lindsay scored twelve out of the eighteen ends and scored 21 points to Orillia's 14.

On Ice No. 3 Mr. Needler played Mr. Scott. The ice was altogether too heavy for Mr. Needler—but it had been slightly keener the result of this game would have in all probability been in Mr. Needler's favor, as a few strong running shots would have completely changed the score.

Mr. Needler and his rink did well to pull out only three down.

On Ice No. 4 Cuthbert and Main fought it out; the first half of the game went all Lindsay way, the score at the end of the eighth end standing Cuthbert 10, Main 1. Then things changed completely and Main scored the next ten ends, making 17 points, the score at the finish standing Cuthbert 10, Main 18.

Main during these ten ends played in remarkably fine form and he was ably seconded by his vice-skip, Gordon Grant. For Lindsay J. W. Anderson played a beautiful game from start to finish. What luck there was went to Orillia; had Cuthbert got a piece of it some of the last ends would have gone to Lindsay.

On Ice No. 5 Mr. Flavelle and Dr. Marley fought it out. They tied on the eighth and also on the thirteenth end. For the heavy ice some remarkable good shots were played.

Both rinks from the leads up, but the stones up in good shape. Mr. Flavelle pulled out on top by the close margin of 2 shots. Full score:

AT LINDSAY Y.

ORILLIA. LINDSAY

C McNabb Dr. McAlpine

J B Tuthopps T Gage

Goo Rapley J M Knowlson

Goo Thompson, skip.....14 W McLennan, skip... 21

J H Wade H A Morgan

D Ardagh P Kennedy

R Wade R A Miller

J C Scott, skip.....16 W Needler, skip.....12

D Roper F Crandell

F Horn J Boxall

Gordon Grant J W Anderson

A Main, skip.....18 R H Cuthbert, skip... 10

F McPherson R Chambers

A Jamieson F W Stutts

G Madden T Burke

D Harvie, skip.....12 J D Flavelle, skip.....14

Total..... 59 Total..... 57

Score by ends, at Lindsay—

Ice No. 2.

Thompson .0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 4 0 0 0 0 1 3—14

McLennan .3 0 1 1 1 2 0 2 0 2 1 2 1 4 0 0—21

Ice No. 3.

Scott 2 0 3 0 2 1 1 1 0 1 0 1 1 0 0 0 1—15

Needler.... 0 1 0 3 0 0 0 0 2 1 0 0 1 2 2 0—12

Ice No. 4.

Main 0 0 0 1 0 0 2 3 2 1 3 2 1 1 1 2—18

Cuthbert.... 1 1 1 2 0 1 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—10

Ice No. 5.

Harvie.... 0 1 0 1 1 2 0 0 1 2 0 1 0 1 1—12

Flavelle.... 1 0 2 0 3 0 0 1 1 0 0 3 0 2 0 0—14

For the second game, the results were:

Ice No. 2.

Thompson .0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 4 0 0 0 0 1 3—14

McLennan .3 0 1 1 1 2 0 2 0 2 1 2 1 4 0 0—21

Ice No. 3.

Scott 2 0 3 0 2 1 1 1 0 1 0 1 1 0 0 0 1—15

Needler.... 0 1 0 3 0 0 0 0 2 1 0 0 1 2 2 0—12

Ice No. 4.

Main 0 0 0 1 0 0 2 3 2 1 3 2 1 1 1 2—18

Cuthbert.... 1 1 1 2 0 1 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—10

Ice No. 5.

Harvie.... 0 1 0 1 1 2 0 0 1 2 0 1 0 1 1—12

Flavelle.... 1 0 2 0 3 0 0 1 1 0 0 3 0 2 0 0—14

For the third game, the results were:

Ice No. 2.

Thompson .0 0 0 0 0 0

Bargain Friday and Saturday, MARCH 14th and 15th.

This week we will talk of Dress Goods, Prints, Cottons and House-Furnishings.

30 Shades All-Wool Dress Goods, regular 30c, bargain days.....	21c
15 Shades Satin Cloth, regular 60c, bargain days.....	35c
2 Pieces Whip Cord, regular 45c, bargain days.....	35c
4 Patterns Double Fold Dress Goods, regular 22c, bargain days.....	15c
2 Pieces Waist Lining, regular 13c, bargain days.....	11c
5 Pieces Black Linenette, regular 12c, bargain days.....	9c
3 Boxes Featherbone, regular 10c, bargain days per yard.....	7c
1 Box Dress Shields, regular 13c, bargain days each.....	10c
1 Box Dress Shields, regular 18c, bargain days each.....	14c
1 Piece Black Lustre, regular 38c, bargain days.....	29c
30 Ends Factory Cotton, regular 4c, bargain days.....	3c
10 Pieces Dress Ducking, regular 12c, bargain days.....	9c
2 Pieces White Lawn, regular 15c, bargain days.....	11c
2 Pieces White Lawn, regular 11c, bargain days.....	8c
50 Sashes Batting, regular 7c, bargain days.....	5c
10 Boxes Shetland Flax, regular 7c per skein, bargain days.....	6c
Men's Collars, all sizes and styles, regular 13c bargain days.....	10c
Men's Unlaundered Shirts, regular 50c, bargain days.....	43c
Red and Green Table Damask, regular 50c, bargain days.....	39c
Table Padding, regular \$1.00, bargain days.....	75c
Cotton Mole Skins, regular 20c, bargain days.....	16c
Cotton Mole Skins, regular 25c, bargain days.....	20c
50 Cotton Towels, regular 5c, bargain days.....	4c
Linen Towels, regular 10c, bargain days.....	8c
Linen Towels, regular 25c, bargain days.....	20c
Apron Gingham, regular 9c, bargain days.....	6c
Apron Gingham, regular 14c, bargain days.....	11c
Heavy Wool Sox, regular 13c, bargain days.....	10c
Men's Braces, regular 30c, bargain days.....	22c
1 Ladies' Corset Cover, regular 23c, bargain days.....	17c
1 Ladies' Corset Cover, regular 26c, bargain days.....	22c
Ladies' Flannelette Corset Covers, regular 38c, bargain days.....	29c
Ladies' Cotton Corset Covers, regular 28c, bargain days.....	23c
Ladies' Chemise, regular 28c, bargain days.....	23c
Ladies' Chemise, regular 35c, bargain days.....	29c
Ladies' Chemise, regular 55c, bargain days.....	44c
Ladies' Cotton Drawers, regular 28c, bargain days.....	23c
Ladies' Cotton Drawers, regular 35c, bargain days.....	29c
Ladies' Cotton Drawers, regular 75c, bargain days.....	62c
Ladies' Night Gowns, regular \$1.10, bargain days.....	95c
Ladies' Night Gowns, regular 90c, bargain days.....	70c
Ladies' Night Gowns, regular \$1.75, bargain days.....	1.45
Ladies' Black and Colored Kid Gloves, regular \$1.25, bargain days.....	1.15
Ladies' Black and Colored Kid Gloves, regular \$1.10, bargain days.....	98c
Ladies' Black and Colored Kid Gloves, regular 75c, bargain days.....	64c
Ladies' Cashmere Gloves, regular 28c, bargain days.....	22c
Ladies' Cashmere Hose, regular 25c, bargain days.....	20c
Ladies' Cashmere Hose, regular 30c, bargain days.....	26c
Ladies' Cashmere Hose, regular 35c, bargain days.....	30c
Embroideries at 1c, 3c, 4c, and.....	6c
1 Piece Black Pauddie Soi Silk, regular \$1.35, bargain days.....	1.00
1 Piece Black Surah Silk, regular price 60c, bargain days.....	45c
10 per cent. off Lace Curtains and Carpets bargain days.....	
10 per cent. off all Coats bargain days.....	
30 Articles in Chicaware, Mugs, Plates, Sets, etc., 7c each.	

E. E. W. McGAFFEY, LINDSAY'S LEADER OF LOW CASH PRICES.

Wall Paper

...1902..

FOR
THE
NEXT
SIXTY
DAYS



A BAD CASE OF GRIP

need not mean instant death or even lingering illness if you will take the proper remedy in time, which means at the inception of the disease, now in fact. White Pine Balsam, which we sell, has proved highly efficacious in many instances. For a simple cold or cough try it.

A. HIGGINBOTHAM, Druggist,
NEXT TO PYM'S HOTEL.

EXHIBITION OF FANCY SKATING.

A Fairly Large Crowd Present at the Rink Monday Evening.

Miss Minnie Cummings, of Minneapolis, entertained a fairly large audience at the rink last Monday evening by giving an exhibition of fancy skating. On account of the mild weather the ice was a trifle soft, although much better than might have been expected. About 200 people were present and they went home well satisfied that the young lady is a star as a fancy skater. Miss Cummings came on the ice attired in a pretty red costume with hat to match, which was very becoming.

The band played several marches as the skater performed her many difficult and gracefully executed feats. She is certainly a clever fancy skater and the best that has been seen in Lindsay for some time. She has been giving exhibitions in fancy skating since Dec. 20th and has visited Dakota, Manitoba and Ontario. She will come direct to Ontario another year and exhibit in all the towns.

Fruit Choppers,
Meat Cutters,
Bird Cages.

Builders' Hardware,
Carriage Hardware,
"Prism Brand" Paints.
SCRANTON COAL.

Portland Cement,
Sewer Pipe,
Fire Clay,
Circular Saws,
Cross Cut Saws,
Axes.

Horse Clippers,
Toilet Clippers,
Leather Mitts,
Washing Machines,
Churns,
Scales.

Fire Clay,
Circular Saws,
Cross Cut Saws,
Axes.

McLENNAN & CO.

Hardware, Coal and Iron.

FARM FOR SALE—Or will rent for a term of years, being composed of Lots 2 in the 5th and 6th Concession, also the southwest quarter of Lot 3 on the 6th Concession of the township of Verulam. This desirable farm is situated in the best portion of the township, on what is known as the Scotch Line. There is on the premises 145 acres cleared and in good state of cultivation, good orchard and buildings and three good wells. Easy terms to purchaser or good tenant. Immediate possession if required. For terms and particulars apply to DAVID KENNEDY, at The Kennedy & Davis Milling Co's Lumber Yard, Lindsay—w.l.

The Salvation Army.

Bogadler Pickering, accompanied by "The Hand Bell Ringers," will visit Lindsay, March 22nd, 23rd and 24th. Program: Saturday, 8 p.m., Reception to Brigade and Musical Meeting (without bells); Sunday, 11 a.m., Holiness Convention, subject, "An Old Man's Advice"; Sunday, 3 p.m., subject, "Broken Links"; Sunday, 7.30 p.m., subject, "After Twenty Years". Afternoon and evening subjects will be illustrated and interpersed by music and songs. Monday, 8 p.m., great Musical Festival, melodious Ringing of Bells and part singing by this first-class combination. Everybody welcome.—w.l.

PERSONALS.

—Mr. A. Y. Hopkins, of Kinmount, was in town Monday.

—Mr. F. Mooney, of Minden, was in town lately on business.

—Mr. J. A. Carl, of Fraserville, was in town Tuesday on business.

—Mr. Chas. Stevens, of Napanee, is spending a few days in town.

—Mr. John McNaney, of Carden, was in town lately on business.

—Dr. Jas. Grant, of Victoria Road, was in town lately on business.

—Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Garbutt, Lakefield, are visiting friends in town.

—Miss Hughes, of Port Hope, is visiting Mrs. McNish, south ward.

—Mr. Frank W. Read, merchant, of Bobcaygeon, was in town Monday.

—Mr. Thos. McNamara, of Kinmount, is spending a few days in town.

—Miss Gilchrist, of Woodstock, spent last Monday with Lindsay friends.

—Mr. Wm. Reddick, Inland Revenue Inspector, Peterboro, was in town Tuesday.

—Mr. Thos. Foster, of Cannington, was in town Monday transacting business.

—Miss Maggie Storer, town, is at present the guest of Peterboro friends.

—Mr. J. A. Courtney, drug traveller, Toronto, spent Sunday with friends in town.

—Mr. H. Nevinson, of Fenelon Falls, is spending a few days in town with friends.

—Mr. Will. Goodwin, who had been at home for a week, has returned to Toronto.

—Mr. F. Hitchon, of Belleville, was in town Monday transacting business.

—Miss Maggie Storer, town, is at present the guest of Peterboro friends.

—Mr. G. E. Broderick, principal of the Public Schools, left Tuesday for Stratford.

—Mr. Jas. McLean, grocery traveller, Port Hope, was in town lately on business.

—Mr. Morgan Johns, secretary of Star Cheese Factory, Verulam, was in town Tuesday.

—Miss Higinbotham, Bond-st., left on Monday for Millbrook to take a position there.

—Mr. Charlie Smith, of Port Perry, has accepted a position in Mr. K. A. Morgan's store.

—Mr. Henry Cornwell has returned to his home in Oxbow, N.W.T., after visiting friends here.

—Mr. Marks, cattle-buyer, Fenelon Falls, was in town lately, returning from a trip to Toronto.

—Mr. Harry McNeil left a few days ago for Lethbridge, N.W.T., where he has accepted a position.

—Mr. Alvin Stephenson, who has been visiting Lindsay and Peterboro friends has returned to Huntsville.

—Mr. and Mrs. Brown, who have been visiting friends at Valianta, returned to Carman, Man., Tuesday.

—Miss Jennie Miller, who has been in Western Ontario with friends for over a year, returned home Monday.

—Mr. T. G. Hawkins, general merchant, Kinmount, was in town Tuesday, returning from a trip to Janetville.

—Miss Young, of Toronto, who is visiting Mrs. Stephens, Glenelg-st., was in Peterboro for a few days this week.

—Mr. Oliver Stephenson, who is visiting his sister, Mrs. Archie Edmunds, south ward, left Monday for Peterboro.

—Mr. D. F. Milroy, of Fenelon Falls, passed through lately to Edlington Station, Parry Sound district, to take a position there.

—Mr. Harry Hale, junior editor of the Orillia Packet, was in town Monday for a few hours, and gave The Post a welcome call.

—Messrs. Hugh Grant and J. Hancock, Lorneville, and Mr. Hector Grant, Woodville, were in town Monday guests at the Butler house.

—Mr. J. Dean, agent for the Metropolitan Life Ins. Co., is in Peterboro to-day attending a business meeting in connection with the company.

—Miss Maude Henders, of New York City, is the guest of her parents, at 17 Bon-l'Ami St. Ms. Henders expects to spend several weeks in Lindsay.

—Miss Joan Keith, of the firm of Dundas & Flavelle Bros., left Thursday morning for a month's visit to Toronto and western points.

—Mr. P. G. Burgess, despatcher at the G.T.R. station, has returned from the Peterboro hospital, where he had been under treatment for rheumatism.

—Mr. W. H. Hedges, inspector for Lloyd's Plate Glass Insurance Co., of New York, was in town Tuesday calling on the local agent, Mr. T. W. Greer.

—Mr. Methereil, who has been in the employ of Mr. John Mallett, left lately for Woodville to spend a few days before going to his home in Toronto.

—We learn that Miss Vira M. Coone and Mrs. George Smith, of Manilla, attended the concert given by the greatest pianist of the day, Herr Poderekski, in Massey Hall, Toronto, last week.

—Mr. Maurice Dineen, foreman for the Rathbun Co., was in town lately, having broken up his camp in North Verulam. The logs cut were drawn to Sturgeon Lake, a distance of six miles.

—Mr. Thos. Callaghan, of Campbellford, and Mr. Amos Storey, of Deseronto, were in town on Monday, passing through to their homes from the Huntsville district. They were in charge of a caravan of horses used by the Rathbun Co. in their lumbering operations up north.

—Messrs. Henry Robertson, Minden, W. R. Blair, Lochlin, David Roberts, Halliburton, J. Fell, Fell's Station, E. L. Rusk, W. Moncreiff, J. Twomey, J. F. Widdess, Emily, D. Curtis, Verulam, and H. Hurliman, Bobcaygeon, were in town on Monday attending the Spring Assizes of the High Court of Justice as jurymen.

—Hockey Notes.

—Peterboro gave a banquet to its hockeyists Tuesday night. One of the speakers remarked that their team had not been beaten this year, but was promptly corrected by his six-year old son, who said: "Oh, yes, they were, papa,—Lindsay beat them."

LOCAL BREVIETIES.

—Some men sow a few seeds of kindness and expect to reap their reward with a mowing machine.

—Tickets for the banquet to be tendered Mr. R. L. Borden, M.P., at the Benson house this evening are on sale at Porter's bookstore.

—We are authorized by Mr. F. K. Begbie to state that he has no further connection with the Str. City of Lindsay, lately known as the Cranberry.

—Dr. Ryerson, of Toronto will be at the Benson house, Lindsay, Saturday, March 15th, for consultation in eye, ear and throat cases.—dw.

—D. Deaths.

—Messrs. Forepaugh & Sells' Bros. mammoth circus will visit Peterboro July 15th. Toronto, Barrie and Belleville are the other points in this district to be visited.

—Miss Gilchrist, of Woodstock, spent last Monday with Lindsay friends.

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—Mr. J. A. Courtney, drug traveller, Toronto,

Shiloh's Consumption Cure

Cures Coughs and Colds at once. It has been doing this for half a century. It has saved hundreds of thousands of lives. It will save yours if you give it a chance. 25 cents a bottle. If after using it you are not satisfied with results, go to your druggist and get your money back.

Write to S. C. WELLS & CO., Toronto, Can., for free trial bottle.

Karl's Clover Root Tea corrects the Stomach

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, MAR. 14TH, '02

THE MAJORITY IS 51

Motion for Anglo-German Treaty Papers Voted Down.

NEGOTIATIONS STILL PENDING

The Premier's Reason for Refusing the Request—In the Correspondence Brought Down in British House Canadian References Were Excluded, as Correspondence Was Not Yet Closed—The Division.

Ottawa, March 7.—Another party division took place yesterday afternoon, the Government having a majority of 51. The vote was taken upon a motion for the production of the correspondence relating to the Anglo-German trade agreement, introduced by Mr. Monk, who accused the Government of neglecting the interests of the Dominion in connection with the negotiations. Sir Wilfrid Laurier refused to comply with the request, pointing out that negotiations were still pending, the last communication from this Government not having yet been answered. Incidentally the Premier, replying to opposition criticism, stated that in the correspondence relating to the Clayton-Bulwer treaty, brought down in the British Parliament, all reference to the representations made by Canada respecting the Alaskan boundary was eliminated.

Petition Presented.

Among the petitions presented to the House yesterday asking for bills of incorporation, was that of Hon. George E. Foster, Toronto; F. A. Knapp, Prescott; Dr. Frank Bulmer, Montreal, and others, desiring to be incorporated as the Knapp

Committee concurrently with the Government bill. The bill was then read a second time.

The Anglo-German Treaty.
Mr. Monk, in moving for the correspondence between the British and Canadian Governments, relating to the Anglo-German agreement of 1898, said that if the correspondence were refused the inference would be that other representations against Canada being discriminated against were wrongly made or that no representations were made at all. He pointed to the withholding from the House of Information in regard to the Clayton-Bulwer treaty, which had been given to members of the British House, as significant of very backward methods. Mr. Monk protested that there could be no valid argument against bringing down the correspondence.

The Premier ridiculed the idea that the rights of the people in Parliament were in any way connected with the production of papers. As with the Alaska boundary, so with the German trade arrangement, negotiations were still pending.

Mr. Bourassa said that in view of the language of the Finance Minister in the House last session, when he practically justified the action of Germany, it was important the House should be informed with regard to the matter.

Mr. Maclean said that it was quite certain now that the Government have not protected the interests of Canada in connection with this matter.

Mr. Kamp said this German discrimination had been going on for four or five years, and the Government did not appear to have done anything to relieve the situation. The Government had frequently been urged to take action.

Mr. Brock said the papers should be brought down, and Canada should set about passing a tariff policy to remedy this state of affairs in regard to Germany and other nations from whom we could not get justice by dealing through England. Germany was the most bitterly hostile to the empire of all European nations, and so Canada owed her no special favors on that score.

The House then divided on Mr. Monk's motion for the production of papers, which was defeated by 107 to 56.

Supplementary Estimates.

Supplementary estimates for the current year were tabled yesterday, aggregating \$1,358,683.

MR. BOURASSA'S EXPLANATION

Sir Louis Davies' Denial Before the House—Press Despatches Mr. Bourassa's Only Authority For Statement—The Premier's View of the Whole Matter—The House in Supply.

Ottawa, March 8.—The revenue of Canada still continues to grow. The receipts on consolidated revenue account for the eight months ending February 28 amounted to \$36,566,797, which is \$7,509,730 more than the expenditure for the same period, and larger by \$2,948,307 than the revenue for the first eight months of the previous year. Against the apparent large plus of receipts, however, must be placed a capital expenditure of \$8,354,872. The expenditure for the past eight months was \$9,057,076, which is \$2,402,221 more than it was a year ago. For the month of February the revenue was \$4,021,311 and the expenditure \$2,784,913, an increase of \$236,398 on the right side. For February, 1901, the revenue was \$3,754,195, and the expenditure \$2,487,688. The capital expenditure for the past eight months shows an increase of \$2,229,286, which is chiefly due to public works. There are small increases in the expenditure connected with Dominion lands, militia and railway subsidies. The expenditure for the South African contingents dropped from \$682,428 to \$177,866, the sum of \$364,000 was paid out in the form of bounty on iron and steel.

MR. BOURASSA'S EXPLANATION.

Louis Davies Enters an Emphatic Denial of His Statements.

Ottawa, March 8.—In the House yesterday Mr. Bourassa made his promised explanation of his statements concerning the cause of Sir Louis Davies' prolonged visit to England after the adjournment of the Joint High Commission. He read a letter from Sir Louis Davies, emphatically denying that he had given any interviews to the press upon the subject in question, but Mr. Bourassa exhibited a disinclination to accept the denial, and criticized Sir Louis for not having earlier denied the accuracy of the press despatches upon which he had based his utterances. Sir Wilfrid insisted that Mr. Bourassa was bound to accept the denial of Sir Louis Davies, and should not have attempted to justify his previous statements in face of that denial. Mr. Haggart took Mr. Bourassa to task for disclosing the secrets of the commission, of which he was secretary. Mr. Charlton entered a vigorous defence of the Imperial Government against the charge of sacrificing Canadian interests, and justified the abrogation of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty. In supply a number of items were passed.

Mr. Bourassa's Explanation.

Mr. Bourassa read a letter from Sir Louis Davies, denying statements which he (Mr. Bourassa) had attributed to the ex-Minister of Marine, to the effect that while in England it took all his time to prevent the Imperial statesmen from giving away Canada's case against the United States. Mr. Bourassa further contended that if Sir Louis Davies really wished to deny the accuracy of the interview he should have made immediate contradiction and not have waited until the matter was brought up in the House two years afterwards.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier said he was surprised at Mr. Bourassa's remarks, declaring that it would have been more in accordance with parliamentary courtesy if the member for

Laballe had accepted Sir Louis Davies' denial without comment. It was most unfair, the Premier thought, to persist in attributing to Sir Louis Davies a statement which he denied having ever made. The Premier concluded with an analogy of Lord Herschell, whose attitude towards Canada during the deliberations of the Joint High Commission had been unfairly called into question.

Mr. Haggart alluded to Mr. Bourassa's statement in the House the other day, to the effect that the Imperial Government had sacrificed the interests of Canada during the meetings of the Joint High Commission. The action of Mr. Bourassa in discussing these questions while he was still a secretary of the commission was, Mr. Haggart declared, most extraordinary.

"My connection with the commission," interrupted Mr. Bourassa, "caused on the day on which it last met in Washington, namely, in February, 1899."

Canada's Rights Conserved.

Mr. Charlton said the impression prevailed in Canada that Great Britain had not sufficiently protected Canadian interests, but he could contradict that statement. The statement had often been made that Great Britain had been outwitted by Yankee diplomacy, but it should be remembered that Britain's interests were world-wide and they all had to be considered. In oiden times the American cry was "54° 40' or fight," yet the boundary was fixed at the 49th parallel. So, too, when the Ashburton treaty was concluded, it was contended that Canadian interests were sacrificed in the fixing of the Maine boundary, but the fact was forgotten that the American claim was for a boundary along the St. Lawrence River, so that all through British diplomacy had not done so badly by her colony of Canada after all. The Government was quite justified in holding the correspondence until the whole matter was finally settled.

This concluded the discussion, and the House went into Committee or Supply.

Bills Read.

After recess the following bills were read a second time:

Respecting the Manitoba and Northwestern Railway Company of Canada—Mr. Douglass.

To incorporate the Battleford and Lake Lenore Railway Company—Mr. Calvert.

Respecting the Port Dufferin, Brantford, Berlin and Goderich Railway Company, and to change its name to "The Grand Valley Traction"—Mr. Heyd.

To incorporate the board of the Presbyterian College, Halifax—Mr. Fraser.

Respecting the Ontario, Hudson Bay and Western Railway Company—Mr. Dymont.

Respecting the Windsor and Detroit Union Bridge Company—Mr. Cowan.

After passing several items of the militia estimates, the House rose at 10:50.

RUSSIAN GENERAL DISMISSED.

Held Responsible For Massacre of Five Thousand Chinese.

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WAR WITH JAPAN.

Merchants Ordered to Leave Port Arthur by Russia.

London, March 10.—In a despatch, dated Shanghai, the correspondent of The Standard says that Chinese merchants coming from Port Arthur declare they have been ordered to remove their families from Port Arthur, because preparations were being made there for a war with Japan.

CRUCIAL DAY FOR ITALY.

London, March 10.—The grave situation in Italy reaches a critical point to-day. This is the postponed date for the general railway strike and also for the decision of the fate of the Government in the Chamber of Deputies. The question of confidence will be put to the vote to-day, and without Socialist support the Cabinet must finally retire. There is a recognized means of forming German opinion and foreshadowing national policy.

SCOTT'S EMULSION OF COD LIVER OIL.

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A bad-cold is no friend

It's an insidious enemy—knock it out of your system in the quickest, safest and surest way—an hour's delay may mean months of suffering.

Uwanta G R I P P E Capsule

treatment is the arch enemy of Colds and Grippe, lung troubles and nervous prostration, and when it takes hold it never lets go until the last vestige of a disease germ is eradicated.

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The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, MAR. 7th, '02

Skip Rochon Lost and Won

FORT WILLIAM CURLERS ENJOYED TWO GOOD GAMES.

Defeated by Skip Flavelle, he Scored Against Skip McLennan—The Games were Witnessed by Large Crowds—Supper and Speeches After Match.

Quite a large number of citizens turned out Thursday afternoon and evening to see the games played by the Western rink from Fort William and Port Arthur. In the afternoon they played against Mr. Flavelle. Mr. Flavelle was short the services of Mr. Little. Rev. Mr. Macmillan was taken on to lead and Messrs. Cuthbert and O'Connor were advanced a place. The ice for the first few ends was very keen and much to the visitors' liking, but toward the close it was not so keen and Flavelle and his men took the lead and kept it. The Fort William men were handicapped in playing with strange stones.

Lindsay found the chalk first and scored singles on each of the first two ends. Rochon came back with a single. The next end went to Mr. Flavelle for a single only, and Rochon scored singles twice in succession; this put Fort William one up. The next five ends all went to Lindsay. Flavelle securing 7 points. In one of these ends things looked rather blue for Lindsay, as Fort William lay five shots when Mr. Flavelle went to play his last stone. To get the shot he had to come through a narrow port. He got the shot perfectly. Mr. Rochon tried to follow the shot, but he was a little wide and just missed the port. The twelfth end yielded one for Rochon; the last two ends went one for Lindsay and the other for Fort William. In the last end Fort William was lying shot almost on the tee. Mr. Flavelle asked Cuthbert to draw to the tee around long string of guards, and he put one right on top of it. This was a beautiful shot and won the applause of the large crowd present. Cuthbert drew again with his second stone right up to the first one. Neil MacDougall with his second stone made a beautiful running shot, and cleared the ring of Lindsay rocks, and Fort William lay 3 shots. Mr. Flavelle, in attempting to draw, played narrow and fell on the front stones. Mr. Rochon played a guard. Mr. Flavelle raised a Lindsay stone for shot, cutting Fort William out of one. Rochon with his last rock played a nicewick on an outside stone and scored up 3 shots. Result—Lindsay 13; Fort William 8.

FORT WILLIAM. LINDSAY, Y.
G H Holder Rev J W Macmillan
W H Grant R H Cuthbert
N McDougall L V O'Connor
E J Rochon, skip 12 J D Flavelle, skip 13

Score by ends—

Fort William 0 0 2 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 3 - 6

Lindsay 1 1 0 1 0 0 3 1 1 1 0 3 0 - 13

THE EVENING GAME.

The crowd that turned out to see the evening game were delighted with the curling that was done. The ice was not such as to make good curling easy, but yet the play was all from start to finish. The representatives of New Ontario fully justified the reputation that had come to Lindsay before them as being among the finest that play the royal game. The play of these men, and especially that of the skip, Mr. Rochon, time and again won the hearty applause of the spectators.

In the first end a succession of fancy running shots were made, one of the shots by McSweyn and one by Rochon were very difficult to make, but both succeeded in making them. A lucky kiss on a difficult shot by McLennan saved the end for him, and Lindsay scored one.

In the second end some very pretty curling was done by both sides—there was no running, and stone after stone was drawn into the draw circle. Rochon with his last stone made a particularly good draw and lay two. Score—Fort William 2, Lindsay 1.

In the third end McSweyn distinguished himself by taking out two of the Fort William stones in succession and changing the lead from 2 for Fort William to 3 for Lindsay. Dundas drew to the button and as the visitors failed to dislodge any of these rocks, up went four for Lindsay. Score—Lindsay 5, Fort William 2.

The fourth end ran badly for Rochon's quartette—at one time they lay two shots, but McDougall, in trying to pass a Lindsay stone through the rings, got a shade narrow and raised it onto a Fort William stone. With his next rock he cut out their own shot. Rochon was wide with both of his draws and Lindsay added

three to their score. Result—Lindsay 8, Fort William 2.

Fifth end—Grant played two doubles in this end; both stones were within the draw circle and both counted. Dundas and McLennan cleared these out and Lindsay lay four shots. When Rochon played his last rock he made a beautiful draw to the tee and sent Lindsay out of a four end. This was repeated on several different ends by him during the course of the game. Score—Lindsay 8, Fort William 3.

The sixth end looked like a penny with a hole through it for Lindsay. McSweyn missed with both his stones. Dundas was wide with his last rock. Fort William had a house full—5 rocks. Rochon drew a six inch in. This was too much for McLennan—the bunch must be scattered, and after the rocks had settled down McLennan's stone was second shot. Rochon drew and the visitors lay two shots. McLennan cut out the winning shot and lay shot himself and one more was chalked up for Lindsay. Score—Lindsay 9, Fort William 3.

In the seventh end McLennan played to cut out the Fort William shot by striking a Lindsay stone that was lying in front of it and against it. The speed he had on caused him to run straight; he missed the Lindsay stone but he struck the Fort William stone and wicked it out, and Lindsay lay four shots. Rochon played for a difficult raise but was too strong and passed the stone through the rings. McLennan drew in for fifth shot, and for the third time Rochon pulled the end out by making a draw to the button. Score—Lindsay 9, Fort William 4.

New Ontario continued on their upward bound in the next end. The hearty applause of the spectators and the many handshakes and bright smiles that Mr. McDougall was receiving must have made the visiting rink feel that they were in a town that knew good curling when they saw it and could appreciate it whether shewn by home or foreign players. The eighth end ran for Fort William almost from the start. Blackwell had played two beautiful leads but Grant and McDougall outplayed their opponents. McDougall making an especially fine draw to the button behind guards. McLennan could do nothing and Fort William chalked up three points. Score—Lindsay 9, Fort William 7.

The ninth end Hodder and Grant left their side lying on both sides had finished, and although these stones were aimed at often before the end closed. Yet Lindsay could never cut the Fort out of their count of three shots, and Rochon now landed on top. He and his men had played a plucky, hard up-lill fight, and lie was on top. Score—Lindsay 9, Fort William 10.

The tenth end opened well for Lindsay. Blackwell with his second rock drew well in behind the front stones and lay shot. McSweyn added another by drawing to Blackwell's stone. McDougall tried hard to chip the shot out but failed, and as Dundas guarded it kept Rochon and McDougall guessing for a few minutes as to what should be done. At last they decided to try a running shot through a narrow port. Rochon missed the port but cleared the guard off. McLennan secured it and Rochon was forced to draw; he fell short and McLennan drew in for third shot and Lindsay took the lead again. Score—Lindsay 12, Fort William 10.

In the eleventh end McSweyn, Dundas and McDougall figured in some very pretty runs, but Lindsay had the best of it and lay three shots. McLennan with his last rock, in trying to guard the tee, fell short and gave Rochon a chance to cut Lindsay out of a three end by drawing to the tee. This he did and scored one for his sides. Score—Lindsay 12, Fort William 11.

The play in the 12th end was perhaps the best of the evening. Each side was shot time about and almost on the tee until McDougall played his first rock; he was exact weight but very wide, and although his stone touched the small circle at the tee it was only 2nd shot. Dundas guarded. McDougall retrieved himself by making a beautiful inwick off his one rock on the tee. This stone could not be reached, as it was too well guarded, and Fort Williams scored 1, making the game a tie—12 all—and two ends to play. The Fort scored on both of these ends, making 2 and 1 respectively, and the game resulted in a win for the visitors by 3 shots. Full score:

G H Holder	G P Blackwell
W H Grant	N F McSweyn
W H Grant	R H Cuthbert
N McDougall	L V O'Connor
E J Rochon, skip	J D Flavelle, skip

Three rousing cheers were given for the visitors, they in turn cheering for the Lindsay Club. Thus was brought to a close one of the best and most keenly contested games of the season.

Mr. Flavelle asked Cuthbert to draw to the tee around long string of guards, and he put one right on top of it. This was a beautiful shot and won the applause of the large crowd present. Cuthbert drew again with his second stone right up to the first one. Neil MacDougall with his second stone made a beautiful running shot, and cleared the ring of Lindsay rocks, and Fort William lay 3 shots. Mr. Flavelle, in attempting to draw, played narrow and fell on the front stones. Mr. Rochon played a guard. Mr. Flavelle raised a Lindsay stone for shot, cutting Fort William out of one. Rochon with his last rock played a nicewick on an outside stone and scored up 3 shots. Result—Lindsay 13; Fort William 8.

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three to their score. Result—Lindsay 8, Fort William 2.

Mr. Hodder stated that he had played against Mr. Flavelle on two different occasions in Port Arthur. In that town they looked upon Mr. Flavelle as the father of curling in Ontario and Neil MacDougall as the father of it in New Ontario. So that Lindsay might be traced the parentage of curling for both Old and New Ontario. He was very glad that he had come on the trip.

Mr. MacDougall said that the trip was one of special pleasure to him—he had met many old school comrades and old friends, and scarcely knew at the risk whether it was a game of curling or a game of hand-shaking that he was playing. He was sorry that he could not stay longer, but hinted that Lindsay and New Ontario might often meet in the future.

Mr. Grant said he was no speaker, when pressed made a capital speech. He was a curling enthusiast—he had started to curl with wooden blocks and wherever he was, if ice could be made, he had a club started and played the game. He was a charter member of the Western clubs and an honorary member of as many more. He had curled in the morning on a rink on the mountain and played license on the afternoon of the same day on the plain in the valley. When Mr. Rochon asked him to be one of the quartette to come to Lindsay he had consented at once. He enjoyed the game and was very glad to have met the Lindsay curlers on their own ice. He had played Mr. Flavelle in Winnipeg—he had lost against him there and he had lost against him here, but was exceedingly pleased with his rink. He liked the rink and he liked the reception that had been given them.

Mr. Flavelle and Rev. J. W. Macmillan replied for the successful Lindsay Rink, and Rev. Mr. McCraig, an eastern curler—a Glengarry man too, by the way—spoke for the non-playing visiting curlers. He made a very interesting speech referring to the game as played in Montreal and Quebec and the growing interest that is being taken in the game by the French-Canadians.

Mr. T. Stewart replied to the toast of the non-players. He referred to the fact that the Lindsay Curling Club had always stood for clean, manly, honest amateur sport of the very best type, and it would be well if sister clubs in the town would take a lesson from the Curling Club of Lindsay in the management of their clubs and though it might take years for them to build up a successful club, yet they could do it.

Mr. McCraig delighted the gathering by reciting Drummond's poem, "Jean Baptiste Trudeau." The singing of "Auld Lang Syne" brought the supper to a close.

THE WEAKNESS OF MISSIONS.

Why Do Their Enormous Forces Not Make Greater Headway in These Days?

(By a Bystander in Weekly Sun.)

Toronto has been the scene of a great concourse of young men destined for missions. It seems that in spite of the High Criticism there is still faith in Christianity, though the missionary must now run the risk of encountering, as did Colenso, searching questions on the part of the man whom he seeks to convert, especially if that man is a subtle and inquisitive Hindu. Why do the fruits of our modern missions fall short of those of the early missions grouped history as the Conversion of the Barbarians? Why, with all our societies for the propagation of the Gospel, our liberal expenditure, and our powerful machinery, have we apparently nothing to compare with the achievements of solitary and unaided missionaries like Ulfilas, Columban, Boniface and Augustine?

The answer probably is complex. Those conversions were rather formal. The hearts of Clovis and his Franks were certainly not much changed. Migration, severing the barbarians from their sacred groves and springs and circles, would loosen their attachment to their old gods. Kings of turbulent tribes might welcome the alliance of the priest. But the most potent influence of all probably was the impressive personality of the missionary, who, with his absolute self-devotion, throwing himself single-handed into wild regions and among fierce tribes, must have seemed like aenvy from a higher world. His mission was not a paid profession, but an inspired calling. He was tainted by no connection with political aggression or commercial greed. Nor when he spoke of the blessed influence of the gospel or the character and conduct had he such damning confutation at his side as the character and conduct of the Christian trader or soldier in China or Hindostan.

The play in the 12th end was perhaps the best of the evening. Each side was shot time about and almost on the tee until McDougall played his first rock; he was exact weight but very wide, and although his stone touched the small circle at the tee it was only 2nd shot. Dundas guarded. McDougall retrieved himself by making a beautiful inwick off his one rock on the tee. This stone could not be reached, as it was too well guarded, and Fort Williams scored 1, making the game a tie—12 all—and two ends to play. The Fort scored on both of these ends, making 2 and 1 respectively, and the game resulted in a win for the visitors by 3 shots. Full score:

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E J Rochon, skip	J D Flavelle, skip

Three rousing cheers were given for the visitors, they in turn cheering for the Lindsay Club. Thus was brought to a close one of the best and most keenly contested games of the season.

Mr. Flavelle asked Cuthbert to draw to the tee around long string of guards, and he put one right on top of it. This was a beautiful shot and won the applause of the large crowd present. Cuthbert drew again with his second stone right up to the first one. Neil MacDougall with his second stone made a beautiful running shot, and cleared the ring of Lindsay rocks, and Fort William lay 3 shots. Mr. Flavelle, in attempting to draw, played narrow and fell on the front stones. Mr. Rochon played a guard. Mr. Flavelle raised a Lindsay stone for shot, cutting Fort William out of one. Rochon with his last rock played a nicewick on an outside stone and scored up 3 shots. Result—Lindsay 13; Fort William 8.

THE EVENING GAME.

The crowd that turned out to see the evening game were delighted with the curling that was done. The ice was not such as to make good curling easy, but yet the play was all from start to finish. The representatives of New Ontario fully justified the reputation that had come to Lindsay before them as being among the finest that play the royal game. The play of these men, and especially that of the skip, Mr. Rochon, time and again won the hearty applause of the spectators.

In the first end a succession of fancy running shots were made, one of the shots by McSweyn and one by Rochon were very difficult to make, but both succeeded in making them. A lucky kiss on a difficult shot by McLennan saved the end for him, and Lindsay scored one.

In the second end some very pretty curling was done by both sides—there was no running, and stone after stone was drawn into the draw circle. Rochon with his last stone made a particularly good draw and lay two. Score—Fort William 2, Lindsay 1.

In the third end McSweyn distinguished himself by taking out two of the Fort William stones in succession and changing the lead from 2 for Fort William to 3 for Lindsay. Dundas drew to the button and as the visitors failed to dislodge any of these rocks, up went four for Lindsay. Score—Lindsay 5, Fort William 2.

The fourth end ran badly for Rochon's quartette—at one time they lay two shots, but McDougall, in trying to pass a Lindsay stone through the rings, got a shade narrow and raised it onto a Fort William stone. With his next rock he cut out their own shot. Rochon was wide with both of his draws and Lindsay added

STRONG DECLARATION

Hon. Mr. Stratton's Denial As to Connection with \$4,000 Grant.

LIQUOR BILL, 1902, WINS A STAGE

Mr. Marter Swells the Majority to 13 on the Second Reading of the Bill—A Sharp Debate All Day—The Railway Subsidies and the Supplementary Estimates Tabled.

Toronto, March 6.—The Public Accounts Committee concluded their work for the session to-day. Hon. Mr. Stratton asked to be called and make a statement in connection with the \$4,000 grant to the Dickson Lumber Co. for the Stony Creek dam. Mr. Stratton said he had first been asked by representatives of the company, before he was a member of the Government, to endeavor to secure a grant in connection with the works on the creek, as they were of more or less service to the settlers and to the other lumbermen getting out logs in the locality, and also of value in conserving the water and regulating the flow. The request had been repeated after he had become a member of the Government. It was always ready to go as far as public sentiment and the interests of temperance would permit. No man in public life had been more courageous than the leader of the House, who had always shown himself able to grapple with big questions and handle them successfully. The question as to the constitutionality of the referendum had been fully and completely settled by the citations of his colleagues so he would not dwell on that phase of the subject. In the last analysis the people were sovereign and in this great change the Legislature should be guided by the people themselves. Mr. Whitney had spoken of the administration as a "dying Government," yet he had argued that it should pass the bill on its own responsibility without consulting the people. In the light of the speech of last night he could not see why any temperance man should support Mr. Whitney. Neither at Ottawa nor by the Ontario Conservatives had anything been done to advance their cause. He traced the history of the bill and pointed out that as it had received the sanction of the Privy Council as being constitutional it would be very risky to change any of its details. The basic of the referendum was a reasonable one. It was not unfair to ask for a majority of the votes polled at a general election. If the bill should be enacted and then not supported by public sentiment it would set back the cause of temperance for many years. Mr. Whitney's policy of a diminution of the number of licenses had been going steadily forward for many years. The license system of Ontario compared very favorably with that of the United States. He (Mr. Whitney) spoke of removing the license offices from political and party influence. He could not imagine the Conservatives removing anything from political or party influence. Mr. Whitney had no policy on this or any other question.

After Recess.

Mr. Foy said that the bill was not a prohibition bill but one that removed the drinking from the bar-room to the private home. It did not interfere with the manufacture or importation of liquor and under its provisions just as much would be used as ever. A law might not be void or beyond the power of the House to pass, but it might be unconstitutional as being opposed to the spirit of the British constitution. He argued at some length that the present referendum came within this category, quoting several authorities in support of this view. He denied that the referendum in case of a deadlock between the Upper and Lower House had been embodied in the new Australian constitution. If it was desired to adopt this principle the Government should have brought in a bill to amend the constitution so as to legalize the referendum.

A Divided Opposition.

Mr. Marter resumed the

Money and Insurance

Unlimited amount of cash to loan on mortgages at lowest rates. Notes discounted.

Agent for the Union Assurance Society of London, England, and the Scottish Union and National Insurance Company.

JOHN KENNEDY,
Adam Block, Kentat

LOCAL NEWS-LETTERS

GLENARM.

(Special to The Post)
Report of S. S. No. 9, Fenelon, for the month of February: V Class—A. McKinnon, L. McKeon; Sr. IV Class—A. McDonald, A. Cameron, R. Green Jr. IV Class—Dougal Sinclair, Sadie Sinclair, Jno. Tolmie, Sr. III Class—L. Nasbitt, W. Harvey, G. Howie, A. Tolmie, D. Tolmie, M. McKenzie, Jr. III Class—A. Sinclair, M. Nicolson, S. Moynes, II Class—Mille Hewie, Pt. II Class—Roy Tolmie, John McCullum, teacher.

VICTORIA ROAD.

(Special to The Post)
There were some who were very much disappointed last Thursday when the dentist did not arrive at the usual time. He missed the train on Wednesday evening owing to the bus not going to meet the train as usual; but he telegraphed from Lorneville at 9:30 a.m. next day that he would be at Obairgaw's at 2 p.m. As the message was not delivered until after 11 o'clock the forenoon patients did not know of his coming and all went home. If they could only have known of the telegram they would probably have waited.

KIRKFIELD.

(Special to The Post)
Business has been so brisk that arrangements have been made to enlarge the store to over double its capacity, and will continue business for some time with a larger and more varied stock, including groceries, crackers and general dry goods, wall papers, etc. To make room while improvements are being made, the present stock will be cleared out at reductions in prices that will tempt buyers. Must have room by the 24th March for the carpenters to begin work. Come next week for bargains—butter, eggs and all kinds of produce taken in exchange for cash. Hogg Bros.—w.l.

CAMBRAZ.

(Special to The Post)
WOODVILLE.

BEXLEY.

(Special to The Post)
Report of the standing of the pupils of S.S. No. 3, Bexley, for the month of February. Leaving Class—Eva Peel, Senior IV—Annette Peel, Junior IV—Ernest Black, Minnie McKague, Mark Sears, Florence Black, Senior III—Louis Peel, Charles McKague, Gertrude Peel, Laura Peel, Fred Brentnell, Senior II—Netta Peel, Roy Black, Wilbert Brentnell Jr., II—Lizzie Whitley, Myrtle Brentnell, Rose Sears, Senior Part II—Gordon Black, Roy Peel, Albert Balfry, Junior Part II—Emma Aughton, Peeler, Junior I—George Peel.

EDEN—MARIPOSA.

(Special to The Post)
School report for the month of February. Classes arranged according to ranks: S. No. IV—L. M. Innis and E. Molton, equal; A. Gillies, L. Molton, L. Gorrell, P. Hancock, C. Rich, G. Western, Senior III—A. Greenaway, W. Nichols, A. Forrest, F. Jordan, E. Tamlin, J. Jordan, H. Tamlin, E. Jordan, A. Tamlin, Junior III—C. Owens, W. Jordan, V. Tamlin, L. Jordan, S. Hancock, Senior II—J. Greenaway, M. Hancock, M. Polley, A. Tamlin, W. Nichols, Junior II—P. Gillies, H. Strout, E. Owens, Senior Part II—Joe Kinghorn, P. Tamlin, H. Western, John Kinghorn, Junior Part II—W. Molton, C. Gillies, E. Lovett, R. Jordan, J. Nichols, Senior I—E. Strand, Z. Owens.

DALRYMPLE.

(From Our Own Correspondent)
The farmers are very busy filling their ice houses before the ice on the lake breaks up.

Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Irwin have returned home after a week's visit to friends in Lindsay and Glandine.

Mr. A. Jerett, photographer, is visiting at the parental home.

Mr. Albert McPeak met with a very painful accident at the home of Mr. Jas. Graham White, tending the horses one of them kicked and broke his arm. Dr. Gilpin, of Brechin, set the bone. He is getting along as well as can be expected.

Mrs. J. M. Chrysler is at Lindsay with her daughter, Mrs. J. C. Ray, who is very sick.

CRESSWELL.

(Special to The Post)
Report of S. S. No. 11, Mariposa, for the month of February: V Class—Wellington Collins, Anna Fenelle, IV Class—Frank Bott, Lorne Davidson, Russell Evans, Victor Ormiston, Howard Keefer, Hamilton Collinson, Mildred Elleker, John McDonald, Willie Bott, Casey McDonald, John McIntyre, Roy Jackson, Willie McIntyre, Vina McDonald, Sr. III Class—Joan Ormsaston, Maude McIntyre, Beulah Kinney, Hesba Jackson, Hilda Woodward, Jr. III Class—Violet Davidson, Harry Keefer, Pearl Woodward, Sr. II Class—Earl Davidson, Victor Jackson, Hazelwood, Jr. II Class—Lotta Shaver, Elsie Woodward, Jr. II Class—Isela Kennell, Clarence Windham, Clinton Gladstones, Pt. II Class—Bertie Woodward, Beatrice Keefer, Herbert Mills, Royal Windham, Pt. I Class—Jennie McDonald, Allister McInnis, Ellsworth Davey, Fred Bott.

OAKWOOD.

(Special to The Post)
School report: V Class—Goldie Duskeye, 86, Ida Hogg 78, Roy Gardner 68, Sr. IV Class—Harry Perrin 33, Reggie Rennie 90, Edward Weldon 77, Emerson Coal 61, Vera Tait 49, Maudie Thorndike 29, Jr. IV Class—Stella Philip 97, Cecil Rennie 79, Garfield Falls 77, Letta Philip 75, Gladys Hugheison 62, Fred Lake 61, Leonie Cameron 60, Pearl Coal 58, Florence King 53, Almena Coal 42, Pearl Thorne 25, Claribel Falls 22, Maudie Martindale 17, Sara Savaine 12, Sr. III Class—Arnold Coal 92, Horace Coal 82, Walter Champion 75, Roy King 69, Morris Goad 63, Harold Hogg 46, May 1.

Coad 45, Russell Gates 43, Pearl Irwin 40, Jr. III Class—Evelyn Cameron 91, Winnie Hogg 79, Roy Philip 77, Hazel Richardson 76, Laura Lake 68, Lucy Fane 67, Pearl King 66, Louie Woods 41, Willie Copplestone 40, Ida Webster 29, Stella Connor 2, Mildred King 1, II Class—Eddie Luke 62, Florence Fairman 95, Mura Taylor 88, Hazel Coad 85, Frank Ferguson 82, Alliee Rigby 64, Willie Martindale 60, Lizzie Hyland 60, Harold Weldon 55, Edith Garratt 41, Ross Raynor 39, Ruby Champion 29, Ethel Johnson 29, Wm. Parkison 26, Maudie Henry 14, Cora Mark 13.

MILLERSMITH—EMILY.

(From Our Own Correspondent)
The large bell purchased a few weeks ago by the school is now in working order and gives fine satisfaction. The belfry is constructed by Mr. Thos. Bell, of Dunsford, and reflects credit on him as a tradesman.

Mr. R. Smith is at present visiting with his uncle, Mr. J. Smith, of North Emily.

Miss Eva Kennedy, who is staying with her sister in town, spent a few days under the parental roof.

Mrs. Jas. Kennedy has spent a few days in town with her daughter, Mrs. G. Thurston.

Master Alvin Courtney has almost recovered from the severe bite of a dog received some weeks ago.

On Friday evening last Mr. Wm. Thurston gave to the young people of the community a very enjoyable "sociable" evening. Will's parties are always good.

OMEEMEE.

(From Our Own Correspondent)
The village is lively since roads have become passable again.

Active rehearsals are now going on for the Old Folks' concert in aid of that worthy institution, the Mechanics' Institute Library. The concert is to come off Easter Monday.

Rev. Mr. Kannan is becoming a distinguished preacher and public speaker. The demand from outside places are more than he is able to attend to.

The Independent Order of Foresters here made a nice donation to our Public Library.

Mr. George Norris made a visit to Toronto to hear Paderewski also Mr. C. W. Richards, editor of The Mirror.

A child of Mrs. Wm. McConnell, aged 10 months, got scalded to death by a tea pot of hot water falling on its head. There is great sympathy for the parents.

There have been half-a-dozen weddings in Emily during the past month, and the issuer of marriage licenses expects a couple more before April 1.

The Misses McEachern and Henderson, of Lindsay, were the guests of Miss McPherson over Sunday last.

(Too late for last week.)

FENELON FALLS.

(From Our Own Correspondent)
Mr. James Simpson, who has attended the G.T.R. swing bridge over the Fenelon Falls river during the last eight years, died here on Friday night of last week. The body was taken to Port Hope on Monday for burial.

The Fenelon Falls hockey team arrived home from Norwood on Saturday of last week, and were given a royal reception on their arrival. They were met at the station by over 200 people and escorted to Dickson's hall, where speeches were made by several prominent citizens.

Reeve McFarland has been indisposed during the last few days owing to an attack of la grippe.

J. H. Carnegie, M.P.P., was in town on Saturday of last week and left on the evening train for Peterboro to visit his father.

Mr. James Chambers carries his arm in a sling as the result of being upset from a sleigh and getting a bone fractured.

Mr. C. Curtis is out of his grocery store just now nursing some fractured ribs, the result of being thrown from his rig while driving out in Verulam.

Messrs. McDougall, Brandon & Austin have purchased Grand Island in Balsam Lake from the executors of the R. C. Smith estate. The island contains 1200 acres, 300 of which is totally cleared, the remainder being good hard wood and hemlock bush.

The land will all be cleared and the ground, which is a good quality soil, will be kept for a cattle ranch. It is estimated that the land has seven or eight thousand dollars' worth of timber on it, also a sawmill, barn and house.

SONYA.

(From Our Own Correspondent)
Mr. and Mrs. Geo. West, of Ashdown, spent Sunday with relatives here.

Miss Connie Ferguson is spending her holidays under the parental roof. Miss Sampson of Clifton Springs, N.Y., has returned home after a two weeks' visit with her friend, Miss Katie McPhail.

On Sunday morning last Rev. P. F. Sinclair delivered a stirring address on the recent Students' Volunteer movement. Much interesting and valuable information regarding this great undertaking was presented, and was listened to with a rapt attention.

The S. O. S. gave an "Al Home" to their friends on the evening of the 4th inst. Owing to the almost impassable state of the roads the attendance was not as large as it otherwise would have been. However, those present report a most enjoyable evening. Contingents from Claremont, Ashburn, Manilla and Port Perry were among the visitors.

Mr. and Mrs. John A. MacTaggart entertained a large number of friends on the evening of the 27th Feb., when a most enjoyable time was participated in. Owing to the dangerous condition of the roads and the incessant downpour of rain, the entire party amused themselves until daylight, when each went home as speedily as possible.

Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Crawford, of Guelph, returned home on March 1st, after a ten days' visit with relatives here.

Mr. J. McKay, of North Dakota, is spending a few days visiting friends here. He has just returned from Ireland.

Miss Edna Knight has left here for North Dakota, where she intends to live for some time. We are sorry to see so many of our young people leaving us.

Quite a number of young people gathered at the home of Mrs. J. Horn on Wednesday evening for the purpose of saying good-bye, it being the eve of his departure for the North-west. The home of Mr. and Mrs. John Mc-

Gully was made glad this week by the arrival of a baby girl.

The return football match between our school and Greenbank was played on Wednesday and ended in another victory for the Greenbank team.

Never mind, boys, try again.

SAINTEFIELD.

(From Our Own Correspondent)
Mr. Thos. Brian, of Pleasant Point, spent a few days visiting friends in this vicinity this week.

Mrs. J. McLeod has returned home after a two weeks' visit with her sister, Mrs. A. Eck, of Lindsay.

Mr. Michael Cooney and family have moved to our village. He intends to work for Mr. J. O'Leary.

Mr. Jas. Horne has returned to his home in Manitoba.

GELET.

(From Our Own Correspondent)
Mr. Wm. Herren spent Tuesday in Kinmount.

Mrs. P. H. Robinson visited over Sunday with Lochlin friends.

Mr. Geo. Martin, of Lochlin, spent Sunday with Gelert friends.

Mr. Herschell Loftthouse, of Chicago, is spending a few days under the parental roof.

Mr. David Berry, of Lochlin, visited Gelert friends last week.

Mrs. S. B. Hughes visited in Lindsay for a couple of days last week.

KINMOUNT.

(Specia to The Post)

Mr. R. Sheppard was arraigned before Magistrate Deacon and fined \$5 and costs for using improper language on the street. There was also a charge of assault laid against him, but the plaintiff, Mr. H. Smith, withdrew the charge, as he was satisfied that wily Bob was sufficiently punished. After his Worship has cautioned the defendant and censured our constable for permitting so much vulgarity to go unpunished in our town, he said that to all accounts Mr. H. Smith was no angel. Everyone said amen, but there are others.

Mr. G. Scott is not improving as rapidly as his many friends expected he would as the weather grew more moderate. We hope that the doctor in attendance is right when he says that he will recover.

Miss Bella Smith has started a dressmaking shop in one of Mr. C. Hopkins' stores next to the barber shop and will be assisted by her sister, we bespeak for her patrons first-class work in every particular.

A meeting in the interest of the Reform candidate, Mr. L. F. Heyd, is called at Burnt River, March 17th. Mr. Heyd is expected to be present.

WOODVILLE.

(From Our Own Correspondent)
The muddy season is now here, and the snow is fast disappearing, yet in some places it is almost impossible to get through with wagons and buggies, which makes travelling difficult.

Mr. A. D. Ferguson was in Toronto last week.

Mrs. Anna Campbell and Miss D. Campbell, also Mrs. and Miss Feed, were in the city and all heard the world-famed Paderewski at Massey Hall.

Dr. Gerrow had a lively runaway on the street here on Thursday of last week. His horse took flight, bolted and became unmanageable. The Dr. was thrown out of his rig and the horse ran nearly to the railway crossing. The damage was not very serious.

A. E. Staback and A. D. Ferguson were at Peterboro on Thursday attending the Masonic Lodge of Instruction and the dedication of the new Masonic Hall.

Mrs. D. McLachlan entertained a number of her village friends Friday evening.

Mr. Walter Stoddart, of Toronto, is called at Burnt River, March 17th. Mr. Heyd is expected to be present.

MISS JACK.

Wood has returned to her home in Kirkfield, she having visited with Miss Jennie Grant for the past few weeks.

Mr. A. Carmichael is preparing to build a new residence on his farm, opposite Mr. James Boles, west of the village.

Mr. John McKee has engaged with Mr. John Westlake at farming for the season, and will remove from the village.

Mr. C. Carmichael is preparing to build a new residence on his farm, opposite Mr. James Boles, west of the village.

We are also very sorry to hear that Mrs. Con. Sullivan, of Dogby, is seriously ill. Dr. Grant of Victoria Road, who is attending her, found it necessary to call in Dr. Gallaway, of Glenarm, for consultation, and both agree that her illness is of a very serious nature and have little hope of her ultimate recovery. Mrs. Sullivan had been confined in childbed lately but was supposed to be doing well; however, some after complication arose which causes both her people and the physicians grave apprehension, and the neighbors would be glad to hear of her speedy recovery.

Mr. John W. McInnes demanded pay for his services attending to Mr. Malcolm McArthur during quarantine and on motion of Mr. Taylor and Mr. Suggett, Mr. McInnes was paid one dollar per day, as Mr. McArthur was quarantined by the Board of Health on suspicion of small-pox. Moved by Mr. Cameron, seconded by Mr. Mark, that By-law No. 532, being a by-law to provide for reforming the roads, and quite a number de-

manded by the people, was passed.

Mr. Hardy and Mr. Graham interviewed the Council relative to keeping open on the roads between lots 19 and 20, con. 8. Mr. Wm. McInnes demanded pay for his services attending to Mr. Malcolm McArthur during quarantine and on motion of Mr. Taylor and Mr. Suggett, Mr. McInnes was paid one dollar per day, as Mr. McArthur was quarantined by the Board of Health on suspicion of small-pox. Moved by Mr. Cameron, seconded by Mr. Mark, that By-law No. 532, being a by-law to provide for reforming the roads, and quite a number de-

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THE FROST & WOOD CO. Limited
New Implement Warehouses,
Willam St., Next Presbyterian
Church,
J. P. RYLEY, Agent

OUR FIFTY-SEVENTH YEAR—NO. 59.

THE WEEKLY POST.

LINDSAY, ONT., FRIDAY, MARCH 28, 1902.

IF YOU wish to see the best Implements or if you wish to buy the best Machinery, call at
FROST & WOOD CO. WAREHOUSES,
William Street.

TERMS—\$1.00 PER YEAR
PAYABLE IN ADVANCE

BICYCLE FOR SALE—Very Cheap.
Call at this office for inspection.

FOR SALE—50 acres partly cleared,
South-east quarter Lot 8, Con. 6 Ops.
Clay loam. No buildings. For particular
apply to WM. HOGAN, Lindsay P.O.—wif.

FOR SALE—A 150 acre farm for sale
three miles from Lindsay, on the Omemee road. The buildings on the premises
are fairly good. Terms reasonable.
Apply to David Walker, Lindsay P. O.—wif.

BULLS FOR SALE.—Four thoroughbred
Durham Bulls for sale; two a year and a half old, one is two years and a
half, and one is six months. All red.
Apply to ALEX. CALDER, Epsom, Ont.—wif.

PIGS FOR SALE.—The undersigned has
a number of young pigs for sale. Will
ship and pay freight for customers to nearest
railway point; safe arrival assured.
Write for prices. J. H. ADLEY, Hadlington Stock Farm, Hadlington P. O.—wif.

THOROUGHBRED CATTLE FOR
SALE—One Thoroughbred Durham
Bull Calf, 1 year old, also one Thoroughbred
Heifer Calf, 5 months old. The above
are very fine animals of good milking strain.
If sold at once will be disposed of at a
gain. BENJ. BURCHELL, Cobcoenk.—wif.

DR. T. POPHAM McCULLOUGH
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT

Will visit Lindsay Every 1st and
3rd Wednesdays at the Simpson House.
Hours 2 p.m. to 5 p.m. Consultations
by ear, nose and throat—wifly.

ELIAS BOWES, Real Estate
Agent
LINDSAY, ONT.

FARMS FOR SALE.
100 Acres in Ops, 4 miles from Lindsay.
133 Acres in Ops, 7 miles from Lindsay.
100 Acres in North Emily.
3 One Hundred Acre Farms, Fenelon.
1 Two Hundred Acre Farm, Fenelon.
5 Houses and Lots for Sale in Lindsay.
For particulars apply to

ELIAS BOWES, Real Estate
Agent
LINDSAY, ONT.

NOTICE RE. SEED PEAS

We beg to inform the farmers of Victoria County and adjoining Counties that we now have our Seed Peas prepared to place with growers who have left their names for the same. We wish they would call for the seed before First of February. Any farmers who have not booked their names for seed and wishing to grow the same would please call at the seed warehouse and leave their names. We still have some left to place with growers.

Jas. Squier & Sons,
Squier & Flavelle

The Frost Wire Fence

IS A STRONG FENCE.
There is not a weak spot in its construction. It will last three times as long as other fences. Place your order for Frost Fencing. Satisfaction guaranteed.

GEO. HUNTER, Agent,
Lindsay.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM
Special Colonist
Excursion Fares....

LINDSAY TO—
Billings, Montana..... \$35.25
Colorado Springs, Denver,
Helena, Butte, Pueblo, Ogden and Salt Lake City
Spokane, Wash..... \$40.25
North Pacific Coast and
Kootenay Points \$43.75

Proportionate rates to and from other points, limited to continuous passage, and will be sole daily from March 1st to April 30th 1902. Full particulars and information from Agents Grand Trunk Railway System.

M. C. DICKSON,
District Passenger Agent

Seeds
Seeds

We have our FRESH SEEDS THAT GROW to hand including FFRYRYS, STEELE-BRIGGS, RENNIE'S Farm and Garden Seeds. Best varieties.

Also FOLEY'S Choice, Mixed Pansy Seeds. These have been successfully grown in Lindsay for years.

DUNOON'S
DRUG STORE,
Next A. Campbell's Grocery.

WANTED—An intelligent boy to learn
the printing business. Apply to
The Post.

WANTED—At once, a good General
Servant. Apply to MRS. RICH.
SYLVESTER, d2w1.

WANTED—Good General Servant.
Apply to MRS. JOHN MACDONALD,
Con. Bond-st. and Victoria ave.—d1w.

WANTED—A limited number of Cattle
to PASTURE on the William Cam-
eron Ranch. Terms for season, Yearlings,
\$2.00, older \$3.00. Apply Albert Orchard,
Port Perry, Ont.—w4.

WANTED—Farms to BUY.

Parties having good Farms of 100 or 150
acres to sell, well built on, good fences and
well situated may find purchasers by correspond-
ing with the undersigned, as he has
several parties wanting to purchase such
farms.

ELIAS BOWES,
Real Estate Agent
LINDSAY, ONT.

HOUSES FOR SALE

Property of Mrs. Kempt, large Brick House
on Ridout-st. for sale or to rent, lately
occupied by Dr. Blanchard.

Brick house on corner Ridout and Mill-sts.
Brick house on Victoria Avenue.

Also several other buildings and farms for
sale. Apply to

ELIAS BOWES, Real Estate
Agent
LINDSAY, ONT.

FARMS FOR SALE

FARM FOR SALE—Or will rent for a
term of years, being composed of Lots

2 in the 5th and 6th Concession, also the
southwest quarter of Lot 3 on the 6th Con-
cession of the township of Verulam. This

desirable farm is situated in the best portion
of the township, or what is known as the
Scotch Line. There is on the premises

145 acres cleared and in good state of cul-
tivation, good orchard and buildings and
three good wells. Easy terms to purchase or
good tenant. Immediate possession if required.

For terms and particulars apply to

DAVID KENNEDY, At the Kennedy
& Davis Milling Co's Lumber Yard, Lind-
say.—w4.

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Jas. Squier & Sons,
Squier & Flavelle

A Business
Education....

Is needed if the young man or
woman would succeed in the
business world to-day. Such
an education is received in this
most up-to-date and best
equipped college.

BRITISH AMERICAN BUSINESS
...COLLEGE...

Y.M.C.A. Building, Toronto, Ontario
DAVID HOSKINS,
C.A. Principal

J. & G.
Stomach and Liver
Tonic.

Is the ideal medicine to take in the
spring of the year. It will rid you of that languid feeling which is so common at this season of the year

This is an old and tried remedy
which we have sold for years and has always given the best of results.

Sold in large bottles at 20 cents

GEO. HUNTER, Agent,
Lindsay.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM
Special Colonist
Excursion Fares....

LINDSAY TO—
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M. C. DICKSON,
District Passenger Agent

RHEUMATISM
CURED AT HOME

BY

DR. ROSCOE'S
RHEUMATIC REMEDY

Read each week a testimonial
of one you know.

Lindsay, March 7th, 1902,

To the Roscoe Medicine Co.,

Sir.—In February I was completely dis-
abled with Lumbar and Sciatica in my
back and hips so bad that I could not rise
when lying without getting on my hands
and knees first. My brother in next farm
drove to town, where I got one bottle of
Dr. Roscoe's Rheumatic Remedy, and I am
as well as ever. I will gladly recommend
it to anyone suffering I did. Yours
truly,

W. M. HOGAN.

PREPARED BY

THE ROSCOE MEDICINE CO.

EAST END DRUG STORE,

BOX 84 LINDSAY, ONT.

DRUG STORE,
Next A. Campbell's Grocery.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All
druggists refund the money if it fails to cure.

W. GROV'S signature is on each box.

Sutcliffe's

Easter Announcement.

Millinery Newness.

There is a Millinery Display here that would do honor to the greatest store in the country. Prettiest hats are not produced than those found in our Millinery Section. This Millinery is not only artistic, it is reasonably priced. The finer hats necessarily cost most, but the lower priced kind possess a touch of character and tone you would expect to find on those of a much higher priced order.

EASTER GLOVES.

As spring draws near—or is it hand—we wish to draw your attention to our "Gloves." All the newest colorings—in sizes—if needs be you should have Black, Blue, Vieux, Rose and White. Taffeta Silk Waists, trimmed with tucks, flounces and tucking. They are in complete—For Easter Gloves you will be best fitted at our Glove counter.

NEW COSTUMES.

The new costumes have arrived—They are the finest showing we have ever placed on sale. We can save you considerable on your Spring Suit—some marked at what it costs to have one made, and others at just a small advance, therefore the saving. Every garment a perfect fit and finished equal to the best tailored.

SILK WAISTS.

Undoubtedly the finest showing we have ever secured to place before our customers. Beautiful new designs in Black, Blue, Vieux, Rose and White. Taffeta Silk Waists, trimmed with tucks, flounces and tucking. They are in complete—For Easter Gloves you will be best fitted at our Glove counter.

SEPARATE SKIRTS.

Probably you require a Separate Skirt—they're so handy during the summer season, as well as now. Our range comprises the newest weaves in skirt materials—Black and most all serviceable colorings and all sizes.

The Dress Goods For Spring and Summer

Exceptionally high class is our showing of Spring and Summer Dress Materials—new weaves—new colorings. Whether it be for a Suit, Waist or Separate Skirt—Fabrics that are the most fashionable order. The result of our buyer searching both home and foreign markets, selecting only the most desired. There is a price attraction attached to this showing—Dress Materials of a superior class marked at the price of the more ordinary kind.

J. SUTCLIFFE & SONS,

CASH. LINDSAY. ONE PRICE.

\$8.00 HIP RUBBER BOOTS \$8.00

Teamsters, Farmers, Sportsmen, Drivers, a Hip Rubber Boot is Your Best Friend on a Wet Day.

300 PAIRS MEN'S HIP RUBBER BOOTS, SIZES 6 TO 11 AT \$3.00 PER PAIR.

HOW WE BOUGHT THEM. The Manufacturer had some 300 pairs, and was anxious to sell, we knew we could handle them through our eight stores, and secured the lot at a big discount off cost.

WHAT THEY ARE. Best Quality Rubber, Lined with heavy Duck, a boot that will neither snag nor break. The comfort of having dry feet on a wet and blustery day will be ample return for the investment.

R. NEILL,

Sole Agent for The Slater Shoe.

CANADA'S SHOE KING

Canada Misrepresented.

(From the Stratford Beacon.)

Two cases of official misrepresentation of Canada—unintentional, perhaps—but none the less injurious for that—came under our notice last week. One was the remark of Hon. Joseph Chamberlain before the large Welsh delegation which waited upon him asking for a grant towards transporting the Welsh colony in Patagonia to Canada. He enquired as to the climate of Patagonia, and on being told that it was warm, he expressed doubt that it would be wise to expose people who had lived so long in a warm climate to the extreme rigor of a Canadian winter.

Another was a series of pictures in the Cosmopolitan Magazine, illustrating an article entitled "Motherhood." A number of beautiful English and American mothers with their children are pictured in bright evening dresses, while Lady Minto and her children are shown in long fur coats reaching to the ground, making it difficult to distinguish between them and Eskimos.

This Reflects on Victoria Co.

In his address at the opening of Peterborough Spring Assizes Monday last Hon. Mr. Justice Lount made strong reference to the House of Refuge question, saying that it was a disgrace to the town and County of Peterborough that such an institution had not been provided. His lordship did not spare the municipalities in his condemnation of the neglect with which this matter of a House of Refuge had been treated.... Victoria

county has been censured in similar terms by presiding Justices and in grand jury presentations, but so far the love of lucre has triumphed over the sympathies of the people. The fact is not creditable to the people of this prosperous county, now free from debt, and the matter should be discussed from the church pulpits.

THREE FINE ADDRESSES

Heard at the Liberal Meeting at the Academy of Music Last Friday Evening.

WHITNEY'S VACILLATING POLICY WITH RESPECT TO THE REFERENDUM AND OTHER IMPORTANT QUESTIONS.

The Record of the Liberal Government in Ontario Clearly Defined as Showing Progress, Frugality and Regards for the People's Rights.

The liberals of Lindsay and West Victoria have every reason to feel satisfied with the success of the first town meeting in the interest of Mr. Smale, the standard-bearer chosen to contest the riding. The audience was a large one, and that the interest was keen is proved by the fact that very few left the Academy before the close, although the hour was late—too late in fact. If the meeting had been opened sharp at 8 o'clock all would have been better pleased.

About 10:30 an audience begins to grow restless, and the ability of Mr. Heyd, the last speaker, to hold the attention of the large crowd till after 11 p.m. speaks volumes for the magnetic character of his oratory and the interest felt by his hearers.

The chair was occupied by Mr. R. J. McLaughlin. Seated with him on the platform were Mr. Newton Smale, the candidate, Mr. Graham, M.P.P. Brockville, Mr. L. F. Heyd, the liberal candidate in East Victoria, and Messrs. Thos. Stewart, M. J. Kenny, Hugh O'Leary, Jas. Graham, Rob. Kennedy, David Walker, Ops. L. Minthorne, Oakwood, and Mr. E. Mosegrove, Kirkfield. The stage was prettily decorated with palms and flags.

Chairman McLaughlin, in his opening remarks, referred to the importance of the decision soon to be made by the electors of the Province and that the government is

AN HUMBLE HERO

BY THOMAS P. MONTFORT

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(Continued from last week.)

She folded her arms on the table and dropped her head on them and began to sob. Sim stood watching her, a sickening dread stealing over him. Uncertainly he hesitated for a moment, then went to her and put out his hand and began to stroke her hair. She drew away from him, and a cold shudder ran over her. He stood aloof and looked on her, his face painfully white and drawn and a hard, tense sensation clutching at his heart.

"Louesy," he said presently, "what does this mean? Why do you treat me like that?"

She made no reply, but continued to sob. He reached out his hand again and placed it gently on her head, and again she shrank from him as though his touch were poison. Her action cut him deep, and a pain, sharp and poignant, passed through his soul. When he spoke again, his voice was low and husky.

"Louesy," he said, "is it true, as Mary Mann says, that you don't love me none?"

She did not answer, and when he had waited a moment he repeated his question. This time she looked slowly up until her eyes met his. From that moment there was no need for her to speak. In her eyes he only too plainly read her answer to his question. Slowly, as one in a dream, he turned to leave the room. There was a queer sensation of emptiness about his head, and everything around him bore a strange air of unreality. At the door he stopped and put his hand up to his forehead and for a full minute stood like one dazed. Then, turning his eyes once more on his wife, he said:

"My God, Louesy, you are killin' me! You have broken my heart. Oh, please, please tell me it is not true, that look I saw in your eyes, and that you do love me!"

She did not raise her head, but between her sobs he heard her murmur: "I can't, I can't, for I don't love you."

Without another word he passed from the room and went staggering uncertainly down the walk to the street. He felt that he had received a death blow, and in reality he had received that which was far worse, for death would have brought an end to pain and suffering, and this brought pain and suffering only.

At the yard gate he stopped, and, leaning heavily against a post, he looked



"For God's sake, don't say that!"

ed back at the house. Through the window he saw his wife sitting as he had left her, and a great yearning came over him to take her in his arms and hold her to his bosom and kiss her. But the next moment he remembered the words she had spoken and the look she had given him, and, laying his head against his arm, he said sadly:

"But she is not mine! She is not mine!"

CHAPTER IX.

A DANGEROUS MEETING.

Although a couple of weeks had passed since James Melvin arrived on Possum Ridge, the public had by no means lost interest in him, and neither had its curiosity regarding him been in any degree satisfied. He was still an object of wonder, and speculation concerning him—his past life and character and his purpose in coming to the Ridge—was as ripe as it had ever been.

Of course his statement to old man Turner that he had come there to prospect for mineral had spread abroad among the people, but there were very few who believed for a moment that there was a word of truth in it. There were no mineral developments in that section and, so far as any one knew, no indications of mineral deposits. In view of these things, what likelihood was there of a company of capitalists sending a man there on any such mission?

Pap Sampson, so boastful of his ability to judge people at first sight, had been compelled to admit, though he did it reluctantly enough, that for once he had made a mistake when he so confidently asserted that Melvin was a preacher and that his object in coming to Possum Ridge was to hold some "meetin's" at the Coon Run "meethin' house." Jason Roberts, still having an excuse for holding to his first formed opinion, continued to argue that he was there for the purpose of buying something. But Jason was alone, or very nearly so, in his opinion, and both he and Pap had the satisfaction of seeing Jim Thorn, a mere upstart, holding the lead in popular opinion for once.

poor little girl!"

"Yes; I suffered," she replied wearily, "and God alone knows how much I suffer yet."

"I know," he said, again taking her hands in his. "But there is the future."

She shook her head slowly.

"It will be the same as the past and the present. I shall go on suffering to the end."

"But you need not."

"I must."

He was thoughtfully silent for a little while. Then he said:

"Louisa, you have no right to sacrifice your life and happiness, and not only your life and happiness, but mine. It would be a sin, a far greater sin than—the other."

She knew his meaning, and she drew away from him. When she spoke, there was resentment in her voice.

"I don't think I have given you any excuse for saying that," she said. "If I have, I didn't mean it. You must let me go."

"Have you nothing more to say to me after all our long separation?" he asked in hurt tones.

"I have said too much already," she replied.

"I did not mean to say anything to hurt you and I humbly and sincerely

Melvin soon observed that whenever he went the people watched him curiously and that the great majority of them showed an unmistakable disposition to avoid him. He could engage but few of them in conversation, and if he approached a group of them and undertook to show them the social side of his nature they immediately began to exchange furtive glances and presently, one by one, dropped away until he was left alone.

Of course this conduct on the part of the people was unpleasant to a stranger, for it made him feel that he was not welcome and that his company was less preferable than his absence. To Melvin it was more. It not only annoyed but it disturbed him. A man who is carrying in his bosom a dread secret is always under an apprehension that he is going to be found out, and any little peculiarity in the conduct of those about him is sure to excite his suspicions and awaken him a feeling of uneasiness.

Several times during the two weeks Melvin had made visits to Beckett's Mill, ostensibly to make trifling purchases at the store, but in reality for a different purpose. Each time, however, he had come back as he had gone, his purpose unaccomplished. But at last fortune favored him.

One evening he had left the village to return to Turner's, where he was still stopping, when in passing through a thick wood he came suddenly face to face with Mrs. Banks. Both started back in surprise, but Melvin recovered himself quickly, and, grasping her hands in his, he looked full into her face and cried:

"Thank God, Louisa, I have met you at last!"

Then he caressed her hands, his mind in such a tumult that he could find no further words to speak, and when after a moment she would have drawn her hands away he held them fast.

"Don't, please don't!" she said in tones of soft remonstrance, looking anxiously around. "I—Please let me go!"

"No, no!" he replied. "Don't ask me to do that. It would be cruel after I have hungered and starved for a sight of you all this long time. Oh, Louisa, you don't know how I love you and how I have missed you and yearned for you! Oh, my darling!"

He made a movement to put his arm about her, but she tore herself from his grasp and, staggering back, stood leaning against a tree. She was trembling all over, her face red and white by turns and an uneasy, scared expression in her eyes.

After a momentary pause he advanced toward her, but she held up her hand to stop him.

"You forget," she said in low tones.

"Forget what?" he asked, his eyes fixed eagerly on her.

"That I am married."

He hesitated an instant, then said slowly:

"No; I don't forget that. I wish to heaven I could and that you could forget it too. But I love you, Louisa, and if you were married a thousand times I'd love you. It may be wrong, but don't believe it is; but, right or wrong, I love you, and I'll always love you. I can't help it."

A light of heavenly bliss swept over her features, then quickly died away.

"Don't say that," she pleaded. "You have no right."

"But I have," he replied. "I have more right than any one else, for I love you more, and you love me. Isn't that true, Louisa? Don't you love me?"

She made no reply, but hid her face in her hands. Presently he repeated:

"Don't you love me, Louisa?"

She waited a moment, then looked up appealingly.

"You are cruel, cruel!" she cried. "If you were not, you'd spare me. You have no right to ask me that."

"Then it is true," he cried joyfully, "and you do love me."

She looked up into his face and said quietly:

"God knows I do! It is wicked, but it is true, and I cannot help it. I love you with all my heart and all my soul."

"It is not wicked," he replied. "We learned to love when we had a right, before you married that man. It is not as though we had begun to love now. You were mine—your heart and your soul—before you became his. We loved each other then, and it is not wicked in us that our love will not die."

"I don't know," she answered thoughtfully. "It seems like all happiness is wrong and that we can't do right without being miserable."

"Shall I tell you?"

"Just as you please."

"I think I would better. I am in hiding."

"In hiding! From what?"

"From the law."

She started back with a little cry of surprise and pain and placed her hand on her heart.

"Oh, Frank!" she cried. "You have not committed a crime? Don't tell me you have!"

"I didn't know then."

"I didn't know what?"

"That I loved you."

"Didn't you know it then?"

"No, I knew I liked you, and I thought of you sometimes in a different way from what I ever thought of any one else, but I was young, and I didn't know what love was."

"Why did you marry—that other?"

"My parents urged me, and I liked him. I even thought I loved him. Afterward there was an awakening, and then I knew the truth. That awakening was bitter and cruel."

"And you suffered," he said softly, placing his hand on her head. "My

Are you sure?" he asked, "that I had better tell you?"

"Yes; I must know."

"But it is dreadful, Louisa."

"Yes; I expect the worst."

"The very worst?"

"The very worst."

"And you do not shrink from me?"

"No, because you say you were not to blame and that you couldn't help it."

"But I tremble to tell you."

"Have no fear for me, I believe what you have said. You have—"

"Taken the life of a fellow man!"

CHAPTER X.

NEIGHBORLY GOSSIP.

"You uns may say what you please, an you uns may say it jest as long as you uns please; but, as I have said before an as I'll contine to say, that's somethin' pow'ful heavy a-weight on Sim Banks's mind."

"Lord, Pap Sampson, you've been a-sayin' them words till we uns have all done learnt 'em by heart, an you can keep on a-sayin' 'em till you're wearin' 'em plumb out, if you want to, but I tell you right now you're barkin' up the wrong tree. I've said before, an I say ag'in, that all on earth's the matter with Sim Banks is that he's fixin' to have a spell of fever."

"Sam Morgan, finding himself the center of an eager group who waited with open mouths for him to speak, felt his importance, and it was excusable in him that he remained silent for a little while to enjoy the situation. It was not every day he could occupy a position like that, and it was very natural that he should desire to make the most of it."

"You have said that, Jason Roberts, an mebby you have said somethin' you know, an mebby you hain't. My notion is you hain't. But if you'll allow me I jest want to ask you one question."

"You jest go ahead, Pap Sampson, an ask all the questions you please. I'll answer all I kin of 'em, an when you ask one I can't scrape up no answer for I'll holler."

"Very well. Now, then, Jason Roberts, can you tell me why a fell'r fixin' to have a spell of fever would go makin' in round for two long weeks, not a-feelin' sick nor nothin', but just actin' for all the world like he'd lost ever cent he owned an ever friend he had to his back? Can you jest tell me that?"

"Couldn't a fell'r fixin' to have the fever act that a-way?"

"Mebby he could, Jason, but he don't. You hain't answered my question, though."

"My notion is, Pap, that thar ain't no need of him answerin' it, for I reckon you an Jason's both got the wrong pig by the tail."

"If you're so smart, Jim Thorn, why don't you retch into the pen an git a hold of the tail of the right pig?"

"I have."

"Then you jest show that pig to us an let us see its color, will you?"

"I will. All on earth's the matter with Sim Banks is jest this. He's in love with the Widder Mann, an he's moonin' round 'cause he can't have her."

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**AMMUNITION,
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J. G. EDWARDS & CO.

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, MAR. 28th, 1901

CANADA'S POPULATION.

In his great speech on the Budget last Tuesday Sir Richard Cartwright produced evidence to show that the apparently slow growth of Canada's population between 1891 and 1901 was partially explainable by the overcount which the census-takers in 1891 made; the population in 1891 being really less than the official figures showed, the gain in the last decade was really greater than appeared by the comparison of the figures of the two censuses. Sir Richard, with all the gallantry of a true knight, came to the defence of the women of Canada, who had been charged with the responsibility for the small increase of population. "I would desire," he said, to contradict a slanderous statement which has crept into the public press, and I believe those who circulated it did not fully comprehend what they were about. I refer to the statement which endeavours to put the blame for the small numbers now appearing in Canada on the shoulders of the ladies of Canada. I stand here to refute the slander, and to say that the ladies of Canada, now as ever, have done their duty faithfully to their country. And if our numbers are less than we think they should be it is not fault of theirs. If the men will go away, what are the poor women to do? It is not through any fault of theirs that the rate of increase of population has not been so great as he would have desired. Of course, we know that evil communications corrupt good manners, and it may be that here and there there may be a slaughter of the race where Yankee practices have crept in, but I deny that such practices have affected in the slightest degree the great majority, and I assert that they are prepared to do their duty by their country, now and ever as they have always done. Touching upon one cause for the small increase in our population, Sir Richard Cartwright referred to the fact that the exodus embraced in its numbers the very flower of our people, young men and women, many of whom had risen to places of the very highest position in the United States. The United States census showed that in 1880 717,000 Canadians were in the United States. This number had increased to 980,000 in 1890 and to 1,181,000 in 1900, but the difference between these numbers did not represent the total loss to Canada from this source. Allowing for the death rate of 2 per cent, and the loss of the children who would naturally have been born to them, the total loss to Canada between 1890 and 1901 was estimated by Sir Richard at 1,400,000 people."

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Hamilton Times: Messrs. Crawford and Pyne, representatives of Toronto in the legislature, are catching it at the Toronto Telegram's hands for opposing the construction of the Temiskaming railway. They are accused of knifing Toronto. But doesn't the dear innocent old Telegram see that they were "opposing the gits?" That's what Toronto sent them to do.

Bob Independent: Complaint is being made of the Boors fighting in British uniforms. If the British column would carry with them a supply of special uniforms for the Boors, they would, no doubt, prefer them. As it is quite evident that the Boors only means of getting clothes is by taking them from the British, the convoys should carry a special brand for them. It is tough when we have to supply those who are in the field against us as well as feed and maintain their families. But that is what is being done.

Monetary Times: The cheese curing rooms which the Department of Agriculture is going to establish at Brockville, Ingleside, Cowansville and St. Jacobs, at an aggregate cost of about \$2,000,000, are expected to be in operation early in June. Last year the depreciation in value in British markets owing to heated cheese is estimated at having been something like \$2,250,000. By means of

the curing rooms the cheese can be cured at a lower temperature, resulting in a product of richer body and milder flavor which will meet the precise demand of the British public. There will also be a larger yield of cheese, thus giving an increased value to the milk, to say nothing of an added value per pound of cheese by improving the quality and preventing a loss from shrinking. From all these causes, in Prof. Robertson's opinion, an increase of 20 per cent, in value, which is equivalent to \$4,000,000, will be effected.

Dr. Sulter, who is Mr. Whitney's candidate in North Norfolk, is highly indignant that he should have been reported as responding to a request for a statement as to his position on the prohibition question: "To hell with prohibition!" He denies the strenuous language, but he does not make it clear whether he follows his leader or just prances all round him.

"Made in Germany" is a trade tag which has long been known and has been a bone of contention. A Toronto firm seems to think the principle might be extended, and has urged its employees to purchase in their private dealings only goods of Canadian manufacture which may be told by observing that the name of a Canadian manufacturer is on the goods or the label "Made in Canada" is in sight. The idea is patriotic, but unless there be an accepted and general system of stamping adopted it is difficult to see that the theory can be put into practice. "Made in Canada" however, is neither a long or difficult tag to affix to goods.

AN ACCIDENT SATURDAY EVENING

Intoxicated South Ward Man Met With a Serious Mishap.

Saturday evening about 9 o'clock James McGlynn, of Russell-st. west, was found lying in the ditch alongside the sidewalk at the corner of Russell-st. and Victoria-ave. He appeared to be in a helpless state of intoxication and Constable Reeves, on being notified, secured aid and had him carried to his home near by. While doing so the man's groans led his helpers to suspect an injury, and Dr. Herriman, who was sent for, discovered that the left leg was broken in two places.

It appears that McGlynn recently returned from the shanties with the proceeds of his winter's work, and has been indulging rather freely. It is said that when he returned home Saturday evening at supper time he discovered that he had been robbed of \$200, and it was while coming down town in the hope of tracing the money that he staggered off the walk and met with the accident.

Next morning the injured man was sent to St. Joseph's hospital, Peterborough, on the advice of Dr. Herriman, the nature of the fracture being such as to demand the best care.

THE TWENTIETH CENTURY SUNDAY.

The Sabbath Was Made for Man.

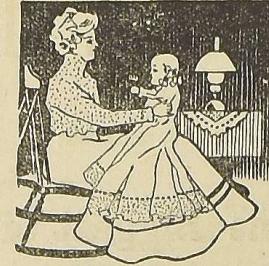
At a legislative hearing on a question of legal restriction of Sunday trade, a gentleman favored wider liberty because we are at the opening of a new century, implying that Sunday laws are a relic of the dark ages. Not of the darkest ages, he should reflect. They do not prevail now in "Darkest Africa," or in any dark and savage land, nor ever did. Sunday observance is not a mark of rude uncivilized life. Only enlightened Christian nations observe Sunday rest, and protect the civil rest day by law, as a wise provision for the good of society. Not only savages, but bad men everywhere, do without Sunday. Either they are not able to see that it is a necessity of wise living, or they do not wish to live wisely. Just in proportion as men advance in enlightenment and in a desire to live according to the best light, they keep Sunday. There are exceptions, but on the large scale, and in the long run, exactly as men gain in spiritual insight, attain breadth of view, and a comprehension of the forces and tendencies which govern human life, if they also are wise enough to conform their conduct to their increased knowledge, they will prize Sunday, and keep it with all their heart. This is absolutely sure. How do we know it? On the word of Him who cannot lie, it is the truth, for He said "The Sabbath was made for man" — for man as man, always and everywhere, not for Jews alone, not for certain sectaries only, but for all the centuries, for all those blessed and prosperous eras when human progress shall have lifted man to the high vantage ground of enjoying the blessings a kind Providence makes ready for his use.

And of all those blessings, one of the richest in value in itself, and most prolific of other blessings is the day of Sunday rest and worship. And when God made the Sabbath for man, he thereby declared that the Sabbath is something man needs in every age and land. It is indispensable to him. Therefore, a kind heavenly Father will see to it that this precious gift shall not always be as pearls cast before swine. He will educate men and train them up to see what is good for them, and will give them wisdom enough to take what is good for them. Many men spurn it now, for they are like very young kittens, — they have not got their eyes open yet. But the day of vision and of wisdom will come, if not for them, for "the coming man"—the man who will not fly in the face of Providence, and trample its best gifts under his feet.

Through the voice not of written revelation alone, but through the cry of man's entire nature, body, soul and spirit, by the examples of Christ, and by the providential favor shown to Sarah in keeping in its good results, God has made known His will that man should take one day in seven, so far as the claims of necessity and mercy allow, to rest the body and train the soul.—The Defender.

Baseball Notes.

The Buffalo Baseball Club will meet in the Y.M.C.A. parlors on Monday night, 31st, to organize and elect officers for the coming season. All lovers of baseball are requested to attend.



THE NEW BABY

Opens up a new world to the loving mother. If new world is a world of happiness, if it is a weak, fretful child the new world is full of anxiety. It has been proven in thousands of cases, that the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription makes all the difference between strength and weakness in children. Healthy, happy mothers have healthy, happy children. "Favorite Prescription" gives the mother strength to give her child. It makes the baby's advent practically painless and promotes the secretion of the nourishment necessary to the healthful feeding of the nursing child.

"I have been using Dr. Pierce's Favorite prescription and can say it is just what you advertise it to be," writes Mrs. Victor J. Hadin, of Leonardville, Riley Co., Kansas. "I began to use it two weeks ago, and before that time was greatly benefited by its use. The doctor who attended me said I did about as well as any one he had seen (I was sick only about two hours) and also said that my prescription 'was a complete success' which he did have faith in. We now have a darling baby boy, strong and healthy, who weighed nine pounds at birth. In one month he has gained three and one-half pounds. Have never given him one dose of medicine."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, in paper covers, sent free on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps to pay expense of customs and mailing only. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Live Stock Shipments.

Mr. Dan Sinclair, of Cambray, sold last week to Mr. W. J. Moore, cattle buyer, two beautiful two-year-old Durham steers, their aggregate weight being over 2,400 lbs. These animals will be shipped to Toronto and disposed of for Easter beef. Mr. Moore shipped a carload of mixed stock to the Toronto markets lately. Mr. J. B. McMillan sent a load of hogs to the Geo. Matthews Co., Peterboro, and Mr. John McDonald, who has been here for the past week, consigned three carloads of mixed stock to the Pakenham Packing Company, Stouffville.

Newspapers and Magazines.

The Presbyterian Review is no more—it has been incorporated with the Westminster, of Toronto, following the example set by other papers where severals have been covering the same field. The Westminster has rapidly taken a leading position in Canadian journalism, and the amalgamation will strengthen its position as a religious weekly and pave the way to greater usefulness and influence.

The features of the April Century are a frontispiece engraving by Timothy Cole of the famous painting by Velasquez entitled "Head of a Young Man," the beginning of a new serial story on marriage, entitled "Confessions of a Wife," by "Mary Adams," four humorous stories, including "Chimney Fadden on L'Algior and Woman," and "Disciplining the R. & O." by William Gibson, all illustrated; in the series on The Great West a chronicle of the overland trip to California by Noah Brooks entitled "The Plains Across," with pictures by Remington; personal reminiscences of Alexander L. by the Actor Rhea; two illustrated articles of travel in Abyssinia by Hughes Le Roux and Oscar T. Crosby, the third of Dr. R. W. Mitchell's "Little Stories," entitled "Two Men," a timely sketch by Henry C. Rowland entitled "The Seamy Side in the Philippines," a paper by Sylvester Baxter on "The Beautifying of Village and Town," besides poetry and the departments. It will be seen from this list that there is a very wide range of topics.

Scribner's Magazine for April begins a new novel by Richard Harding Davis—an event of the first importance to all lovers of good fiction. "Captain Macklin," which begins in this number, is the longest novel written by Mr. Davis and is his first most mature work, and narrates the adventures of a young West Pointer who was dismissed from the Academy and went to Honduras to make a name for himself as a soldier with a body of revolutionists. It is romantic and adventurous in every page, and the development of the hero from his "cub" stage to a self-reliant soldier is depicted with even more skill than Mr. Davis has heretofore shown—which means that it is a triumph in narrative. Among the stories in the number is an amusing tale of life in old Virginia by Thos. Nelson Page, entitled "The Sheriff's Buff," with illustrations by Ransom; another story by the new writer, Mary R. S. Andrews, this one told by the boy of thirteen describing with some humor the predicament of an older brother (it is a tale of the woods illustrated by A. E. Frost); "A Reversion to Type" by Miss Daugherty, the love story of a woman professor in a college, illustrated by Christie; "The Evolution of a Girl's Ideal," a tale of sentiment by Clara E. Langille.

ANOTHER CONTINGENT.

Mr. Fielding Declines to Discuss Newspaper Rumors Thereon.

Ottawa, March 25.—Just before the House adjourned last night Mr. Fielding, in response to a question by Mr. Borden, leader of the Opposition, respecting the rumor that another contingent is to be equipped and sent to South Africa, said it would obviously be inconvenient for the Government to be held responsible for newspaper reports, and declined to discuss the question. The budget debate occupied the greater portion of the day. Mr. Bell (Picton), Mr. Johnston (Cape Breton), Dr. Sproule and Mr. Davis (Saskatchewan) participating. Incidentally in the course of discussion upon a private bill, Hon. Mr. Fitzpatrick questioned the soundness of the position taken by the Bell Telephone Company, that they were not subject to the control of municipalities so far as work upon the public streets was concerned.

Bills Introduced.

Previous to the House going on with the budget debate the following private bills were introduced: Respecting the Central Counties Railway Co.; respecting the Canadian Pacific Railway Company; to incorporate the Ross River Company; respecting the Dominion Cotton Mills Co.; to incorporate the Pacific Northern and Yukon Railway Co.; to incorporate the North Shore Power, Railway and Navigation Co.; respecting the Ottawa, Brockville and St. Lawrence Railway Co.; to incorporate the Knapp Tubular Steamship Co.

Local opinion is strong in favor of Pynny-Balsam. It cures coughs and colds with absolute certainty. Pleasant to take and sure to cure. Manufactured by the proprietors of Perry Davis' Pain-Killer.

Fell into the River.

Sunday afternoon a couple of north ward young ladies were about to cross the river on the Flavelle Milling Co.'s tramway, when one of them slipped and fell into the river. Fortunately her companion caught her arm and managed to hold on until assistance arrived. The young lady had a narrow escape, as the current at that point is now very swift.

A TORY SNAP VERDICT

Childish Conduct of Conservative Members of the Senate.

ANOTHER CONTINGENT RUMOR

Mr. Borden, Leader of the Opposition, Questions the Finance Minister About a Newspaper Rumor, But Mr. Fielding Declines to Discuss Rumors in the Newspapers—Many Questions Answered.

Ottawa, March 25.—The Conservatives in the Senate obtained a snap verdict yesterday afternoon. It was on a motion by Senator Landry, calling for a return showing the minutes of the meeting of the special committee held on February 21st to strike the standing committees. The motion was an unusual one, as the Conservative leader himself admitted, but Senator Landry wanted to find out how the members of the Striking Committee voted on the occasion mentioned, and any other information that could be gleaned as to changes in the constitution of the committees. The Premier, replying to Mr. McCrea, said the Government had received from the Manitoba branch of the Dominion Alliance a petition dealing with the constitutionality of the referendum. But no action had been taken upon the petition.

Mr. Lancaster was informed by Mr. Blair that there is a minimum depth of 14 feet of water on the mitts of the Welland Canal. To the Hamilton Cataraqui Power Company the use of 100 feet per second had been granted.

Since June 30 last, the Minister of Customs said in reply to Mr. Cowan, 776,419 bushels of flax seed had been imported from the United States, valued at \$1,553,416.

Mr. R. L. Borden was informed that the cost of the new Intercolonial Railway ferry service on the Straits of Canso was \$413,318. The steamer was delivered in September last. It had been tested, but no teams carried over it, because of the approaches being incomplete.

The Minister of Militia, replying to Mr. Kemp, said the Government had armed, equipped and transported overland the first and second contingents. The third contingent was armed and equipped at the expense of the Imperial Government in accordance with the Imperial request. Dr. Borden said it was considered in the public interest to do so. He added a challenge to Mr. Kemp, if his views were otherwise, to set them forth.

The Budget Debate.

Mr. Bell of Picton, resuming the budget debate, reviewed the fiscal policy of the two parties in Canada.

Mr. Johnson of Cape Breton, Dr. Sproule and Mr. Davies also spoke.

Mr. Borden said: I would like to bring to the attention of the Minister of Finance, who is leading the House at this time, a communication from Ottawa, which I observe in La Patrie of this evening. As that paper has somewhat the character of an official organ, I attach more weight to this article than I might to one in some other newspapers. The communication, which I will translate, is as follows:

"I have nothing official, but I am under the impression that, if the pending negotiations between Kitchener and the Boers are not successful, a new contingent will be recruited in Canada, at the expense of the War Office. It is even said that, in case of peace, this contingent will serve as police, and will replace troops whom it is desired to retire from active service."

I wish to inquire whether there have been any negotiations, or whether any circumstances have arisen to lend any warrant to this statement.

Mr. Fielding declined to state the accuracy of the report. He said: "It would be obviously inconvenient for us to be held responsible for everything that appears in the newspapers, even in so excellent a paper as La Patrie. I would not like to discuss the matter on the basis of a newspaper report, and I think that my hon. friend will see that that is a wise and proper course."

The House adjourned at 11.40 o'clock.

ANOTHER CONTINGENT.

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All Arms of Service in It.

Ottawa, March 24.—It has not yet been decided what shall be the composition of the force of 550 officers

to be sent to South Africa. The bill provides that the assistant judge shall be from the same province as the disqualification judge whose place he takes.

The bill to incorporate the Sprague's Falls Manufacturing Co. was read a third time and passed. Several other private bills were given a second reading and referred to committees.

Answers by Ministers.

Mr. Clancy was informed that the approximate amount of the Dominion claim against the Province of Ontario under Indian Treaty No. 3 was \$475,000. The claim was made in 1893 and 1895, but had been postponed from time to time. It would, however, be the Government's promise, soon to be taken up.

Mr. McCrea was informed by the Minister of Agriculture that the Government was aware from the form of contract that the War Office excluded colonial cattle from army beef contracts.

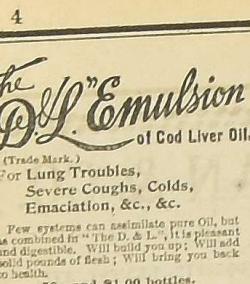
The Government did not know, however, what was the cause for their exclusion.

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The Weekly Post

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, MAR. 28th, '02

Three Fine Addresses

Heard at the Liberal Meeting in the Academy Friday Evening.

(Continued from page 1.)
church. If a change in the constitution is desired the question must be referred to the people. How is it in municipal affairs? If it is desired to give a bonus to some industry does the Council have the money over off-hand? No, the question is referred to a vote of the people—the referendum again. The municipalities get this power of referendum from the Provincial legislature—how can that body impart that which it does not possess? (Hear, hear.) Wherever Anglo-Saxons rule, the church or state, the referendum principle is paramount. In the great Presbyterian church all important amendments, etc., have to be referred back to the Presbyteries, and in their settlement majorities of two thirds and three-fourths are necessary. The same rule exists in the Methodist Episcopal church in the United States and no doubt in other church bodies. The Methodist church of Canada does not embody the referendum principle, but the effect is about the same, since a change in the constitution calls for similar majorities in favor of the amendment. From the British Crown down—in the State governments, in our Federal government, in our own legislature, in the church councils, the referendum principle is present and constantly applied. The liquor question had been before the Dominion house for many years, and it is on record that Mr. Taylor, conservative whip, moved a resolution that it be submitted to the people in the form of a referendum. Among those who voted for that resolution were Sir John A. Macdonald and Mackenzie Bowell. Sir William R. Meredith, at one time leader of the Provincial Opposition, had also declared in favor of the referendum in an article published in The Toronto Mail.

No leader had a right to force on a body of the people a law which would call for a radical change in their customs, habits and business relations without first obtaining the endorsement of others concerned, and it was necessary also that he should be assured of the existence of an earnest sentiment which would aid in enforcing the law. If 37 per cent of the voters on the lists mark their ballots for Prohibition it will carry, if 3 out of every 8 voters go to the polls and vote for the act it will become law. Surely the proportion was eminently fair. Now, as to the day for taking the vote—it was claimed by some that the question should be confined with the municipal elections. The members of our municipal councils hold different views concerning the liquor question, and it would be a serious error to embroil them in its settlement. The liquor question is important enough and big enough to have a day set apart for it. If those professing to be in favor of temperance are not sufficiently in earnest to leave their work for half a day, then it is morally certain the people do not want Prohibition, and if granted it would not be enforced. (Hear, hear.) Mr. Whitney says the basis of the vote is unfair. Mr. Marter moved that the basis be changed and that it be a majority vote. You might have expected that the opposition would have fallen over each in the scramble to vote for that resolution. Well, only four members on the conservative side voted for it and Mr. Whitney voted against it—he would not support a motion from his own party. Then Mr. Marter suggested 40 per cent. majority, and again only four conservatives voted with him—and Mr. Whitney voted contrary. Mr. Marter then moved that the vote be taken at the municipal elections, and Mr. Crawford was his only supporter. The professions of the conservatives were not borne out by their votes.

Mr. Graham next referred to the revenue derived from the succession duties, the imposition of which had also been attacked by the Opposition. He did not think that any man had ever made a million, a half-million or even a quarter of a million by his own unaided efforts—those who did were placed by luck or fortune in a position where money coming from the people flowed into their pockets. The government did not interfere with a man's enjoyment of his wealth, but when he died and had no more use for the money they took toll of it for the benefit of the living. The funds thus derived went to aid such institutions as the beautiful new hospital in Lindsay, which he had inspected that afternoon.

They had been told also that the liberal party was being ruled by the great corporations. That was another platitude. Mr. Harcourt a few years ago introduced a bill to tax these corporations—to divert part of their surplus earnings to the public benefit. One would imagine that Mr. Whitney would admit the justice of the contention, yet every member of the Opposition had voted against the measure. Why shouldn't these great and rich corporations pay their share of the public burdens? The government had also expended large sums for the benefit of the farmers—\$212,000 last year. If the value of the grain raised in the province were enhanced by one year—one-half a cent per bushel the return would be \$100,000 all that has been expended on the Agricultural College should be established. It was shown that the Guelph College did not pay—it was established for educational purposes. The people of Lindsay did not look for a monetary return from their fine schools, and

the government did not expect to make money out of that farmer's High School. The improvement of the highways and the betterment of the educational facilities were matters that were receiving constant and intelligent consideration by the government. About \$800,000 had been expended last year on education and it would be well to keep in mind that our system of education was pronounced to be the best at the World's Fair in Chicago. (Applause.) New systems can assimilate pure oil, but as combined in "The D. & L.", it is pleasant and digestible. Will build you up; will add solid pounds of flesh; will bring you back to health. 50c. and \$1.00 bottles. DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., Limited.

Cobourg and Lindsay Tied.

LAST NIGHT'S HOCKEY MATCH

Was Played on Wet Ice and in the Presence of a Small Crowd of Spectators.

One of the best games of hockey played this winter was the one last night, when the Cobourg seven and the locals came together in a friendly game. Both teams were out to win and the game proved very interesting. The ice was soft, and consequently the play was not fast. Good combination work by both teams was much in evidence. On account of other attractions the game was not very well patronized, there being about 100 spectators present.

Dr. Walter officiated and gave good satisfaction. He summoned the teams together at 8.30, and after a warning started them going. After many rushes had been made by both teams Lannon scored for the visitors. A little time was then lost on account of two Cobourg men, Bentley and Brown, colliding. As a result of this accident Bentley was badly cut about the right eye, but he stayed in the game. The next goal went to Lindsay, Dennison doing the trick in the moist rush that had taken place on the rink for some time. There was a scrimmage around Lindsay's goal, but presently Dennison got free and like lightning he went through Cobourg's strong defense and scored for the home team. Hooper scored for Cobourg five minutes later by a lift from the front of the rink. Following this the visitors added another and then it looked as though the locals were going down to defeat. However, they got together and in a pretty pass by Callaghan to Parlin the latter scored. No further scoring was done, the final reading 3-2 in favor of Cobourg.

On resuming play the visitors soon placed another to their credit. The teams then got into a hot scrimmage in front of the visitors' goal which resulted in the locals scoring. In the locals scoring, Cobourg scored two more goals almost in succession by some pretty work. Ten minutes later the yellow and black added another by an excellent shot by Parkin, and a few minutes before time they added another, thus tying the score. After this a hot battle took place, with both teams working hard for victory. When time was called the score was still a tie—all.

The visitors refused to play off, so the game ended with honors evenly divided. All the Lindsay boys played a fine game, especially Burke in goal. Borabek and Bentley were the star players for the visitors.

The teams and officers were as follows: Cobourg—Goal, McKenna; point, Turpin; cover-point, Hooper; forward, Lannon, Borabek, Bentley and Brown. Lindsay—Goal, Burke; point, Strangie; cover-point, Callaghan; forwards, Dennison, Shannon, Taylor and Parkin.

Goal Umpires—W. Harcourt and F. Dennison. Timekeepers—T. Rose and Geo. O'Neill.

No substitute for "The D. & L." Metal Plaster, although some unscrupulous dealers may say there is. Recommended by doctors, by hospital, by the clergy, by everybody, for stiffness, pleurisy, &c. Made by Davis & Lawrence Co., Ltd.

WANTS AGREEMENT CARRIED OUT

Ellott vs. The Huntsville Lumber Company Limited.

The plaintiff, George Elliott, is a journeyman printer, residing in Lindsay, but had been following the occupation of a mill hand in the village of Huntsville, in the District of Muskoka. The defendants are an incorporated company, having their head office at Huntsville. The plaintiff claims that a certain saw which he was working at in the Company's mill was not guaranteed as it should have been and that by reason thereof the plaintiff's right hand was cut wholly off thereby rendering him unable to work, and putting him to great expense and leaving him permanently disabled. However, shortly after the trial the defendant, so the statement of claim says, came to the plaintiff and agreed to pay him \$150 and give him permanent employment on condition that he would bring no action against the Company. This the plaintiff accepted but he now asks that the said agreement be set aside as being obtained from him by undue influence, or in the alternative damages for failure of the defendants to furnish employment in accordance with their terms of the agreement.

The statement of defence sets out that there is no memorandum of any such agreement as alleged and that in any event the plaintiff's claim is not supported by the Statutes of Limitations.

Mr. Steers (Lindsay) for plaintiff; Denton, Dunn & Co., Toronto, for defendants.

In Ontario the Mowat government, which came into power in 1878, had passed the Mechanics' Lien Act to protect the wages of workingmen, and the Employers' Liability Act, to prohibit the employment of children in factories and to compel the use of guards on dangerous machines. The Ontario government had also made provision for the care of neglected and dependent children—making good citizens out of them instead of allowing them to become criminals—yet the leader of the Opposition and his supporters voted against an expenditure of \$1500 per annum for that purpose.

It should be remembered by the workingmen that the present manhood franchise law was passed by the liberals. Not long ago the men in factories and other large concerns were herded to the polls and compelled to vote, as their employers wished to do—they are free to vote as they please. Investigation will show that the liberal party has always stood for progress and fairness. The Ross government is now making a start in establishing railways to be owned by the people, (applause), and had laid down the rule that every man employed in constructing the Temiskaming line became a Canadian born and receive the highest rate of wages paid in the locality. (cheers.) He defied any conservative to point out any similar legislation by a Tory government.

Mr. Hay closed with an impassioned and earnest appeal to all to support the candidates of the party having such admirable principles inscribed on their banners and whose aim is to build up Ontario and make the people prosperous and happy.

The meeting closed with cheers for the King and the candidates.

You May Need Pain-Killer at any time in case of accident. Cures cuts, bruises and sprains, as well as all bowel complaints. Avoid substitutes, there's only one Pain-Killer, Perry Davis'. 25c. and 50c.

Peterboro Market Rules.

At a meeting of Peterboro Council, held the other evening, a delegation representing the retail merchants presented a petition asking for a change of the hour at which buyers are permitted to attend market for the purpose of purchasing for stores. Heretofore the hour has been 11 o'clock, and the petition is for 10 o'clock. The argument of the speakers was that 11 o'clock is too late, being a time when there is considerable of a rush on in the stores, and the merchants have thus little opportunity of attending market if they would have the congestion of business relieved by an hour, and was shown that the market town's market was accessible to merchants as early as 8.30 and seldom later than 9.30. After due discussion on the matter the committee decided to grant the petition. The change should be considered by the members of our own Market Committee.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.
Genuine
Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of
Brentwood
See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION.

Price 25 cents
GENUINE MEDICINE
Purly Vegetable.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

AN EARLY EASTER.
The Date is March 30th.—in 1910 it will be March 27th.

Easter Sunday is coming unusually early this year—March 30. As the date of Easter regulates that of all the moveable feasts of the year, they too will fall early. Thus, Ascension Day, May 8th; Pentecost ten days later, and Corpus Christi, May 29th. It will thus be seen that some three weeks before midsummer a greater part of the ecclesiastical year, in respect at least of the important feasts, will have passed.

For the benefit of those who are interested in such things we subjoin the dates of Easter for the next ten years:

1902—March 30th; 1913—

April 12th; 1904—April 3rd, 1905—

April 23rd; 1906—April 15th; 1907—

March 31st; 1908—April 19th; 1909—

April 11th; 1910—March 27th; 1911—

April 16th.

Easter Sunday is always the first Sunday after the fourteenth day of the calendar moon, which (fourteenth day) falls on or next after the 21st day of March, according to the rules laid down for the construction of the calendar, so that if the fourteenth day happens on Sunday Easter Day is the Sunday after.

Hockey Notes.

The latest statement from Winnipeg puts the Stanley Cup gate receipts at \$7,500, of which about \$1,800 was the Montreal Club's share.

A precedent was established at Winnipeg when Referee W. W. McFarlane, who officiated in the Winnipeg-Montreal Stanley Cup games, was presented with a gold watch by the competing teams. At Galt or Stratford, an ordinary everyday brick, accurately thrown, is the best they can do for the referee.

Railway Notes.

The Western Railway of France is about to try a device by which passengers may retain their seats in a railway carriage without resort to the expedient of placing luggage in the seat claimed. Over each place in a compartment is placed a disc, and as each is occupied a number is placed on the disc and a counterfoil is handed to the passenger by the guard. By a recent judicial decision no passenger can claim a seat by placing objects on it.

A Sign of Appreciation.

The New York State Library is a great institution, and the director selects the new books with much care. In order to get an expression of opinion from the men of literary tastes as to the merits of new publications on various subjects he annually sends out a list of 500 volumes to well-known library people in the United States and Canada, with the request that they select a lot of 50 books to form a nucleus for a town or village library. This year Mr. Hardy has been favored with a list, his work in connection with the International Library Association conventions having brought him into notice.

General Sporting Notes

—Only one Winnipeg crew—a four-

will be sent to the National this year. Con. Riley, it is expected, will stroke it, and from Con's former showing at the National the club have every confidence in his ability to handle the crew right.

—The big English racing yacht Santa Anna showed a tremendous depreciation in value when offered at auction in London two days ago. She cost £20,000 to build, and the best offer made was £1,650, at which she was withdrawn. Santa Anna is the property of the Knight of Kerry.

—William Davis, the Mohawk Indian, of Hamilton, Canada, easily won first place in the go-as-you-please race at Lynn, Mass., last week, with miles 3 laps for the 24 hours racing. Heigelman was second, with 172 miles; Dineen had 170 miles; Carroll, 150 miles; Golden, 138 miles; Manton, 133 miles, and Herty, 128 miles.

—The Archambault brothers, Louis and Arthur, former Lindsayites, are enthusiastic bowlers. In the recent bowling tournament held in Toronto they made a name for themselves. Thursday night Arthur played with the Highlanders against the Grenadiers and Louis played with the Munsons against the merchants. The successful teams were the Munson's and Grenadiers.

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THE N. HOCKIN SHOE STORE

SUCCESSORS TO W. L. WHITE,

LINDSAY, ONT.

LEADING SALESMEN

MATT H. SISSON, FELIX FORBERT.

The Biggest of All New Spring Shoe Stocks.

This Big Shoe Store is now crammed full with a magnificent stock of the NEWEST and BEST THINGS in SPRING FOOTWEAR.

Our display of MEN'S, WOMEN'S and CHILDREN'S FINE SHOES surpasses by far any stock ever shown in Lindsay, and our immense collection of EVERY-DAY, STRONG WEARING SHOES is away beyond anything of the kind ever seen in the town.

NO CAREFUL SHOE BUYER can afford to make their purchases of shoes before seeing our immense stock and getting our prices. At this store you will find shoes that fit, shoes that wear and shoes that are money savers.

OUR 99 CENT Laced Boot for Mechanics and Millmen is a regular Kracker-Jack to wear well shaped and a splendid fitter. All sizes again in stock.

The N. HOCKIN SHOE STORE.



C. MUGHAN, CORNER KENT AND WILLIAM STS., Lindsay,
WATCHMAKER, OPTICIAN and ISSUER of MARRIAGE LICENSES.

INTERESTING GAME OF HOCKEY.

The Peterboro Ladies Defeated the Lindsay Ladies Last Wednesday—Score 15-1.

It was Ladies' Night at the skating rink 19th inst., and the fair sex were out in large numbers, although there was a good representation of gentlemen present. The attraction was a hockey match, the ladies of Peterboro and Lindsay coming together in a friendly game. The ice was in perfect condition and the hour's entertainment put up by the lady puck-chasers was much enjoyed by the spectators.

The ladies from the Otonabee town came on the ice about 8.30 wearing short skirts, white sweaters and ribbons galore—the latter the colors of the Peterboro Hockey Club. They were applauded by the crowd as they made their appearance. Then the local septette of fair ones appeared on the ice and their entry was a signal for tremendous cheering. The home sevens were the swimmers of the Lindsay senior team, and when a spill on the ice occurred the black and yellow was much in evidence.

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Office Hours—9 a.m. to 4.30 p.m. daily.

The Victoria Loan and Savings Company

HEAD OFFICE

LINDSAY, ONT.

Now is the time to consider the question of buying or building a house of your own. If you are able to pay down a portion of the purchase price we will receive the balance and allow you to repay in monthly payments, which is equivalent to rent with this difference, that in time the property is your own.

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PAYABLE IN ADVANCE. \$1.00 IF NOT SO PAID.

SUBSCRIPTIONS MAY COMMENCE AT ANY ISSUE.

REMITTANCE SHOULD ALWAYS BE MADE IN THE SAFEST MANAGER POST OFFICE AND EXCEPT MONEY ORDERS ARE ALREADY PAID, AND NO TIME CAN BE SPARED FOR RISK.

REGULARLY POSTED. IT IS ALWAYS BEST TO REMOVE TWO WEEKS BEFORE THE DATE ON YOUR WRAPPER EXPIRES IN ORDER TO INSURE UNINTERRUPTED SERVICE.

CHANGE OF ADDRESS—ALWAYS GIVE BOTH YOUR OLD AND YOUR NEW POST OFFICES. YOU CAN ALSO CHARGE YOUR OWN NAME AND THE NAME OF THE TOWN AND THE STATE OR PROVINCE YOU LIVE IN SHOULD ALWAYS FOLLOW YOUR OWN NAME WHEN WRITING TO THIS OFFICE. WE CANNOT READILY FIND YOUR NAME ON OUR BOOKS UNLESS THIS IS DONE, AS MANY NAMES ARE ALIKE.

ADVERTISING RATES.

CASUAL ADVERTISING, 10 cents per line, (12 lines to one inch) first insertion; 6 cents each subsequent insertion. Display notices in local columns 10 cents per line first insertion, and 6 cents each subsequent insertion. Small condensed advertisements, such as stayed cattle teacher wanted, farm for sale, etc., \$1.00 for three insertions. Rates for large spaces for business advertising made known upon application at the office.

JOB PRINTING.

Our Job Department is one of the best equipped printing offices in Canada, and is prepared to execute all kinds of printing in the style at honest prices.

No job too big—none too small.

All business communications to be addressed to

WISON & WI LSON,
Proprietors.

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, MAR. 28th, '02

Sir Richard's Great Speech

CANADA'S PROGRESS UNDER THE LIBERAL ADMINISTRATION.

The Expenditures of the Conservative and Liberal Governments Compared
—The Growth of our Trade with the Motherland.

The following excerpts from the great speech delivered in the House of Commons last Tuesday by Sir Richard Cartwright, Minister of Trade and Commerce will be read with interest. The speech was in answer to the arraignment of Hon. Mr. Fielding's budget statement by Mr. R. L. Borden leader of the Opposition:

The hon. the Minister of Trade and Commerce (Sir Richard Cartwright) followed Mr. Borden. He said Mr. Borden reminded him very forcibly of the predecessor who had occupied that very seat some twenty-five years ago. No more fitting time could be imagined for such a re-introduction than when the third census since the promulgation of the National Policy gave them an unprecedented opportunity of showing what that policy had really done for Canada. He asked Mr. Borden his "official" authority for disputing Hon. Mr. Fielding's assertion that, in all human probability the growth of Canada during the last five years has been equal to that of the fifteen years preceding.

(Mr. Borden—The Year Book.) He was sorry it was all, as in 1875-80 the Year Book's population estimates were about 10 years ahead of time.

Mr. Borden's followers had cheered loudly over reduction alleged in our trade with Great Britain. What were the facts? In 1889, our trade with Great Britain was \$43,277,000, on which we collected a duty of \$89,576,000. In 1897, the last year of the national policy, our trade with Great Britain had fallen to \$28,401,000. In 1901, our trade with Great Britain was \$42,819,000, on which we collected a duty of \$7,845,000. What did our preference do for Great Britain? In eight years, under the National Policy we had lost \$14,000,000. In the four years under our policy we had gained \$14,000,000. And whereas under the old tariff on imports of about forty-three and a quarter millions, we collected \$9,576,000 of duty, under our tariff, on imports of almost forty-three millions—bear in mind, the merest fraction of a difference, we collected \$7,845,000 of duty or about \$1,700,000 less duty than was collected on a nearly similar amount of goods imported into Canada in 1895.

Of course there were fluctuations; for instance recently in the importation of cheese to Great Britain. What did the present government do? Did it sit down and wait? Not a bit. Hon. Mr. Fisher at once held a conference with those who represented the great dairy interests of this country, and they were now applying themselves as men should do, not to give more protection for the dairy interests, but to enable them to help themselves and restore the cheese industry of Canada to the proud position it had hitherto held in the British market.

It was quite true that these best of governments cannot always avert calamity, but unfortunately the reverse was only too true that a government can very easily bring about disaster to a country, as he would presently show the government while they displaced was eventually successful in doing from 1878 to 1895.

The doctrine of Averages.

"Now, sir, the doctrines of averages is a great doctrine. But take a little of the doctrine of averages take the case of Holland. My hon. friend was great on the fact that we apparently discriminated against Great Britain, although I do not think he quite understood the case. We will take the case of Holland. From Holland we imported the other year \$797,000 worth of imported cheese. We taxed those imports \$1,250,000. Was not that a harsh discrimination, 170 per cent on the average of goods we imported from Holland? Perhaps my hon. friend thinks that being pro-Broers. It is all right to punish Holland. We imported less than \$800,000 worth and taxed it \$1,350,000. Has my hon. friend any explanation to give?"

(Mr. Borden—I should say it was)

gin. He is perfectly right, it was

gin, and it shows the utter absurdity of applying this same doctrine of averages.

Here one single article, amounting to about one-fourth of the whole importation is so taxed

that it brings the average up to 170 per cent."

The whole comparison the hon. gentleman has made of the expenditure is vicious to a degree! I hope he would have had the candor, when he came to compare the expenditure of last year with that of half a dozen years ago, to point out the very large proportion of our increased expenditure never occurred in the time of his predecessor or admit that the very large proportion of our increased expenditure did not cost the people of Canada one cent. It has cost the people of Canada collectively, of older Canada, at any rate, one cent, we spent a million and half in the Yukon, because we got a million and a half more out of them for the real work of the Library—namely, the purchase of new books.

The position of the Librarian only

requires her services for a portion of

the day, the hours of duty being from

three until five and again from seven

till nine, the assistant only requiring

to be there during the evening hours.

In most towns, both on this

and the other side of the line, Librarians are found who have other postulations and supplement their earnings

by accepting the duties of Librarian

and in this way the Library patrons

are served economically. In some

places a lady with literary

talents has a special position w/

an assistant at a nominal salary,

largely for the love of the work, and in this way the expense has been minimized.

We also regret to note the unpleas-

ant reflections made upon the very

worthy and capable Secretary. Our

town has reason to be proud of what

he has done and is doing every day

for the Public Library. To him practically is due the credit of securing

the recent gift of \$10,000 from Mr.

Carnegie, and to his energy and far-

sightedness the town is largely in-

debted for the Free Library which

our citizens at present enjoy. No

one, who has not taken the trouble to

make some enquiry as to the work

he is doing from day to day, can ap-

preciate all the voluntary labor he

throws into the work associated with

the office. The Board of Managers

have recognized this in a small de-

gree by providing a small sum for

clerical work and the providing of a

telephone so as to minimize as far

as possible the amount of detail work

his voluntary office entails. Few

towns have the advantage that we

possess in having such a Library ex-

port as Mr. Hardy in our midst who

is willing to give both time

and energy to this work. The Li-

brary Association of Ontario has

honored him and our town in recog-

nizing his abilities, having placed

him as Secretary of that

Board, thus associating him intimat-

ely with the very best literary and

Library men in Canada. He in turn

is returning the education which he

receives from this medium to our

Board.

We think it is only fair to Mr.

Hardy that the public should know of

the services and character of work

he is rendering to our town, so that

they may express at least their ap-

preciation of his good work.

LINDSAY PUBLIC LIBRARY.

Recent communications have ap-
peared in our columns reflecting on
the management of the Library Board. We have made some enquiries
since those appeared and we think
they have been quite misunderstood.
The management have only one ob-
ject in view, and that is to administer
properly the funds at their dis-
posal and to be fair towards all
parties. Last year, after providing
for all necessary expenditures, the
small sum of about \$250 was left
for the real work of the Library—
namely, the purchase of new books.

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BOXALL AND MATTIE

MILK CANS with sanitary
bottom. Our own make.

SAP PAILS AND SPILES

Horse Singers, Windmill Oil Cans,
Creamers, Cream Pails, Milk Pails, Strainer
Pails, Coal Oil Cans. All our own make.

ROBERTSON'S MIXED PAINTS

— are the best —

ALABASTINE AND JELLSTONE

We have some second hand and square
Cook Stoves at a sacrifice.

BOXALL & MATTIE,

Tinsmiths, Plumbers, Steam-fitters and Ventilating Engineers.

The Weekly Post

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, MAR. 28th, '02

THE "STUNTED POPLAR" POLICY.

Those reform newspapers and speakers who point the finger of scorn at Mr. Whitney and declare that he "has no policy" except that of mere negation are not, we humbly submit, treating the leader of the Opposition with justice. It is not fair play.

Mr. Whitney has a very distinctive and characteristic policy. He has a very distinct platform, though it is not very strong or safe. A phrase has been coined with epigrammatic skill and Parisian taste by a tory organist to describe it, so that those who hurry by may read it at a glance and ponder over it. It is described in a word as the "stunted poplar" policy.

Now some people will say that this is pretty "punk." That it is "palpable." That it has no backbone. That it is dwarfed in proportions. That it is half dead-and-alive.

Is there good reason for these assertions?

Let us look at this matter frankly and fairly.

Mr. Ross and his colleagues have been laboring and planning to develop "New Ontario," to make its great resources widely known, and to attract to it settlers who would otherwise probably go across the border and build up a neighboring nation.

To promote settlement it was advisable to attract capital and in this there has been wonderful success.

Several very large and important enterprises requiring very large capital have been for months "busy as bees" developing New Ontario.

Great railway projects, great iron and steel works, immense pulp mills, numerous mining enterprises, many lumbering industries, are in evidence as results of the bold and progressive policy of the Ross administration.

Mr. Whitney and his colleagues have sneered and cried down the "New Ontario" idea. When they have not sneered, they have denounced and opposed and obstructed. The several government measures were loudly condemned as "outrageous public robberies." There was a certain method in this vociferous denunciation. It was thought that a charge loudly made and repeated with vigor, à la Boanerges, would be likely to be believed by at least a certain percentage of one's own political following.

It is a very simple and easy method. When arguments fail; when the facts don't work out just right; when the case is weak and wobbly, then go to for denunciation, and if all else fail, lug in Tarte. Tarte has not been brought in yet to any extent, but he will be made to do some service before the campaign is over.

What we wish to point out is that this "stunted poplar" policy of Mr. Whitney's has some advantages, and that it has an existence in the mind of the Opposition leader.

Contrast it for a moment with the bold enterprise of Mr. Ross in urging forward the patriotic and inspiring idea of "Building up New Ontario."

The intelligent elector can make the contrast and comparison for himself.

Are you a "stunted poplar" man? or are you going to "Build up Ontario?"

Mr. Marter undertook to say that he was in favor of an enterprising policy in New Ontario; he ventured to support some of the Government measures in this connection; and he was given the cold "tow-down" by the "frosty hand," by the Opposition, and all but turned out.

Mr. Marter was plainly told he must support the "stunted poplar" policy and vote against the referendum—or "git."

The poplar is a very useful tree. Made into pulp and rolled out into paper it is willing to convey with impartial zeal to attentive readers the errors of the Mail and Empire or the sound doctrines of the Globe; the views of The Post or the valuations of the Warden-Watchman—whatever may be impressed upon it.

But it was a singular fate that ordered the "stunted poplar" to be inscribed on the banners of a great party as the most striking and significant emblem of its policy—the best it can devise for this great and growing province.

Can business men afford to conduct business on the "stunted poplar" method? No progress, no growth, no keeping abreast of or ahead of the times?

Can farmers afford to plan their farm work on the "stunted poplar" method? Stunted crops, stunted cattle, stunted pigs, stunted families?

Can this great and growing province—can Ontario afford to have its affairs managed on the "stunted poplar" plan?

Senator Cox, as a business man, and a somewhat successful one, too, evidently thinks not. Speaking at the nomination of Hon. Mr. Stratton the other day at Peterboro, he said:

"There is one thing that I may say to the electors of Peterboro, and I speak as a business man. I REGARD IT AS OF FIRST IMPORTANCE TO THIS COUNTRY THAT THE ROSS GOVERNMENT SHOULD BE SUSPAINED IN THE COMING ELECTIONS. (Loud cheers.) From impressions I have gathered during my trips throughout the province I cannot for a moment believe that there will be anything but the most triumphant victory for that government. I regard it, too, as of first importance that you should retain as your representative in the legislature an influential member of the government, and send back Mr. Stratton to represent you there. I ask you to do it and I am sure you will." (Hear, hear, and applause.)

What Mr. Cox said to West Peterboro can be applied to the electors of East and West Victoria—to return supporters of the Ross administration and share in the benefits of a progressive and enterprising policy for the development of the resources of the province.

Don't vote for "stunted poplars."

THE REFERENDUM IN THE CAMPAIGN

It is evident that Mr. Whitney pur-

poses to make the main fight of the

campaign on two issues—opposition to the Referendum and opposition to the development of New Ontario. He

and most of his parliamentary sup-

porters have denounced the Referendum as unconstitutional and un-

British; and Mr. Ross has been charged personally with endeavoring to evade the issue. (The tory organs have accused Mr. Ross of moral cow-

ardice for not making Prohibition—

or the measure of it covered by the

Manitoba act—a government mea-

sure; to stand or fall by it. It would

be useless to point out that Mr. Ross has never taken this position; and

that he could not do so under pre-

sent circumstances. There has been

no special mandate from the people

on the question; and both parties

are divided with respect to it. Mr.

Ross is bound as a constructive

statesman to consider this question

in all its bearings, just as he is bound

to consider all other questions. His

views—and those of his colleagues

and of his party—are crystallized in an act which is no referred to

the people to vote upon on a special

day, when public attention is undivided

by any other question. That is a

common-sense, practical, fair and

square way of dealing with this com-

licated problem, and we do not see

how any reasonable man can find

fault with it. Certainly temperance

men and prohibitionists—as reason-

able, fair-minded men—cannot, or

rather should not. It is true that

many do find fault with it, for one

alleged reason or another. Prohi-

bition would be dead, and every

other good cause would be dead, too,

were all its friends as fair-hearted

and faithful as some of its leaders

whose cries on the housetops have

made for the discouragement of the

people."

EASTER MILLINERY

LOVELY CREATIONS FOR FAIR LADIES AND WINSOME MAIDS.

The Show Rooms Thronged With Visitors—The Magnificent Weather a Favoring Circumstance.

The poet did not state what was the object to which the young maid's fancy turned in the spring, but at this vernal season one does not long have to watch the advertisements in the papers and the windows of the leading dry goods stores where women most do congregate to find the answer to the question. Yea, it is even clothes, which now assume an importance even greater than usual to the fair ones, and dainty creations to crown the charming wearers are displayed this season in greater profusion and variety of design than in former years. The various millinery rooms, having been transformed into bower of beauty by deft and artistic touches, were thrown open Wednesday to the fair ladies of Lindsay and vicinity, and hundreds spent some hours of the day viewing, admiring and comparing the respective displays. The exhibition will continue till Friday evening.

At R. B. ALLAN & CO.

The ladies showed genuine interest in the opening at R. B. Allan & Co yesterday; as they were all eager to get a first glimpse of the new spring styles they turned out in large numbers. Visitors pronounced the millinery opening this year "prettier than ever," and Miss Wallace, the young lady in charge, was complimented very highly on the fine exhibit made and the good taste everywhere displayed. The decorations deserve a word of praise—the rooms look charming.

A Shepherds hat that is particularly alluring and becoming is trimmed with lace and pink and green foliage. Another pretty production is a turban, the crown and front facing of soft rolls of white lace, sewn with pearl beads and caught up with buckles. Another very stylish hat is a small turban trimmed with applique roses.

On the stands are many other beautiful hats and bonnets, for a description of which we are unable to find space. Miss Bannon carries a good line of outing and knock-about hats and a very full stock of trimmings. The rooms are prettily decorated for the occasion with boxes of bright roses, sprays of foliage and marguerites, bright ribbons, etc.

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EASTER Bargain Days

...THREE OF THEM...

Thursday, Saturday, Monday

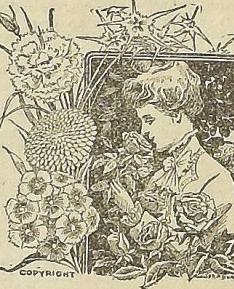
Ladies' Silk Blouses in black, white rose, blue and white, reg. \$4.25, Bargain Days.	\$3.75
Ladies' Black Satin Undershirts, regular \$1.50, Bargain Days.	1.25
Sheaf Floss, 3 skeins for	10c
Ladies' Parasols, regular \$1.50, Bargain Days.	1.25
Ladies' Black Dress Skirts, regular \$4.50, Bargain Days.	3.00
Lace Curtains, regular \$3.00, Bargain Days.	2.25
Lace Curtains, regular \$1.75, Bargain Days.	1.35
Lace Curtains, regular 90c, Bargain Days.	99c
Chenille Curtains, regular \$4.50, Bargain Days.	3.10
Cheviot Curtains, regular \$3.75, Bargain Days.	50c
Cream and Green Blinds, hands lace rimmed, reg. 60c., Bargain Days.	31c
Green and Cream Blinds, regular 35c., Bargain Days.	68c
White Table Linen, 62 inch, r. gular 90c., Bargain Days.	62c
White Table Linen, regular 85c., Bargain Days.	42c
60 inch Half Bleached Table Linen, reg. 60c., Bargain Days.	38c
Table Linen, half bleched, regular 25c., Bargain Days.	22c
Table Linen, manufacturers' samples, reg. 2.00, Bargain Days.	1.25
Table Napkins, manufacturers', regular 1.25, Bargain Days.	95c
Linen Sides are Rumpled, regular 30c., Bargain Days.	23c
Towels, regular 12c., Bargain Days.	9c
Linen Towels, reg. 5c., Bargain Days.	4c
Heavy Water Twist Cottonade, regular 28c., Bargain Days.	22c
Ticking, blue and white stripe, regular 25c., Bargain Days.	21c
Ticking, blue and white and yellow, regular 25c., Bargain Days.	6c
White Shak-r Flannel, regular 8c., Bargain Days.	7c
Pink and white, blue and white spot Shaker, regular 10c., Bargain Days.	6c
Checked Apron Gingham, regular 8c., Bargain Days.	11c
White Curtain Net, regular 13c., Bargain Days.	10c
White Curtain Net, regular 25c., Bargain Days.	19c
Art Muslin, regular 7c., Bargain Days.	5c
Art Muslin, regular 11c., Bargain Days.	9c
Men's Woolen Sx., regular 13c., Bargain Days.	10c
Coronation Tie at 23c and 45c., Bargain Days.	44c
Men's Unlaundered Shirts, regular 50c., Bargain Days.	22c
Men's Braces, regular 30c., Bargain Days.	23c
Men's Braces, regular 35c., Bargain Days.	30c
Mahogany and Oak Curtail Poles, with pine, Bargain Days.	25c
Men's Cashmere Sox, manufacturers' samples, reg. 30c. and 35c., Bargain Days.	10c
Men's Merino Handkerchiefs, regular 15c., Bargain Days.	8c
White Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, regular 7c., Bargain Days.	4c
Turkey Red Handkerchiefs, regular 8c., Bargain Days.	3c
Men's Silk Lined Moths Gloves, regular \$1.25, Bargain Days.	1.00
Ladies' Black and Colored Kid Gloves, regular \$1.25, Bargain Days.	1.15
Ladies' Black and Colored Kid Gloves, regular \$1.10, Bargain Days.	98c
Bla-k and Colored Kid Gloves, regular 75c., Bargain Days.	60c
Ladies' Ribbed Cashmere Hose, manufacturers' samples, regular 40c., Bargain Days.	32c
Ladies' Plain Cashmere Hose, regular 35c., Bargain Days.	25c
Ladies' Plain' and Ribbed Cashmere Hose, regular 50c., Bargain Days.	40c
Ladies' Patent Leather Belts, r. gular 35c., Bargain Days.	31c
Ladies' Patent Leather Belts, regular 27c., Bargain Days.	22c
Ladies' Neck Pins, regular 50c., Bargain Days.	30c
White and Colored Watered Ribbon, 34 inch, regular 32c., Bargain Days.	25c
Fancy Taffeta Ribbon, 2 inch, regular 15c., Bargain Days.	12c
Fancy 5 inch Taffeta Ribbon, regular 37c., Bargain Days.	30c
All makes of 50c Corsets, Bargain Days.	45c
All \$1.00 Corsets Bargain Days.	90c
Dress Duds, blue, fawn and black and white, regular 12c., Bargain Days.	9c
10 per cent. off all duds and Dress Silks Bargain Days.	5c
10 per cent. off all Dress Goods Bargain Days.	5c
10 per cent. off all Corsets and Oldclothes Bargain Days.	5c
10 per cent. off all Men's Hats and Caps Bargain Days.	5c
10 per cent. off all Boys' and Men's Clothing.	5c
10 per cent. off Ladies' White Underwear.	5c
4 papers Pine Bargain Days.	5c
Vassar Combs Bargain Days.	5c
White Cotton, regular 11c., Bargain Days.	8c
Prints, Ginghams and Shirtings for 5c. Bargain Days.	5c
20 per cent. off all Furs Bargain Days.	5c

E. E. W. McGAFFEY,
LINDSAY'S LEADER OF LOW CASH PRICES.

Wall Paper

....1902...

FOR THE NEXT SIXTY DAYS
GEO. A. LITTLE,
Book and Stationery Stor



Sign of the Mill Saw.

South Side Kent St.

McLENNAN & CO.

Ellwood Wire Fence
Poultry Netting,
Garden Tools,
Horse Clippers,
Step Ladders,
Builders' Hardware,
Alabastine
Jellstone,
Whiting,
Carriage Paints

Prism Mixed Paints,
Spades and Shovels,
Wheel Barrows,
Churns,
Washing Machines
Portland Cement and Sewer Pipe.

McLennan & Co.

Hardware, Coal and Iron.

Separate School Board Vacancy
A contest was fought out Wednesday for the vacancy on the Separate School Board caused by the resignation of Rev. Fr. Phelan, representative for the north ward prior to his removal to Young's Point. The rival candidates were Mr. Jas. A. Gillogly and Mr. E. Kingsley, the former winning out by the close score of 24 votes to 20. In view of the fact that Mr. Kingsley has only been a resident for a few years he made an exceedingly good run and may expect a seat at the board in the near future.

SELECT FLOWER SEEDS.

comprising all that is new and novel in the floral world, as well as all the standard varieties required by florists and amateur growers, when procure at Higginbotham's Drug Store, are absolutely reliable. Our customers are always sure of receiving live seeds, insuring a successful result in all cases, under proper conditions.

A. HIGGINBOTHAM, Druggist,
NEXT TO PYM'S HOTEL.CHEAP RATES TO THE COAST
To Vancouver, Victoria, Seattle Tacoma, Portland etc., to the Kootenay points—Nelson, Rossland, etc., every day during March and April only. T. O. Matchett, Agent C. P. R. Linday. w7.

Prof. J. H. DeSilberg
the celebrated eye specialist from Germany, will be at Fenelon Falls from Wednesday, April 9th until Saturday, April 12th, at the Mansion house parlors. In Kinmount, at Scott's hotel, from Monday, April 14th, until April 16th. In Minden, at Dominion house parlors, from April 17th until April 19th. At Rockland house, Bobcaygeon, from April 21st until 23rd. Eyes tested free of charge. Those having weak or imperfect eyes should not fail to consult the Professor; satisfaction guaranteed.—w7.

Hockey Club Financial Statement.

Citizens of Lindsay will be interested in the following financial statement of the Lindsay Hockey Club for the season 1901-1902, which was presented at a meeting of the officers of the club held last evening in Dr. Waiters' office: The Lindsay Hockey Club, on account with A. L. Treasurer: Receipts—To cash from Junior team, \$10; cash from L.C.J. team, \$15; subscriptions and fees, \$59; net proceeds from games, etc., \$169.99; total receipts, \$253.93. Payments—By O.H.A. dues, 85c; Secretary's expenses, \$1.65; sundry supplies—skates, pads, boots, sweaters, etc., \$121.55; telephone and telegraph, \$18.19; rent of ice for practice, \$70, refereeing expenses, \$11; expense to Cobourg, \$20.50; sundry printing, \$2.75; total payments, \$253.04; balance on hand, 35c. Subscriptions unpaid, \$7.33; value of property belonging to Club, \$45.

LOCAL BREVIETIES

—Pretty near time to see something doing in the tulip beds.
—The Flavelle Milling Co. will install a number of new machines this week.

—Good Friday and Easter Monday being legal bank holidays our local financial institutions will be closed on those days.

—Infants too young to take medicine may be cured of croup, whooping cough and colds by using Vapo-Cresolene—they breathe it.

—Capt. Elliot has been pushing work on the Crandella repairs and the new hull is caulked and painted.

—The latest dispatches from the Philippines are to the effect that all the inhabitants of the island of Samar are now good Samaritans.

—The north and south roads are in fine condition, but in a few places on the east and west roads are to be seen remnants of immense snow-drifts.

—A large window is being placed in the east wall of Town Clerk Krownson's office, in the town hall building. Another should be placed in Chief Neivison's office.

—Mr. John Aldous, of the McArthur house, Fenelon Falls, passed through Tuesday to Toronto.

—Mr. John Austin, Warden of the County, left last Tuesday for Ottawa & O. R. Railway bonus.

—Mr. Wm. Robinson, general merchant, Burnt River, transacted business in town Tuesday.

—Mr. J. H. Stanton, photographer, Fenelon Falls, passed through lately to Toronto.

—Mr. J. A. Burgess, of Toronto, president of the Lindsay Gas Co., was in town Tuesday.

—Mr. John Aldous, of the McArthur house, Fenelon Falls, passed through Tuesday to Toronto.

—Mr. John Austin, Warden of the County, left last Tuesday for Ottawa & O. R. Railway bonus.

—Mr. Wm. Robinson, general merchant, Burnt River, transacted business in town Tuesday.

—Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Gregory left Tuesday for Toronto and Brantford, to spend a few days with friends.

—Mr. J. T. Mason and family, of Haliburton, passed through lately to Roland, Manitoba, their future home.

—Mr. J. W. Nicholson, formerly G. T. R. operator here, but now of Orillia, is spending a few days with friends in town.

—Mr. F. Armstrong, of Haliburton, passed through lately for Milestone, N.W.T., where he will reside in the future.

—Miss Sheriff, stenographer in Mr. Hopkins' office, left Tuesday for Danville, Kansas, where she will visit relatives for a month.

—Dr. Gilmour, Warden of the Central Prison, Toronto, and Mrs. Gilmour, were present at the Dundas-Hockin nuptials.

—Mrs. Jas. Scott and little child, of Gooderham, who had been visiting friends in Peterboro, were in town Tuesday on their way home.

—Mr. W. Thompson, of Peterboro, agent for the Sun Safe Insurance Co., was in town on Monday for a few hours, passing through to Kinmount.

—Mr. Francis Deinzel, representing the Deinzel Linen Mesh System Co., Montreal, was in town on Tuesday calling on our leading dry goods men.

—Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Larkin, Mr. Carl Reid, Mrs. Harold Van Der Linde and Mrs. Langdon, of Toronto, were in town Tuesday attending the Dundas-Hockin wedding.

—Mr. H. B. Clemons, of Port Perry, Mr. and Mrs. M. Clemons, Mr. Wm. Cowan and Mr. Chas. S. Meek, Toronto, were in town lately attending the Dundas-Hockin wedding.

—Mr. W. J. Gibson, Toronto, Inspector of Agencies for the London Guarantee and Accident Co., was in town lately calling on the company's general local agent, Mr. T. W. Greer.

—Mr. J. F. Hill, of Toronto, was in town Wednesday. Mr. Hill is commonly called "Chumby" and is one of the crack forward players of the Wellington senior hockey team.

—Mr. Fred Hopkins, who left here about four years ago for Manitoba, arrived home on Monday to visit his parents in the east ward. Mr. Hopkins is in the service of the Northern Pacific Railway Co. as an operator at Grand Forks, N. D.

—Another Happy Mother

Tells How Her Baby of Eight Months Profited by Wise Treatment.

Teething time is the critical age in a child's life. Any slight disorder in the stomach or bowels at that time greatly increases the peevishness of the little one and may have serious and even fatal results. It is impossible to take too great care of your baby's health during this period, and no better remedy than Baby's Own Tablets is known for the minor ailments of childhood. Among the mothers who have proved the worth of this medicine is Mrs. R. McMaster, Cookstown, Ont. Her little baby girl was suffering from the combined trials of indigestion, constipation, teething and mother's strength was severely taxed by the continuous care child needed. A box of Baby's Own Tablets, however, made such an improvement that Mrs. McMaster is now enthusiastic in their praise. "It gives me great pleasure to testify to the value of Baby's Own Tablets," she writes. "My baby of eight months was much troubled with constipation and indigestion, and was very restless at night. I procured a box of Baby's Own Tablets, and the results were so satisfactory that I have not used any other medicine since. My baby girl is now regular and healthy, and getting her teeth seems much easier, and she rests a great deal better. These Tablets are a great help to little ones when teething."

Baby's Own Tablets are guaranteed to contain no opiate or other harmful drug. They produce natural sleep, because they regulate the stomach and bowels and comfort the nerves. They promptly cure such troubles as colic, sour stomach, constipation, diarrhoea, worms, indigestion and simple fevers. They break up colds, prevent croup and allay the irritation accompanying the cutting of teeth. Dissolved in water, they can be given with absolute safety to the youngest infant. Sold by druggists, or sent postpaid at 25 cents a box, by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brookville, Ont. Free sample sent on application. This will find it you do not fail to consult the Professor; satisfaction guaranteed.—w7.

Bogus Boer Losses.

(H.S.T., in Sydenham.) The method of estimating the number killed in this South African business is a howling farce. After an engagement sundry wandering Kaffirs find their way into the British camps, and a nigger, who often cannot count up to ten, is questioned, and his unsupported say-so accepted as reliable. On one occasion particularly, when the present writer, through the bolting of his horse, found himself nearer to the enemy than many in the British column, the fighting was confined to one hill, and after the Boers scouted this valiant warrior rushed the position alone (he didn't have his bayonet, which was in his camp, serving as a neck-pieces) and he didn't find any dead Dutchmen. Yet afterwards it was despatched to the War Office, it was stated that in this particular scrap thirty-two Boers were killed. I couldn't make it out until Chamberlain (our dusky wagon driver) explained. Pointing to another nigger, he said, "Duke of York over there. Him terrible liar. Him come in camp that time an' tell big boss plenty killed. Get plenty scoff. Never see fight at all. He awful, terrible, great liar!" That's how the British "Intelligence" Department gets much of its information. And you're a "banky pro-Boer" if you do not believe it.

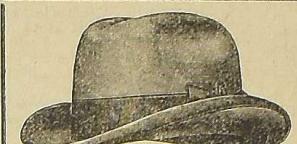
Peterboro Man Killed out West.

A Winnipeg despatch to the Toronto Globe says: "Fred Bryan, formerly well known in Winnipeg across and sporting circles, is under arrest in St. Paul, charged with having killed his bartender, Harry Morgan." Morgan is a former resident of Peterboro having left that town about 25 years ago. He was the son of the late Harry Morgan, who at one time kept hotel in Peterboro.

There's a Snap and Go

About the Clothing we sell that captivates the man or boy who wishes to buy SUPERIOR TAILORED ready-to-wear clothes at moderate Cost.

In our furnishing department you can always depend on seeing the latest productions. We keep in close touch with many of the leading manufacturers and almost as soon as they produce a new style we have it and in most cases with full control for Lindsay; this is why you see so many new styles here not shown by other stores.



A VISIT TO OUR HAT DEPARTMENT
will convince you that for Style, Quality, Assortment and Price we should be called the
HATTERS OF VICTORIA COUNTY

EASTER CLOTHING:

MEN'S SPRING OVERCOATS

All the fashionable sort in all the fashionable goods, Worsted, Whips, Tweeds, Cheviots in light and medium fawn and grey. Extra well tailored and perfect fitting
\$5. 25 50, \$7.50 \$9. 10.50, \$12

**RAW WINDS
AND
WET WEATHER**
cause the Colds that cause
Pneumonia and Consumption.

Shiloh's Consumption Cure

cures the cold, heals the lungs and makes you well. SHILOH cures Consumption and all Lung and Throat Troubles; and Coughs and Colds in a day. Positively guaranteed. 25 cents.

Write to S. C. WELLS & CO., Toronto,
Can., for a free trial bottle.

Karl's Clover Root Tea Cures Headache

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, MAR. 28th, '02

SIR RICHARD GARTWRIGHT

Replies for the Government to Speech of Mr. Borden.

THE FRAUDS IN THE CENSUS

Telling Arraignment of Conservative Administration—Documents from One—Show How the Population Figures Were Stuffed in 1891—Farmers' Interests Must Be Considered in Making a Tariff.

Ottawa, March 19.—The second day's debate upon the budget was one of the most interesting that has been witnessed for several years. The leader of the Opposition concluded his attack upon the Government in a speech of an hour and a half's duration in which he laid down the trade policy of his party on the lines of the amendment which he moved to the motion of the Finance Minister. He spoke with force and vigor, and aroused the enthusiasm of his supporters.

Sir Richard Cartwright Replied.

Sir Richard Cartwright spoke at greater length than has been his custom in recent years, and for some three hours held the close attention of the House. He dealt exhaustively with the tariff and trade questions, and advanced the claim of the farmers, if protection were to be the law.

Mr. Borden's speech was

826 worth of animals and farm produce, or less than one-third what we take from them. We export to the United States \$4,963,247 worth of manufactured goods, or less than one-thirteenth what we buy from them; in fact, deducting coin and bullion, our exports to the United States had increased very little in 15 years, while our imports from that country had increased in that period about threefold.

It was worth while enquiring if it were not possible for the people of Canada to manufacture a considerable proportion of the \$56,000,000 we take every year from the United States. It was certainly possible within a very short time, if the Government would enact a sufficient system of protection to do so, and keep in this country the people who are now going to the United States to work in the very factories there which are turning out the articles which afterwards come to Canada to flood our markets. Surely it was possible also that the \$25,700,000 of agricultural products and animals could be produced here and so increase the wealth and prosperity of our farmers. Last year we imported of animals, \$751,625; breadstuffs, \$7,432,530; fruits, \$2,433,976; provisions, \$2,257,183; seeds and roots, \$1,205,485, and vegetables \$370,419.

Mr. Borden said in conclusion: "What we want in this country is a declared policy. We have not had that during the past five years. We have Sir Richard Cartwright telling us that the ship's head is pointed towards the open sea of free trade. We have had Mr. Fielding telling us that the tariff is a matter of compromise. We have had Mr. Sifton telling us in the west that this is a free trade or revenue tariff. We have had Mr. Tarte openly and repeatedly telling the people that he is a protectionist first, last and all the time. We have had him telling the people that there is a crisis because there is not sufficient protection, and we had the Prime Minister at the same banquet telling us the tariff is as nearly perfect as it can be. (Laughter.) How can they expect men to put their money into the industries of the country with confidence. We do not want a Cabinet of all the policies but a Cabinet of one national and Canadian policy. (Cheers.) That is the greatest misfortune which any country under Heaven can suffer from. We could not want such vague suggestions as Mr. Fielding's, that the tariff will be readjusted in time. With all moderation, we want a declared policy, so the people will know what to expect.

"We want a policy of protection to our industries. We want a policy which will give to our people the advantages of our own market. The policy of Canada for the Canadians, and that means Canada for the empire as well, because in seeking to promote the development, prosperity and advancement of Canada we are but doing our duty to that portion of the empire which has been specially committed to our charge.

"And, lastly, we believe in a policy of mutual, or reciprocal trade, under which, while protecting Canadian interests, we shall give to and receive from the other portions of the empire preference over foreign productions." (Prolonged cheers.)

Mr. Borden then moved the resolution, of which he had given notice at the previous sitting of the House.

SIR RICHARD'S REPLY.

Telling Arraignment of Conservative Protection.

In one of the finest speeches ever heard within the walls of the House of Commons, Sir Richard Cartwright replied to Opposition criticsm of the Government's fiscal policy, and made a complete exposure of the frauds which marked the census taken by Conservatives in 1891. Sir Richard was in his best form and he wrought the Ministerialists up to the highest pitch of enthusiasm. In no branch of the speech did the veteran parliamentarian fail to acquit himself well, but perhaps the greatest interest attached to his treatment of the census returns, and his scorching denunciation of the methods pursued when the population was counted in 1891. Sir Richard gave the evidence for entertaining the strong belief that at least from 125,000 to 150,000 persons had been wrongly counted in 1891, and consequently should be added to the census taken last year. With respect to Quebec, the evidence obtained as the result of an investigation carried on by Mr. Thomas Cote, Assistant Chief Census Commissioner, seems to be overwhelming. Everyone knows that in Quebec the censuses make a careful enumeration of the population in their parishes, the fairness and accuracy of which are undoubtedly. Investigation reveals that in 1891 the census enumerators in 21 Quebec counties counted 40,014 more names than were recorded three months previously by the parish priests. In the same 21 counties the census of 1901 agrees with the parochial census to within 8,000 names. This must be regarded as the prima facie evidence that the census schedules in these 21 counties were stuffed to the extent of 32,000 souls in 1891. If such frauds were perpetrated in a score of counties, it is a fair presumption that similar wrong-doing was committed in many others out of Quebec's 65 counties.

Evidence of the Frauds.

It was an interesting moment when Sir Richard Cartwright produced from beneath his desk a big parcel, carefully wrapped and tied. Very deliberately he removed the wrappings, and disclosed to view a pile of documents. There, Sir Richard explained, were the details of the investigation in each of the aforesaid countries, which he proposed to lay upon the table for the consideration of our gentlemen opposite. Then the Minister handed them one by one to the pages who stood by, calling out as he did so the name of the county to which it referred. The documents were spread out upon the table until the green baize covering of the latter was completely hidden by the written testimony of fraudulent conduct. While these proceedings were going on the Ministers alternately cheered and laughed, but the Opposition

proceeded Mr. Borden quoted a list of the principal articles we bought from the United States last year. Manufactured goods and national products, dutiable and free, making a total of \$50,274,184. In return for this, we sent to the United States \$8,239,-

which was the amount of our exports to the United States last year. As customers of Great Britain and the United States respectively, our trade showed a gain of \$7,000,000 with the United States over our trade with Great Britain. If Sir Richard Cartwright could complain in 1898 that our tariff discriminated against Great Britain, what did he think of the situation to-day? our exports last year being \$105,000,000 to Great Britain and \$14,000,000 to the United States, while we bought only \$42,000,000 worth from Great Britain and \$116,000,000 worth from the United States.

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THE PEOPLE'S SHOE STORE.



EASTER SHOES
AT EASTER PRICES.

We have a number of lines of Men's and Women's Fine shoes just passed into stock for spring wear, that for style quality and price cannot be equalled. We boast these direct from the manufacturer and as we sell on a close margin for cash you may be sure you will get your money's worth. Here are a few of our new lines.

Men's Fine Patent Leather Balmorals, made with extension edge, a new shoe for spring, our price \$3.00
Men's Fine Calf and Dongola Balmorals, Goodyear welted, made up-to-date in every particular, two new lines for spring made expressly for us, our price \$3.00

Women's Patent Leather Balmorals, single sole, our Easter price \$1.50

Women's Fine Patent Kid Balmorals, Goodyear welted, made strictly up-to-date, our Easter price \$3.00

Women's Patent Kid Oxford, the new American cut, Easter price \$1.75

SPECIALS FOR EASTER.

30 pairs Men's Fine Calf and Dongola Balmorals, Goodyear welted, regular \$3.50 and \$3.00, Easter week for \$2.50
60 pairs Women's Patent Balmorals, double sole, extension edge, made up-to-date with new American cut, regular \$3.00, our price Easter week \$2.25

FINLAY & CHANTLER

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, MAR. 28th, '02

JONES, SMILY, RICHARDSON.

Delightful Entertainment at the Academy Last Thursday Evening.

Our music-loving citizens, and all who appreciate high-class talent, owe a debt of gratitude to Mr. J. Parnell Morris for many treats provided in the past, and the debt was added to last Thursday evening, when Mr. Harry Jones, England's most eminent tenor, Miss Hilda Richardson, violinist, and Mr. Owen A. Smily, the well-known Canadian elocutionist and humorist, appeared here as a result of his enterprising efforts.

The interest of the large and representative audience was centred in Mr. Jones, this being his first visit to Canada. Mr. Jones is a large man, commanding presence, and possesses a pure tenor of great range and power. His first number made him a favorite, and of this he received many evidences during the evening. His selections were interpreted with great taste and remarkable expression. His first was a double number, "I Attempt from Love's Sickness to Fly," (Purcell), and Handel's "The Enemy Said." In the first, a fine old song, the quality of Mr. Jones' voice was heard to splendid advantage. As an encore he gave a wonderfully effective rendition of the Scotch ballad, "Loch Lomond." Mr. Jones' second appearance was for a triple number, the songs of "My Lady Sleeps," (Cowen), "An Irish Love Song," (Lang) and "O My Love's Like a Red, Red Rose," (Loeber). When recalled he sang "Mollie Bawn." His third number was two Welsh melodies, the first, "The Dove," being sung in Welsh and the second, "Non Gwlan" in English. The latter was a spirited and pretty song and was demonstratively enjoyed when Mr. Jones repeated it in Welsh in a manner that made the native spirit of the Welshman enter into the interpretation.

Miss Richardson was on the program for three numbers but her graceful response to the enthusiastic reception added four more to the list. Her first selection was "Ungarische Rhapsodie," (Popper,) the second, "Nocturne," (Chopin,) and the third, Dunkler's "Caprice." The last was executed in a particularly finished and vivacious style, and won for her long-continued applause. Her recall numbers were also greatly enjoyed.

Mr. Smily is a great favorite with Lindsay audiences, and he added the needed touch of variety and humor to the evening's program. His recitation, "Gentleman Dick o' the Greys," was an effective and finished bit of work, his two musical sketches were clever and amusing, and his Irish stories were exceedingly well told and provoked much laughter.

The talented accompanist was Miss Constance Veitch of London.

PEASANT TIME AT THE COLLEGIATE

Student's Entertain Their Friends at an "At Home".

Friday night the L.C.I. held the second "At Home," which proved a great success. Besides the students of the school, teachers and their wives, invitations were given to the members of the Board of Education and to all those who had so willingly taken part in the different programs of the year. The Assembly Hall was beautifully decorated with flags and red, white and blue bunting.

Mr. and Mrs. Harstone acted as host and hostess of the evening, and all heartily enjoyed themselves. The program was as follows: Address by Principal Harstone; selections by the Glee Club; solo, by Miss Rankin; speech by Mr. Fred Perry; vocal duet by Misses McPhail and Workman.

These different selections were rendered and received with evident pleasure.

Between each number came a promenade, with two extras, numbering ten in all. The music for these was supplied by the town orchestra, which added greatly in making the affair such a success.

Votes of thanks were extended to the teachers of the staff, and to the members of the committees who had assisted in arranging and preparing for this social evening. This closing brings with it the Easter holidays, and the old school will again be deserted, but by no means forgotten.

Spring Fever.

I'd hate to be De Wet just now,

The day is warm, the sun is shining brightly down and there is something subtle in the air

That makes me wish to sleep all the mild exercise,

I'd hate to have to run.

MR. MCPHAIL'S EVIDENCE

A Toronto Citizen to Whom Dr. Pitcher, the Famous Kidney Specialist, has Brought the Sunshine of Good Health.

Toronto citizens have long since got tired of slow-acting, ineffectual remedies for kidney complaints.

Since Dr. Pitcher's Backache Kidney Tablets have been introduced they have entirely superseded the pills and potions of former days.

They contain specific kidney remedies unknown to anyone outside of Dr. Pitcher.

—Baseball Notes.

The Toronto ball team will play their first game in Toronto in three weeks time.

Manager Barron has arranged twelve practice games for the team before the regular ball season opens.

The first game will be played with the Part Nine on Saturday, April 12th.

The four candidates for the University of Michigan baseball outfit are Raines, Waters, Snow and Hale.

It's a ten to one shot that with that bunch in the line-up many games will be postponed on account of wet ground.

Michigan ought to sign The Flood to cover second.

Toronto Star: The baseball fan points out that the devil was the first "coach." He coached Eve to "take first." Adam "stole second."

When Isaac met Rebecca at the well she was walking with a pitcher.

Samuel "struck out" many times when he beat the Philistines. Cain made a "base hit" when he killed Abel. Abraham made a "sacrifice."

Moses "shut out" the Egyptians at the Red Sea. The game was "called" when the flood came on account of wet ground, and Noah had all the rain checks.

The Lindsay Club should organize for the coming season and arrange with Peterboro and Port Hope as to the formation of a Midland League.

Baseball is the summer game, and the only way to get the people interested is to form a league. Now is the time for local baseballists to get together and talk the matter over.

The Lindsay team had a successful season last year. They played three games last summer, winning two of them.

Peterboro and Port Hope lost to the locals and the Kingston Ponies won by a good margin.

The club went in debt to the extent of \$15, but taking into consideration that they had many obstacles to overcome as a result of the previous year's financial statement they finished well.

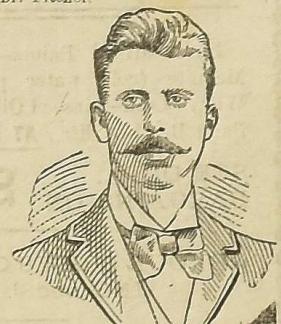
There is no reason why Lindsay should not have the best team in the Midland district as there is plenty of good material which only needs to be developed.

We would suggest that the older players who have been in the game for years, drop out and give the younger element an opportunity.

The reason why Lindsay has not won a baseball or hockey championship is because the same clique plays the game every season and new material is shut out entirely.

"I heard of the good Dr. Pitcher's Backache Kidney Tablets wore doing, and decided to try them. They have taken the pain out of my back and improved my health greatly in a very short time, and I can with confidence recommend these Tablets as being an excellent remedy for kidney troubles."

Dr. Pitcher's Backache Kidney Tablets are 50c. a box at all drugstores. The Dr. Zina Pitcher Co., or Toronto.



MR. W. G. MCPHAIL

Just read what Mr. W. G. McPhail, 25 Mutual-st., Toronto, has to say about them:

"I have been feeling very weak and sick for some time past, and came to the conclusion that my kidneys were out of order, as I was troubled with a pain across my back in the kidney region.

"I tried a great many different kinds of medicine, but did not seem to get any better.

"I heard of the good Dr. Pitcher's Backache Kidney Tablets wore doing, and decided to try them. They have taken the pain out of my back and improved my health greatly in a very short time, and I can with confidence recommend these Tablets as being an excellent remedy for kidney troubles."

Dr. Pitcher's Backache Kidney Tablets are 50c. a box at all drugstores. The Dr. Zina Pitcher Co., or Toronto.

THE DRUMMER LOST HIS BOOT.

Amusing Episode at the Departure of a Fenelon Falls Wedding Party.

Monday afternoon two of Fenelon Falls' most popular young people were married, and of course they were given a grand send-off at the station by their many friends who departing for an extended honeymoon trip. Quantities of rice and old slippers were hurled at the bride and groom as they boarded the train. When they had got comfortably seated in the car the groom noticed a boot, and thinking it was one that had been thrown through the window to him he threw it back at his friend as the train was moving away. It happened that the boot belonged to a commercial traveller who had removed it in order to ease his sore feet. When the groom arrived in Lindsay the first thing he did was to buy the drummer a pair of new boots.

Marriage Licenses.

At Britton Bros., Jewellers.

Good Plan for Lindsay.

The merchants of Orillia are this week signing an agreement to send out their last delivery of goods at five o'clock every week day, excepting Saturday which will be at 8:30, sent and train deliveries excepted. The object is to relieve man and horse of the extremely long hours at present.

The Salvation Army.

Brigadier Pickering and the Hand Bell Ringers conducted open-air meetings and services at the Barracks on Sunday. Brigadier Pickering is a fluent, forcible speaker; Capt. Dowdney and Adj't. Scarf have sweet voices, and their selections, accompanied on the guitar, were features of the meetings. The closing services were held Monday evening at the Barracks.

Church Notes.

—Of the 478 ancient and modern translations of the bible, 456 have been made by missionaries, and the annual circulation in what are known as mission fields is over three and a quarter million of volumes, largely portions, but with nearly ninety-five thousand entire bibles.

—It is estimated that there are one million people in Chicago who never go to church. This means more than half of the population of the city.

In order to reach them the ministers of the various evangelical congregations have started a movement to hold joint services in tents set up in all parts of the city. It is hoped that people who are not attracted by the churches will find their way into the tents. Missionaries who go down into the depths of city life hold that it is not lack of religious feeling that keeps people away from the churches, but a sense of lack of sympathy and sensitive consciousness of poverty. There are few who have not some religious conviction and sense of religious need or duty. It has been a charge against the churches that, while they spend much money on foreign missions to convert the heathen in savage lands, they neglect the spiritually destitute heathen at their doors in the great cities. This charge, as everybody acquainted with church work knows, is not true. The churches and missions cannot force these home-heathen into line any more than they can the foreigners. Yet it may be possible in cities like Chicago that it is necessary for church workers to systematize and extend their local missions. It is a well known fact that many will attend open-air meetings which they cannot be induced to go near a church. Especially is this true among those who think the churches are only for the well-to-do and the respectable. But whatever their thoughts or feelings, the obligation of preaching the gospel to the poor remains forever insistent and must not be neglected.

The semi-annual meeting will be held next week.

ARMISTICE GRANTED

No Fighting While the Boer Leaders Are Consulting.

MISSION OF SCHALKBURGER

Acting President Goes to See Steyn With a View to Peace Proposals—British War Secretary's Announcement in the Commons Received With Cheers—Banishment Proclamation Probably Withdrawn.

London, March 24.—In the House of Commons yesterday the War Secretary, Mr. Brodrick, announced that a fortnight ago Mr. Schalkburger intimated to Lord Kitchener his desire to be granted a safe conduct through the British lines and back in order to see Mr. Steyn with reference to the possibility of peace proposals. Lord Kitchener, with the consent of the Government, has acceded to the request. The announcement of the War Secretary was received with cheers.

An Armistice Arranged.

The Daily Chronicle this morning asserts that an armistice has been arranged pending the duration of Schalkburger's mission to Gen. Dewett, and that offensive operations against Dewett, Delahey and Botha will be suspended; also that these three generals have agreed honorably to observe the armistice and to refrain from operations until the return of the envoys to the Boer lines.

It is believed, continues the Daily Chronicle, that the envoys, after acquainting Botha with the result of their mission, will again confer with Lord Kitchener, although no second conference with Lord Kitchener has actually been arranged.

Our company obtains a large part of its supply of nickel from the mines of the Canadian Copper Company, in the Province of Ontario, and the New Caledonian Mines of the Nickel Corporation of London (not the Nickel Company of Paris). The stock of these two companies seemed to me a desirable investment, and I and several associates, among them Mr. Schwab, purchased a controlling interest in the Canadian Copper Company, and a considerable block of stock of the Nickel Corporation, although not enough to constitute control. It is our purpose to form a holding company, capitalized, probably at \$9,000,000, to which will be transferred the controlling interest in the Oxford Copper Company and the Canadian Copper Company, and our holdings of Nickel Corporation stock. The Oxford and Canadian companies will continue to be operated separately. The former has \$300,000 stock, and the latter \$2,500,000, while the capital stock of the Nickel Corporation is \$2,750,000."

Belief in Boer Circles.

London, March 25.—The Associated Press has good reason to believe that Lord Kitchener, in his interview with Mr. Schalkburger, agreed to withdraw the banishment proclamation, issued in September, if Gen. Dewett and the other Boer leaders surrendered. In a despatch from Pretoria, made public last night, Lord Kitchener gives his usual weekly total of captures, etc., but does not mention the Schalkburger incident.

A former member of the Transvaal Government said last night: After the exchange of the Dutch-English notes, a conference was called for February. This conference was attended by Mr. Kruger, Dr. Leyds, and the delegates, and it was decided to send six emissaries to South Africa by different routes, with despatches for Steyn and Schalkburger, giving them a detailed account of the situation. One of these agents ought to have arrived about this time.

Documents lately received from Schalkburger indicated that peace terms had recently been discussed by the leaders in South Africa, but the leaders declared they could not accept anything less than the terms demanded in cities like Chicago that it is necessary for church workers to systematize and extend their local missions. It is a well known fact that many will attend open-air meetings which they cannot be induced to go near a church. Especially is this true among those who think the churches are only for the well-to-do and the respectable. But whatever their thoughts or feelings, the obligation of preaching the gospel to the poor remains forever insistent and must not be neglected.

One soldier was wounded.

THIRTY RIOTERS KILLED.

Strikers Storm a Jail at Batoum and Are Driven Back.

Tiflis, Transcaucasia, Russia, March 24.—The official Caucasus Gazette reports a strike among the men employed at the Rothschild's petroleum works at Batoum, on the Black Sea.

According to this newspaper three hundred strikers went last Friday to the police station and demanded the release of ringleaders who had been arrested the previous day. This demand was refused. The strikers re-assembled the following day (Saturday), attacked the jail and attempted to release the prisoners. They fired at the soldiers, who were guarding the prison. The latter in turn fired on the mob, and 30 of the rioters were killed.

One soldier was wounded.

BETTER TO HAVE YOUR GLASSES

OF BEST QUALITY AND TO SUIT YOUR EYES.

IT MAY BE YOU WANT

CONSULTATION AND ADVICE FREE.

TO GIVE YOU A PERFECT FIT.

REMEMBER WE CAN GRIND THEM JUST TO SUIT YOUR CASE.

CHEVIOTS, HOMESPUNS, LUSTRES, GRENADES, HENRIETTAS, SICILIANS, SOLEILS, PEBBLE CLOTH, SERGES, ETC.

WE BELIEVE THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST IN THE LONG RUN, AND WE STRIVE TO SELL THE BEST.

MORGAN BROS.

Druggists and Opticians.

WHEELS ARE OUT

And we are ready with our large

assortment of

BABY-CARRIAGES

Look
At It.

We mean our little picture here. There's a vaporizer, you put some Vapo-Cresolene in it; there's a lamp, you light it. Then you just naturally breathe-in the vapor. You can read, or sew, or study, the cure goes right on all the time. Now you see why the doctors all speak so highly of Vapo-Cresolene for throat troubles. It takes the medicine just where it's most needed, and it's a perfect cure for whooping-cough.

Vapo-Cresolene is sold by druggists everywhere. The Vaporizer and Lamp, which should last a life-time, and a bottle of Vapo-Cresolene costs 10 cents. Instrumental remedies containing physician's nostrums have been removed. Vapo-Cresolene Co., 114 Main Street, Lindsay.

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, MAR. 28th, 1902

To Oppose Bell Telephone Co.

LINDSAY IN CONCERT WITH THE UNION OF MUNICIPALITIES.

Board of Trade and Town Council

Met Monday Evening to Pass Resolutions and Appoint Delegates.

A joint meeting of the Board of Trade and Town Council was held last Monday to consider certain legislation being applied for at Ottawa by the Bell Telephone Co. of Canada. Among those present were Mayor Ingles, Aldermen Jackson, Horne, Robinson and Birrows, Mr. J. D. Flavelle, President of the Board of Trade, and Messrs. G. H. Hopkins, J. G. Edwards, J. M. Soper, H. J. Lytle, W. Flavelle, Wm. Steers, G. H. M. Baker, R. Sylvester, J. H. Sootheran, Thos. Hadler, A. Fisher and others.

Clerk Knowlson read a circular letter from Mayor Howard, of Toronto, on behalf of the Union of Municipalities, calling attention to the judgment recently delivered by Mr. Justice Street that the Bell Telephone Co. had no power to plant poles or make other use of the streets without the consent of the municipality. Mayor Howard asked that Lindsay Council appoint a representative to join with other delegates who are to interview the Minister of Justice on Wednesday, 26th, in opposition to the Bell's legislation.

The following resolution was moved by Mr. Jackson, seconded by Ald. Horne, that the Council approve of the action of Union of Municipalities in opposing the passing of the bills now before the Dominion Parliament authorizing the construction of lines, poles and other telegraph and telephone fixtures authorized by the charter of the Bell Telephone Co., along, under or upon the public highways, etc., of Canada; and that Hon. Senator McHugh, Hon. Senator Dohson, Adam E. Vrooman, esq., M. P. S., and Sam Hughes, esq., M. P., be and are hereby appointed to represent the town of Lindsay on the delegation that will wait on a Minister of Justice on the 26th inst. to oppose the passing of said legislation.—Carried.

President Flavelle, Mr. G. H. Hopkins, Mr. Steers, and other members of the Board of Trade approved heartily of the action to be taken, and a resolution to the line of that passed by the Council was adopted on motion of Messrs. Sylvester and Baker. President Flavelle will represent the Board and will also be one of a delegation who will press for a Dominion bonus to the L. & O. Railroad extension from Bancroft to Renfrew.

GIVEN A FAREWELL SUPPER.

Town Friends Bid Good-bye to a Popular Bank Clerk.

Mr. N. C. Adam, of the Bank of Montreal staff, who has been transferred to the Brockville branch, was tendered a supper Friday evening by his friends at the Royal hotel, and a most enjoyable evening was spent. About 100 were present, including all the bankers and other intimate friends. The party sat down at 9:30 to supper provided by Miss McConnell, Mr. Wm. Stewart, chairman, and the vice-chairman was occupied by Mr. F. K. Begbie.

After full justice had been done to the good things a coast list was ait in order. The chairman proposed the toast, "Our King, the Royal Family and the Governor-General of Canada," which was responded to by all clinking and drinking Adam's ale to their health. In responding to "Our Guest," Mr. Gillies spoke briefly, saying he was very sorry to leave Lindsay, as he had made many friends since coming here four years ago. "Our King and Financial Institutions" were upheld by Messrs. Bartlett, Siddle, Walker, Lewis, Campbell, M. A. pine, Junkin, Sprague, Tim, Ferguson, and Whally. "Our Learned Professors" brought Dr. Day and Mr. I. E. Welch to their feet. Mr. P. K. Begbie replied to the toast, "Our Municipal Works." The ladies were well looked after by Mr. A. D. Simpson, Mr. Campbell, Mr. T. W. Gray, Mr. B. Eaton, Mr. C. Soper and Mr. G. O'Neill. A few pleasant remarks were made on behalf of the host and hostess. The evening's programme was interspersed with music and songs.

Mr. Gillies came here from Belleville four years ago, and during that time he has made many friends, who regret his departure from town.

Palete bleu as Cream.—The D. & L. Emerson of Cod Liver Oil, for those suffering from coughs and hemorrhaging, is used with the greatest benefit. Manufactured by the Davis & Lawrence Co., Ltd.

What Last Spring Was Like. A weather record for 1901, kept by a well-known citizen, contains the following interesting entries: March cold and stormy; mercury 22 below zero on the 22nd. First two weeks of April fairly nice, frost again on 17th and cold till end of month. May cold and wet—only 150 hours of sunshine. Coal fire in furnace on 31st May and 5th June.

REV. P. H. ALLIN DEAD.

Preached Twice Sunday and Passed Away Suddenly Next Morning.

(Montreal Witness, March 24th.) "Death came suddenly and without warning to the Rev. Philip H. Allin, No. 54 Waverley avenue, Montreal Annex, at four o'clock this morning. Death was due to heart failure. The particulars connected with the sad event were communicated to the coroner but an inquest was considered unnecessary. It appears that Mr. Allin awoke about four o'clock this morning, and, not feeling well, went to the bath room, where he had only shut the door when he was heard to fall. The door was locked and a nurse, who was attending Mrs. Allin, called a neighbor, who forced the door open, when Mr. Allin was found in a kneeling position, having fallen against the door.

The Rev. Mr. Allin has been pastor of the Fairmount Avenue Methodist church, Montreal Annex, since last June. He captured the hearts of his people the first day he entered into their midst, and the bond of love has been strengthened daily ever since. He was earnest, sincere, manly and spiritual, a man of sterling principle and great industry in all branches of church work. His place will be hard to fill.

The announcement of his death came as a great shock to the community this morning, and many, when the news first was reported, could not believe it. Mr. Allin preached at both services yesterday and appeared to be in his usual good health. His sermon yesterday morning was chosen with appropriateness to the season and the day—Palm Sunday, and at night he spoke on "Why men do not attend church," and impressed upon his hearers the desirability of parents attending and bringing their children up in the church and the experience of religion. The man who probably knew Mr. Allin better than any other in the Annex said of him this morning, "He was the best man I ever knew," and a fellow minister said he was the most pure-minded and conscientious man I ever met." Others paid tribute to his scholarly attainments and successful ministerial career.

Mr. Allin was born at Hampton, near Bowmansville, Ont., in 1862, and would have been 40 years old on April 11th. He moved, when a mere boy, with his parents to Lindsay, Ont., where he got his early education in the grammar school of that town. He taught school for a short time, after which he studied law for about two years before deciding to enter the ministry. He took his arts course at Victoria University, Cobourg, where he graduated, after which he entered the ministry; taking his early stations as a probationer in the Bay of Quinte Conference. In 1888 he came into the Montreal Conference and supplied an appointment on the Cobbold circuit. In 1887 he transferred to this Conference. He was ordained by the Rev. Dr. Williams in Sherbrooke-st. church in 1891, when stationed at Mansville, and since then had been stationed at Magog, Beaubien and Cookshire, in all of which places he was very successful, and greatly beloved.

Mr. Allin's father, Mr. Parsons Allin, resides in England. Mrs. Allin was formerly Miss Maundier, of Lindsay, Ont. Mrs. Allin and two children, aged seven years and three weeks respectively, survive."

The deceased was a brother of the late J. L. Allin, of this town. Mrs. Allin is the daughter of Mr. Joseph Maundier, Victoria-ave.

FOUND DEAD IN HIS HOME.

Death of a Pleasant Point Resident in Absence of his Wife.

Friday morning an Indian named Taylor had occasion to call at the dwelling of John Hutchinson, an old man who has resided for many years near Pleasant Point. Hearing no reply when he knocked and the door became unfastened, Taylor went inside and found that death had preceded him—the old man was dead.

Mrs. Hutchinson being absent in Lindsay, Squire Hayes was notified. He sent word of the occurrence to Coroner Burrows and the wife. Dr. Burrows drove to the Point next morning and after a brief enquiry into the circumstances, and an examination of the body, he decided that an inquest was unnecessary, death having evidently resulted from natural causes. The old man had been complaining of illness for some months.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

Saturday's Markets.

The market on Saturday was fairly well attended and there was a good demand for the various products. Following were the quotations: Butter 18c. to 19c. per lb., eggs 12c. per doz., chickens 30c. to 50c. per pair, potatoes 6c. to 70c. per bag, lard 12c. to 13c. per lb., headcheese 9c. per lb. and honey 5c. to 70c. per lb.

Past, Present and Future of Cement

Under the title, "Home Industry," the Rathbone Co. of Deseronto, have issued one of the handsomest books we have seen for many a day. It is descriptive of cement and its uses, and in its opening chapters the history of the product is traced from 1756, when an improved brand made by Mr. Joseph Simonson was used in the construction of the famous Eddystone Lighthouse, down to the present time, when the Rathbone Co., under the title of "The Canadian Portland Cement Co., Limited," are producing at their numerous works at Stratford and Marlbank, Ont., over 500,000 barrels per annum of a superior quality—so superior in fact, that it is being used in vast quantities on the public works of the Dominion, while the demand from the trade is growing by leaps and bounds. The pamphlet contains numerous illustrations shewing the great works into which Rathbone cement has entered among which we find the Fenelon Falls and Burleigh locks and the great lift lock now approaching completion at Peterborough. Mr. G. H. M. Brown, the Company's local manager, says the Rathbone cement has the call in this district among farmers and builders, the demand for it having trebled in the last two years.

Lindsay Sports Drop a Wad

TO THE OLD TUNE, "THE COCKS CREW, THE MONEY FLEW."

Interesting Doings Last Week in the Vicinity of Shannon's Hill, South Ops.

Remember the "Maine," is a back number—the jaded sports of this gay town have a bunch of seven mads to remember, and their depicted bank bills will remind them of the fact for many a day to come.

Some time between midnight and 8:30 o'clock last Friday a.m. a cocking main on a large scale was "pulled off" in the neighborhood of Shannon's Hill, about seven miles south of this town. The event was graced by the presence of many of the dead game sports of the Midland district including representatives from Peterborough, Hastings, Belgrave, Toronto, Oshawa, Port Perry, and other centres of chicken aristocracy and good breeding. The guests from western points arrived on the afternoon trains. They put in a busy evening arranging the final details of the function, and headed south between 9 and 11 o'clock. Those from the east left the train at Beaubien, where rigs were in waiting to convey them to their destination.

By some oversight The Post representative was overlooked by the committee in charge of the invitations, hence we are not in a position to give interesting details. It was another battle between Peterborough and Lindsay birds, with the same old result—the foreigners captured the cash. Eleven battles were fought, the visitors winning seven, and locals four. We are informed on very good authority that over \$1000 changed hands. The principals had a big bet up, and the spectators wagered freely on the result.

Chief Nervous got wind of the affair at a late hour on Thursday, but was unable to trace the sports. Next morning the Chief and an assistant posted themselves at the Open swing bridge at about 6 o'clock and jotted down the names of various members of the party as they were returning from the scene of the night's festivities, with what object has not yet transpired.

—Mr. Fred Griffiths, traveller for the Fentor Drug Co. Markham, was home over Sunday.

—Mr. John J. Lundy, of Peterborough, was in town lately looking after his Lindsay property.

—Mr. Chas. Sweet, of Toronto, travelled for the McColl Bros. Toronto, was home over Sunday.

—Mr. E. Peck, of Dunnison & Peck, barristers, Peterborough, was in town Saturday on business.

—Miss Hamilton and Miss Alice Hamilton, of Peterborough, are guests of their aunt, Mrs. Jas. Hamilton.

—Mr. E. T. Campbell, of Toronto, was in town recently, the guest of his brother-in-law, Mr. Wm. Dundas.

—Mr. R. McKeown, of Port Hope, passed through lately to Fenelon Falls, where he will visit his brother.

—Mr. Jesse Booth, who has been visiting Mariposa and Lindsay friends, returned to his home at Glaston, N. D. Monday.

—Mr. E. Allan, auditor Canadian Express Co., was in town recently inspecting the books at the local express office.

—Mr. Jerry Twomey, the popular proprietor of the Mansion house, Fenelon Falls, passed through to Toronto Friday.

—Mr. G. Ingram, of Fenelon Falls, representing Messrs. McCall Bros. of Toronto, in this district, was in town on business.

—Mr. R. Campbell, of Toronto, general agent for the Manufacturers' Life Insurance Co., was in town on Friday on business.

—Mr. E. Mosgrove, principal of the Kirkfield Schools, and Mr. D. E. Betts, of the Trent Valley engineering staff, were in town Saturday.

—Mr. Chris Graham, proprietor of the Oriental hotel, Peterborough, and Mr. Pat. Chuan, a former Lindsayite, were in town last week.

—Mr. G. Benjamin, of the Bank of Montreal staff, Hamilton, has been transferred to the Lindsay branch. He arrived in town Saturday night.

—Miss Mamie Hamilton and Miss Florence Scott, of the Peterborough ladies' hockey team, were the guests of Miss Alice Sylvester while in town.

—Mr. R. Fee, traveller for the Wilson Lumber Co., Toronto, returned last week from a business trip to Rochester and other points in New York State.

—Mrs. Scott, of Deseronto, was in town lately passing through to Kinmount to join her husband, who has accepted a position in Messrs. Graham Bros. & Co.'s store.

—Mr. T. Congdon, of Ingoldsby, a former employee of the Halliburton Lumber Co., passed through lately to Grand Rapids, Mich., where he will reside in the future.

—Mr. W. D. Hay, of Toronto, general agent for the Federal Life Insurance Co., was in town recently calling on the company's local representative. Mr. J. C. Ray.

—Mr. W. H. Church, of Fenelon Falls, passed through lately to Western Ontario points. Mr. Church says the proposed woodenware factory at the Falls has fallen through.

—Capt. Carson, of Carson's Siding, called on Dr. Neelands on Saturday to show him a gold filling the Dr. had inserted for him in 1870. The filling was still perfect and the tooth preserved.

—Miss A. MacEachren, who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. D. Ray and other friends for some time, left lately for Tavistock, where she will go to her brother who is going to her home in Minneapolis.

—Mrs. Michael Grose, wife and family, of Valentine's neighborhood, left on Tuesday for the North-West. Mr. Grose will take up land near Keyes, Manitoba, on the Yorkton branch of the C.P.R.

—The Uxbridge Journal, referring to the proposed rally of Uxbridge Old Boys on July 1st, says: Mr. T. Ross, of Lindsay, looks back with the greatest pleasure on his stay with the kind and loyal people of Uxbridge. He will be here.

—Representatives of the local branch of the Federation of Labor, who notified Peterboro Council that on and after April 1st the seals of wages for corporation laborers shall not be less than \$1.50 per day of nine hours, and for teams not less than \$3.25 per day of nine hours. If the demand is granted the Board of Works will be forced to employ only the best men and there will be a radical increase in the amount of charity grants for the maintenance of old men in poor doing odd jobs for the last two years.

—Representatives of the Canadian Casualty Company, a new accident insurance company recently organized at Toronto, Mr. Jordan is well and favorably known in Lindsay and Victoria county. Being a former resident of Fenelon Falls, and being possessed of lots of ability the company made a good appointment in giving him the position. Mr. Jordan is at present in town and while here will endeavor to sell stock in the company.

PERSONALS

—Mr. Devitt, of Bobcaygeon, was in town lately.

—Mr. Jas. Storey, of Port Hope, was in town Saturday.

—Mr. J. C. Smith, of Sunderland, was a visitor to town Friday.

—Mrs. Chambers, of Peneton Falls, was visiting friends in town lately.

—Dr. G. W. Hall, of Little Britain, called on town friends Saturday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Benson, of Huntsville, are visiting friends in town.

—Dr. W. W. Nesmyth, of Jemmettville, was in town Saturday on business.

—Mr. Caleb Rose, of Blackwater, was in town Saturday on business.

—Mr. A. Bryson, principal of the Omemee schools, was in town lately.

—Mr. Geo. Lofdell, of "The Fort," Balsam Lake, was in town Saturday.

—Mr. J. D. Eck, of Malone, N.Y., is spending a few days with friends in town.

—Mr. Caverley, general merchant, Woodville, was in town lately on business.

—Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Campbell, of Toronto, are spending a few days in town.

—Mr. H. R. Smith, of Belleville, is spending a few days with friends in town.

—Miss Annie McKnight, of Salt Lake City, is the guest of Mr. Clarke, Bay-st.

—Mr. Peter McElroy, assistant postmaster, Woodville, was in town Monday.

—Mr. J. Linney and Mr. J. Quinn, of Huntsville, are spending a few days in town.

—Miss Annie McKnight, of Salt Lake City, is the guest of Mr. Clarke, Bay-st.

—Mr. Peter McElroy, assistant postmaster, Woodville, was in town Monday.

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Beware
of using imitations of our
celebrated

BABY'S OWN SOAP

It stands at the top for purity. Most imitations are harmful for delicate skins.

Baby's Own Soap is made only by the
ALBERT TOILET SOAP CO., MRS.
MONTREAL

See our name on every box.

22

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, MAR. 28th, '02

The Good Roads Campaign.

MODERN MACHINERY NEEDED, WIRE FENCES ESSENTIAL.

Interesting Discussions at the Good Roads Congress at Ottawa.

Below we give a few selections from the published report of discussions at the meeting of the Eastern Ontario Good Roads Association held at Ottawa the latter part of last week. The sessions were attended by Jas. Graham, town, and Chas. Fairburn, Bobcaygeon, on behalf of Victoria County Council, and both gentlemen took part in the debate whenever conditions similar to our own were being referred to:

Good Roads Machinery.

Mayor Sheppard spoke to the convention on good roads machinery. Incidentally he referred to the problem of road construction in general.

"Grading and draining less," he said, "at the very foundation of good roads. Too many attempts to make macadamized roads without making the necessary preparation in advance. Some simply fill up the holes which appear in spring, and call that making a road. They forget that the water which caused the hole in the first place will settle on the same spot whether the macadam is there or not, unless drained away."

"You cannot," continued the speaker, "get good roads without machinery. In buying machinery for this purpose it is a most unwise thing to attempt to save by cutting off some of the attachments usually sold with a crusher. You may save a few dollars on the first cost of the machine, but you will lose a large sum annually in the expense of operation. An illustration of this was afforded in Nova Scotia where two machines were operating with the quarters of a mile of each other under precisely the same conditions. The one handled the material at half the cost at which it was handled by the other machine."

"A good crusher capable of running twelve to twenty cords of stone per day will cost \$1,200. It is not wise to have more than 9 to 16 inch capacity in the jaw. A good crusher will weigh four and a half to six tons."

Capacity of Stone Crushers.

In reply to another question, Mr. Campbell said a 17 horse-power engine should crush 100 yards of stone a day and a 12 horse-power crusher 60 to 70 yards.

Mr. Jas. Graham of Lindsay, said Victoria County had a stone crusher which the townships of the county were allowed to use, paying \$1.25 per cord of stone crushed for the use of it. This has a 14 horse-power engine, and will crush two cords per hour of ordinary field limestone. The strain on the engine was less than for an ordinary threshing. More power was required in moving the machine from place to place than in crushing the stone. "Our experience," added Mr. Graham, "is that no stone which will go through a proper revolving screen is too large for the bottom of the road. If you try to crush too fine you will get a lot of useless dust."

Wire Fences in Ontario County.

Ontario County came out particularly strong in favor of the wire fence.

"The majority of the municipalities in our county give a bonus of 35 cents per rod," said ex-Warden Christie, "and in this most trying year every one is satisfied it is money well spent."

"There is no question as to the benefit of wire fencing," added John Bright of Myrtle, president of the South Ontario Institute. "We have good roads where there is wire, and bad roads where there is no wire. It really costs us nothing to build fences, because where we spend \$500 in shovelling snow, before the construction of these fences we are spending nothing now. The benefit of these fences in summer is even more apparent than the advantage in winter. Where a wire fence is not built the snow is on the roadway level during the winter, and there is a wet spot for walks in spite of the same place. That piece of road will cut up to such an extent that sometimes costs 50 cents a rod to rebuild the cut-up section, although a new road may have been built there two years before."

Warden Gerow, of Pickering township gave one of the clearest pieces of evidence heard during the day as to the value of wire. "There is," said he, "one stretch of road in our township which is lined with wire for a distance of one and a half miles. There has not been a day, even during the exceptional winter just past, on which you could not trot your horse on that piece of road, while exactly at the spot where the rail fence began there was a bank of snow you couldn't get through at all. In a few days from now the road where the wire fence is will be dry. Where the rail fence is the snow is four feet deep still, and there will be a mud-hole there for three or four weeks to come."

Same in the West.

Warden Waltham, of Waterloo, told of a precisely similar state of affairs in his county, and added that

people of his county were so convinced of the value of wire fencing that they had bonuses the construction of the same for ten or twelve years past.

Colonel Commissioner Campbell closed the discussion, so far as the merits of wire fencing are concerned, with an emphatic declaration in favor of wire fencing. "I have," he said, "been watching this matter for years, and there is no doubt of the fact that wire fencing is a decided benefit."

"Such a decided advantage has been found in the use of wire," said Jas. McEwan, of Wellington, "that our county has for fifteen years past been giving bonuses for the construction of such fences, and the townships are now taking the matter up as well. The bonus for fences along the line of county roads is \$1 per chain, or equal to about half the cost of construction."

MUNICIPAL AUDITING.

The Provincial Auditor Imparts Some Sound Advice.

The report for 1901 of the Provincial Auditor, Mr. J. B. Laing, has been issued. It contains a mass of information of value to municipal treasurers in giving pointers on the best and proper methods of keeping municipal accounts and the auditing of the same. The Auditor finds a great improvement in the book-keeping of municipal officials, and has no losses of importance to report from 1901. He calls attention to the following, however:

"My attention has been called to the fact that sufficient importance is not attached by the local auditors to the securities given for the responsibilities of county, township and other municipal treasurers. There is reason to believe in many cases these securities are worthless, either being improperly drawn, outlawed or expired by effluxion of time. This is a most important matter, and should not be overlooked by municipalities."

"It would be well for the municipalities if they would make more frequent use of this department than they do by asking more frequently for audits. It is a mistake, but popular, idea that a government audit is a good thing, and if it does not remunerate the municipality in one way it does in another."

The Speaker, Sir William Gully, here intervened and declared that the term "malignant slander" was unparliamentary.

Both Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman and Mr. Chamberlain thereupon withdrew the words, amid cheers.

Mr. Chamberlain, proceeding, referred to the Boers who are fighting on the British side, when John Dillon (Irish Nationalist) interjected, "They are traitors," on which Mr. Chamberlain retorted:

"The honorable gentleman is a good judge of traitors."

A scene of great confusion ensued, when order was partially restored. Mr. Dillon demanded a ruling on Mr. Chamberlain's words.

The Speaker said:

"An honorable member spoke of soldiers serving under the British flag as traitors. I deplored the interruption and I deprecated the return of the other member."

Mr. Dillon then said:

"I will tell the right honorable gentleman that he is a damned liar."

A dead silence followed this remark. Such unparliamentary language seemed to stun the House.

The Speaker invited Mr. Dillon to withdraw the expression, but the latter said:

"I will not withdraw."

"Then I must name you," said the Speaker.

The Government leader, A. J. Balfour, then said:

"I beg to move that Mr. Dillon be suspended from service in the House."

The motion was carried by 248 to 18 votes.

Mr. Dillon immediately, by direction of the Speaker, left the House, amidst wild Nationalist cheers, and Mr. Chamberlain resumed his speech.

Mr. Dillon's suspension under the present rules cannot exceed a week. His offence would have been much more severely dealt with had the new rules been in force.

The election of Mr. Dillon did not serve to clear the atmosphere, and the remainder of the debate was filled with personal allusions and unpleasant expressions, the nature of which would have excited comment had they not been discounted by the first explosion.

David Lloyd-George (Welsh Nationalist) bitterly attacked the Government, drawing a harrowing picture of conditions in South Africa, and charged the War Office with piggish-holding important information.

Sir Charles Cayzer (Conservative), interrupted Mr. Lloyd-George, saying that the speaker was playing to the pro-Boers, whereupon Mr. Lloyd-George characterized the interruption as "an insolent remark."

This caused confusion in the House and chorus of "Withdraw."

John Redmond (leader of the Irish party in the House of Commons), appealed to the chair, and Sir Charles reluctantly withdrew his statement.

W. R. Plumer (Conservative) and Mr. Redmond then had an altercation, and after more disorder, Mr. Lloyd-George succeeded in finishing with the remark that he did not know who was responsible for all the errors and incompetency in South Africa, but that the men who had profited by these conditions now sat upon the Government benches.

Mr. Brodrick, the Secretary of State for War, answered Mr. Lloyd-George with a long defence of the War Office.

John Dillon is M.P. for County Mayo, which he has represented since 1885. He is 51 years of age. He was educated at the Catholic University, Dublin, and is by profession a doctor.

The Feeling in Ireland.

London, March 21.—The feeling in Ireland is well illustrated by a resolution now on its way to Mr. Kruger, "care of Queen Wilhelmina," adopted yesterday by the Enderbury (King's County) guardians, an elective body, as follows:

"We desire to record our admiration of the magnificent stand the brave South African Republic have made against the colossal might of the British Empire, and to congratulate the humane Boer leader, De la Rey, on his recent great victory, which not only covers England with disgrace and ridicule, a result eminently gratifying to the rest of the civilized world, but which must have a chastening effect on the jingoes of the greatest hibet empire the world has ever seen."

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Mistakes on Both Sides.

(Buffalo News)

Great Britain commenced the Boer war with the expectation that it would be finished in four months, that it would require 47,000 men, and that the whole outlay would not be over \$40,000,000. Mr. Brodrick says that the War Office is now feeding 300,000 men, 233,000 horses, and that on March 31 the cost of the war in South Africa will have reached \$84,000,000. The Boers made a mistake also. When the war commenced they would just drive the British into the sea, and that would be the end of it. Few nations ever estimated the cost of war anywhere near correctly.

HE SAID BAD WORDS

Imperial Commons Then Suspended John Dillon, M.P.

LANGUAGE STUNNED THE HOUSE

Called Mr. Joseph Chamberlain on Adjectival "Liar"—He Also Called the Boers Who Side With the British Traitors—The Amorities of Parliament in the Mother Country—try—Quick Results.

London, March 21.—One of the liveliest scenes witnessed in the House of Commons since the palmy days of the Irish Nationalists, ended yesterday afternoon with the suspension of John Dillon. During the discussion of South African affairs, the Liberal leader, Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, vigorously protested against the Government's conduct in uttering "malignant slanders" in calling the Liberals "pro-Boers."

The Colonial Secretary, Joseph Chamberlain, in the course of an equally incisive reply, said he desired deliberately to accuse Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman of losing no opportunity for slandering his countrymen, the soldiers and the Government. Consequently the "malignant slanders" had come from the Opposition side.

The Speaker, Sir William Gully, here intervened and declared that the term "malignant slander" was unparliamentary.

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MONEY AND INSURANCE

Unlimited amount of cash to loan on mortgages at lowest rates. Note discounted.

Agent for the Union Assurance Society of London, England, and the Scottish Union and National Insurance Company.

JOHN KENNEDY,
Adam Block, Kentst.

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, MAR. 28, 1902

TO OUR CORRESPONDENTS.

We again impress upon our valued district correspondents, the importance of mailing their letters so as to reach this office not later than Tuesday evening or Wednesday morning, as The Post is printed early Thursday morning. Every week a number of letters have to be held over because of their late arrival. Ed. Post.

LOCAL NEWS-LETTERS

VICTORIA ROAD.
(Special to The Post.)

Dr. C. Bowerman, dentist, will be at Chapman's hotel on Thursday, Apr. 3rd, -w.l.

COBOCONK.
(Special to The Post.)

Dr. C. Bowerman, dentist, Beaver-ton, will visit Cobconk professionally on Wednesday, April 2nd and will be found at the residence of Mrs. J. E. Fenley. Call early. -w.l.

LIFORD.

(From Our Own Correspondent.) Mr. E. Atkinson has moved to the Dean farm. He will be greatly missed as a neighbor, having lived here for twenty-nine years.

Mr. W. H. Wetherell has moved to Stavville. He will also be missed as he was an active member of the Methodist church.

Mr. H. Staples, of Idia, was the guest of friends here last week.

We are happy to say that W. H. McKee has entirely recovered from his recent illness.

Mr. D. N. Mills, our worthy blacksmith, has sold out to R. Hart, of Fraserville, who takes possession on the 1st of May.

BALSAM GROVE.

(From Our Own Correspondent.) We regret to announce the death of Albert P. Antis, son of James and Henry Antis, formerly of Mariposa, who died of enteric fever at Leidelberg hospital, South Africa, on Jan. 20th. He had been in active service since the war began. He was a scruit of the 57th company, Royal Garrison Artillery, and was buried with full military honors. His body was carried to its last resting place (Leidelberg cemetery) on a gun carriage of the 8th Field Battery—a similar conveyance to that which carried our late Queen's body—and the band of the XXVIII Hussars played on the solemn occasion. The Wesleyan minister officiated and the volleys at the grave were fired by as many of the men of the company as could be spared from their duties to attend. Deceased was loved and respected by his comrades. Our heartfelt sympathy is with the family of the deceased.

CAMERON.

(From Our Own Correspondent.) Mr. editor, as I have never seen any correspondence in your paper from Cameron I humbly undertake the task of sending you a few items of news from this vicinity that will probably interest some of your subscribers.

Bad roads and changeable weather are the order of the times.

There is every indication of an early spring. This is not very agreeable to most of the farmers in this locality, they not having got their summer supply of firewood. The break in the season was unexpected, thus leaving them minus.

Mr. Wilson Candall left last week for North Dakota where he has spent the last two years. Although there are serious drawbacks to a farmer in that country, yet Wilson still agrees with Horace Greeley in that quotation, "Young man, go west."

Master Wilson purposes crossing the line into the N. W. T., for springing and locating a farm for himself. He prefers living in the land of his birth, and under the grand old Union Jack. We wish him every success.

Mr. "Joey" Mack has secured a position as clerk in Mr. Jas. MacLander's store, Cambray. Joe will take alternate days with Mr. MacLander in working up a peddling trade in the surrounding country.

Mr. Wm. Gundall is learning the blacksmith's trade with Mr. Walter Townsend, of this village. So far will bids fair to become an expert mechanician.

We must congratulate the Fenelon Falls Stratton Cup for the second time. The boys are about the best in the Province. We hope they will do well next season, when they will keep the cup for good.

Mr. Thos. Coal, an old resident of this community, has retired from farming and moved to Lindsay, where he purposed doing a little gardening and taking life generally easy. He was an active worker in the Methodist church here, which body will miss him very much. At time of retirement and for a couple of years previous Mr. Coal was a member of the Public School Board, and as such did all in his power to further the interest of the school. His old friends will be pleased to see him any time he visits Cameron.

People round here are looking with interest for the coming of Mr. Heyd, K. C., Liberal candidate for this riding to speak here. When he comes he may rest assured that a goodly number will be there to cheer for Ross and Heyd.

According to present progress, Camerons bids fair to have one of the

strongest I. O. O. O. Courts in the country. Mr. Jas. Glendinning, the organizer, has been doing some active canvas work in this district. So far he has succeeded in getting twelve new members. This brings the membership of the Cameron Court up to twenty-six. Several more are thinking of joining, and a better thing they could not do. For reliability the I. O. O. O. has no superior. As a fraternal society its motto, "Liberty, Benevolence and Concord," is enough to satisfy anyone on that score. In societies of this kind you of course have to have some good men in order to succeed. In Irvin McGill, Chief Ranger; Wm. Eyles, Financial Secretary, and Jno. Oundall, Recording Secretary, we have three men as good as can be found in the Province. Their energies, coupled with the excellent talent we now have in the new members, is destined to bring Court Cameron to the front in Forestry work.

KINMOUNT.

(From Our Own Correspondent.) Mr. R. J. Mills has purchased a fine trotting stallion with a record of something under two-thirty. This makes somewhere in the neighborhood of half-a-dozen fast horses in this vicinity now, not counting Sunfish. We have every reason to believe that our fall fair and other attractions during the summer will be made very interesting when our increased stock of fast horses will be stepping it off on the new race course to the music provided by the C. O. F. brass band.

Mr. A. Watson visited his family last Sunday.

Messrs. Herb. Putley and J. Perryman, of Fenelon Falls spent Sunday in town. Two of the Kinmount young ladies will watch the curve for the spotted colt to return again.

The Methodist congregation were disappointed again last Sabbath evening as Mr. Curtis did not put in an appearance. We understand he was detained in Toronto on important business.

We congratulate Mr. A. Brandon and Mr. G. Cote—both daughters.

The C. O. F. band will give an open-air Saturday evening, weather being favorable. Then on Monday evening the bid concert, which is to be the event of the season, will be held in Scott's hall. The hall will be comfortably seated and a very enjoyable evening will be given to those who are willing to assist the boys with their presence and the necessary twenty-five cents. Come out and help the boys. There are loads coming from Gooderham, Minden, Gelert and Fenlon Falls to attend the concert.

A number of new buildings will go up this spring.

J. J. Nicholls' mill has begun to saw up the fine lot of timber on hand.

A number of young men, including James and Howard Ladley, intend leaving for the North-West in April.

Mrs. J. R. McNeille, wife of the County Treasurer, and Mrs. J. K. McNaullie, of Winnipeg, were the guests of Miss Thornton on Monday.

Those who had the pleasure of listening to the Hon. J. R. Stratton at Peterboro on Saturday last are now satisfied that he is one of the most worthy politicians of to-day in every respect.

Those citizens who had the good luck to hear the speakers at last Friday night's political meeting were profited and encouraged very much in supporting the Ross government, and the most prejudiced are becoming more liberal.

The Easter Sunday services ought to be very largely attended. Christ's church at 11 a.m., Presbyterian at 1 p.m., and the Methodist at 11 and 7 p.m. Each pastor will occupy their respective pulpits and special music will be rendered by the choirs.

What promises to be most attractive and most worthy of patronage is "Ye Olde Folkton Concert," Monday evening, 21st, in aid of the Mechanics Institute Library. The costumes, while of the most ancient, will be grand; some are sending to outside cities and towns regardless of expense.

The Lorneauville butter and cheese factory will be sold for one-half less than its original cost. If you are thinking about going into that business, now is your opportunity. —w.l.

See Messrs. Murchison & Gilchrist's advertisement in another column. They are giving great bargains in boots and shoes.

If you are contemplating going into business you can buy the Lorneauville butter and cheese factory at a bargain. —w.l.

Miss Ferguson has been engaged as saleslady in Messrs. Caverley & Co.'s store.

Mr. D. M. Smith and family, of the Glen, Mariposa, will remove here and occupy the residence of Mrs. A. Rogers, Queen-st.

N. L. Campbell, of Toronto, visited with his family here for a few days, returning to the city on Monday.

Hugh Wilson, of Cannington, was here on Monday, having sold one of his brick houses on King-st. west, to Mrs. N. L. Campbell. He will build a new residence on John-st.

Wm. Dordland and family returned to their home here this week, after an absence of three months at Oshawa.

Dr. A. Galloway was in the village on Monday.

Mrs. Hopkins, of Toronto, is with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. McMullan, Napdale-st.

Miss Lizzie McChuaig, who has resided in Toronto for some time, is home with her parents here this week.

Miss Eva Brokenshire and Miss Mattie McFarlane, of Fenlon Falls, visited with friends here for a few days this week.

D. D. Grant, Frank Brokenshire and Wm. Kirkland left here on Tuesday for Manitoba.

The Public School closes for Easter holidays on March 27th and re-opens on the 7th of April.

At the meeting of the Presbytery here Rev. N. A. McDonald, moderator, occupied the chair, Rev. Mr. Best acting as clerk. The Rev. Mr. Innes resigned the charge at Bobcaygeon and Dunsford. Commissioners to General Assembly—Rev. Wm. Reid, of Leslie-st., Rev. R. C. H. Sinclair, of Sonya, Rev. J. W. Macmillan, of Lindsay, D. McDonald, of Glenarm; Elders Messrs. Burns, McLellan, Guan, Alan, Logan and Ross.

Regular meeting of village Council on Tuesday, March 25th.

(Too late for last week.)

Dr. C. Bowerman, dentist, Beaver-ton will be at the Queen's hotel the first three Fridays in April. Call early. —w.l.

Mrs. Angus McConnon, of Victoria Harbor, is visiting with her daughter, Mrs. McCowan.

A. E. Staback and A. Campbell drove to Kirkland on Friday.

Duncan McEachern, of Cannington, was in the village lately.

C. E. Weeks transacted business in Lindsay on Saturday.

The Reeo & Bell Concert Co. played here on Friday and Saturday nights in Victoria Hall.

The Liberal meeting here on Thursday night was well attended, and the candidate, Mr. Smae, made a good impression on the people here.

Rev. Mr. Taylor, of Toronto, preached in the Presbyterian church here on Sunday last.

Mr. D. McLachlan has been unable to be in his place of business for the past two weeks but we trust he will soon be about as usual.

C. E. Caverley was at the County Court on Monday.

D. C. Ross, of Mariposa, sold 10 head of fat cattle to O'Hanlon, the butcher, of Lindsay, and delivered four of them on Monday; they were much ad-

mired in the estreat in town, and will make some choice Easter beef. Mr. Ross knows how to feed right, and of course the price was right.

Regular meeting of the Public School Board was held at the reading room on Monday night.

Miss Steele left for her home in Markham on Thursday night for Easter holidays.

Miss Annie Campbell goes to Muskoka on Friday night for Easter holidays.

T. W. Dodds was transacting business at Omemee on Monday.

P. McIntyre was at the County town on Monday.

MILLERSMITH.

(From Our Own Correspondent.) Wood bees are the order of the day. The "circular" is doing big work.

Mr. James Kennedy paid a short visit to his daughter, Mrs. G. Thurs-ton.

Mr. Wm. Cullaghan has his new engine working in fine order. There's no better place to get your chopping done.

Mr. Bell's family have recovered almost entirely from their severe illness during the winter.

(Too late for last week.)

OMEMEE.

(From Our Own Correspondent.) Stock is looking and selling well.

The crows and robins are abundant, also squirrels and chipmunks.

The fine weather is very cheering and farmers are rejoicing over the good prospects for fall wheat and clover. Many are at ploughing on high lands.

A number of new buildings will go up this spring.

J. J. Nicholls' mill has begun to saw up the fine lot of timber on hand.

A number of young men, including James and Howard Ladley, intend leaving for the North-West in April.

Mrs. J. R. McNeille, wife of the County Treasurer, and Mrs. J. K. McNaullie, of Winnipeg, were the guests of Miss Thornton on Monday.

Those who had the pleasure of listening to the Hon. J. R. Stratton at Peterboro on Saturday last are now satisfied that he is one of the most worthy politicians of to-day in every respect.

Those citizens who had the good luck to hear the speakers at last Friday night's political meeting were profited and encouraged very much in supporting the Ross government, and the most prejudiced are becoming more liberal.

The Easter Sunday services ought to be very largely attended. Christ's church at 11 a.m., Presbyterian at 1 p.m., and the Methodist at 11 and 7 p.m. Each pastor will occupy their respective pulpits and special music will be rendered by the choirs.

What promises to be most attractive and most worthy of patronage is "Ye Olde Folkton Concert," Monday evening, 21st, in aid of the Mechanics Institute Library. The costumes, while of the most ancient, will be grand; some are sending to outside cities and towns regardless of expense.

If you are contemplating going into business you can buy the Lorneauville butter and cheese factory at a bargain. —w.l.

Last week was a big one for Prints, Dress Goods and Wall Papers at Hogg Bros., lots more on the road. —w.l.

Mr. James Hogg, of Hamilton, is spending a few days with friends.

Miss Lotte Bowes returned from Peterboro yesterday, where she has been visiting her friend, Miss Staples. Mr. A. O. Hogg was in the city this week securing fresh bargains for his customers.

If you are contemplating going into business you can buy the Lorneauville butter and cheese factory at a bargain. —w.l.

Miss Ferguson has been engaged as saleslady in Messrs. Caverley & Co.'s store.

Mr. D. M. Smith and family, of the Glen, Mariposa, will remove here and occupy the residence of Mrs. A. Rogers, Queen-st.

N. L. Campbell, of Toronto, visited with his family here for a few days, returning to the city on Monday.

Hugh Wilson, of Cannington, was here on Monday, having sold one of his brick houses on King-st. west, to Mrs. N. L. Campbell. He will build a new residence on John-st.

Wm. Dordland and family returned to their home here this week, after an absence of three months at Oshawa.

Dr. A. Galloway was in the village on Monday.

Mrs. Hopkins, of Toronto, is with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. McMullan, Napdale-st.

Miss Lizzie McChuaig, who has resided in Toronto for some time, is home with her parents here this week.

Miss Eva Brokenshire and Miss Mattie McFarlane, of Fenlon Falls, visited with friends here for a few days this week.

D. D. Grant, Frank Brokenshire and Wm. Kirkland left here on Tuesday for Manitoba.

The Public School closes for Easter holidays on March 27th and re-opens on the 7th of April.

At the meeting of the Presbytery here Rev. N. A. McDonald, moderator, occupied the chair, Rev. Mr. Best acting as clerk.